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HATED GRAND DUKE SERGIUS UNCLE OF CZAR IS TORN TO FRAGMENTS BY DYNAMITE

CANAL BOARD GIVEN MONEY BY RAILROAD

Members of Commission Draw Salaries as Directors of Isthmian Line.

HUNDRED SHARES HELD BY ADMIRAL WALKER

Investigation of Affairs of Railroad Before House Committee Yesterday Brought Out Interesting Statements from Directors and Officers.

Washington, February 17.—The Panama Railroad Company is capitalized at $7,000,000. Its gross assets are $15,850,000, of which $12,628,000 is the value of the road, real estate, equipment terminals and steamships, the balance being cash and treasury assets. The bonded indebtedness of the property is $3,159,000, of which the company owns $887,000. The gross earnings of the company for the past eleven months were $2,861,358.

The expense of operation was $1,840,984 fixed charges, which included $250,000, the annual payment to Colombia; interest on mortgages, $60,000; acquisition of bonds by the company, $140,000; leaving a balance of $583,374 to be applied to dividend.

The statement was presented today to the sub-committee of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce charged with an investigation of the affairs of this company.

Other information developed at the hearing was the fact that the members of the Panama canal commissioners who were elected directors in the company receive the regular compensation of other directors, namely $25 for attendance on the bi-monthly board meetings and Commissioner Parsons $10 for attendance on the bi-weekly meetings of the executive committee.

Each one of these director-commissioners is credited with one share of the stock of the company on the books and draws the dividends declared on the same. Admiral Walker, in charge of the commission, is charged with 100 shares of the stock on the books of the company.

The investigation today was participated in by the full committee, and Director V. H. Brown and Vice President E. A. Drake were examined. William Nelson Cromwell, general counsel for the company, was present.

Director Put Under Fire.

A feature of the session was the questioning of Director Brown by Chairman Hepburn, of the committee. With the declaration:

"I would like to see how much the officers of this company know about its business," he began a rapid interrogation.

"What is the total cost of maintenance of the New York office?"

"I should say it was less than $100,000 a year," replied Mr. Brown.

"What are the salaries paid?"

"I do not carry the details in my head. I could not answer."

"What is your position?"

"I am a director."

"What is your salary?"

"I have no salary."

"No compensation?"

"I have a compensation of $10 upon attending the meetings twice a week of the executive committee and $25 upon attending the meetings twice a month of the board of directors."

"What other salaries are there?"

"The president's salary is $10,000 a year; the vice president has a salary of about $16,000. Then there is a secretary's salary, an auditor, traffic manager, purchasing agents and various others."

"Can you tell what they aggregate?"

"I cannot."

"What change has been made in the salaries of these officers in recent years?"

"None that I know of."

Spends $200,000 in New York.

"Is it not true that the expense account paid by the Panama Railroad Company last year in the city of New York for its business there aggregated about $200,000?"

"I could not answer that."

"What percentage of the gross receipts of the Panama Railroad Company are expended for salaries, office rent and similar expenses in the city of New York?"

"I cannot answer that question off hand."

"Are you a member of the executive committee?"

"Yes, sir."

"What were the gross receipts of the Panama Railroad Company last year?"

"I don't carry those figures in my mind, sir, and it is impossible for me to answer any such questions. As I say, I am not one of the managing officers of the company, and those who are here, I suppose, are prepared to give you that information."

"What was the gross amount of fees (you call them fees), received by you from the Panama Railroad Company last year?"

"Something less than, or about $1,000."

"How many directors and members of the executive committee are there?"

"There are five members of the executive committe and thirteen members of the executive board."

Mr. Brown was allowed to give way on the stand to Vice President Drake.

Mr. Hepburn asked Mr. Drake to submit later the amount paid each director for attending meetings during the year 1904. Mr. Drake replied he would do it, that he could now give the total amount for the first eleven months of that year, it being $8,900, "showing," he added, "that all the directors did not draw the full amount possible."

Commissioners Receive Pay.

Mr. Townsend asked: "Did the canal commissioners acting as directors receive the fees of directors?"

"They did after the first meeting."

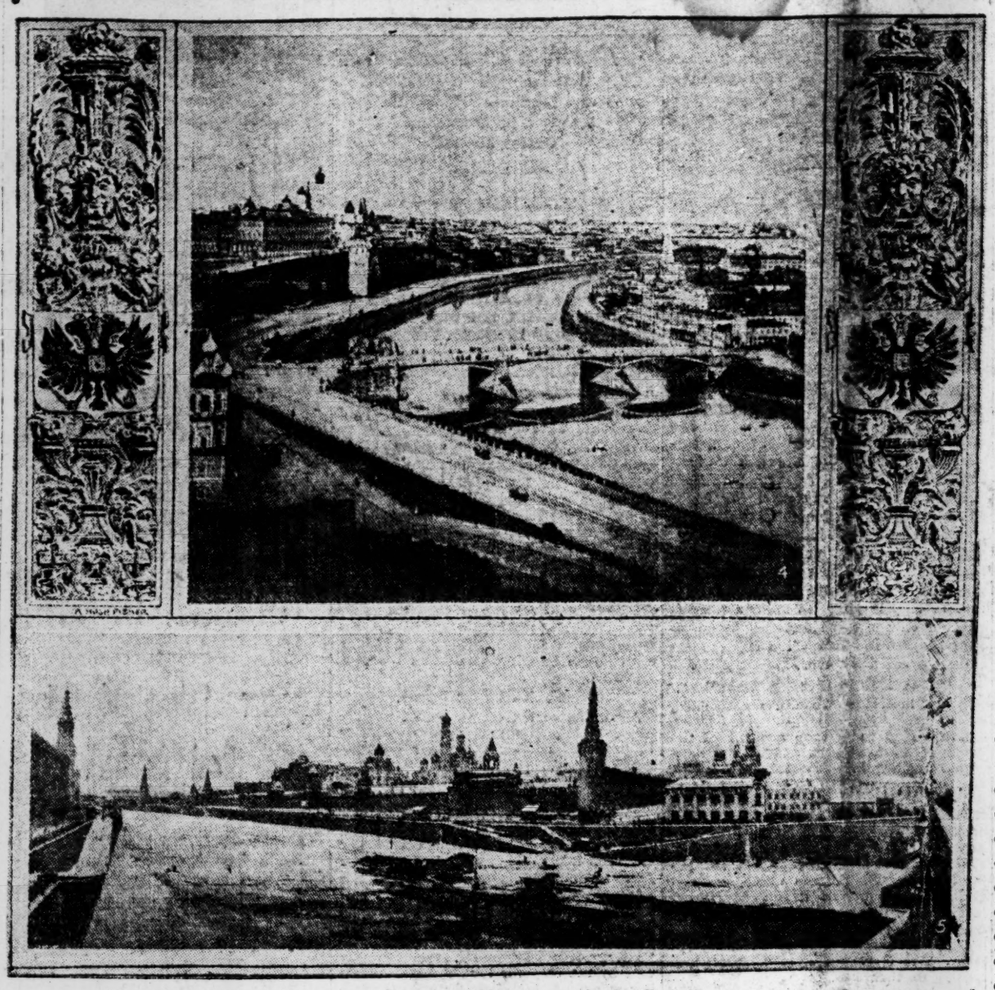
Mr. Drake explained that the question was raised by Mr. Grunsky, and that the directors decided that it would invalidate the payment of salaries to all directors should the commissioner-directors not receive pay. "It was decided that President Roosevelt's letter was not to inveigh against the practices of the railway company," he added, but he did not explain what letter was meant.

The first election of directors under the ownership of the United States is to take place April 3, next.

The last statement made by Mr. Drake was that Admiral Walker had bought 100 shares of the stock of the company and that each of the other commissioner-directors was commissioned on the book with one share and received the dividends on his stock.

The investigation will be continued tomorrow morning.

VIEWS OF MOSCOW WHERE DUKE WAS SLAIN



The upper picture gives a general view of Moscow, with the Kremlin on the left. The lower picture gives a general view of the Kremlin from the Moscow bridge. The Kremlin is one of the most famous groups of buildings in the world. The Grand Duke Sergius was killed while going to the Kremlin.

GRAND DUKE SERGIUS



Uncle of the Czar, Who Was Torn to Pieces by a Dynamite Bomb at Moscow.

GRAVE CHARGES AGAINST WHITE

May Impeach Governor of West Virginia.

Claimed That Governor Gave Office of Secretary of State to Governor-Elect Dawson on a Deal To Divide the Salary.

Charleston, W. Va., February 17.—As a climax to a series of sensations in the West Virginia legislature, charges were made by senators on the floor of the senate today, which may result in the impeachment of Governor White.

The charges were made principally by Senator Caldwell, who was "slapped over the face," to use his own expression, by the special message of Governor White to the senate on Wednesday.

This is the message which was returned to the governor to supply a newspaper clipping which concerned his political backers, Governor-elect Dawson and United States Marshal Elliott.

Senator Caldwell, in making his charges on the floor, said Governor White was guilty of dividing with the secretary of state the fees of the latter office, in consideration of appointment. Governor-elect Dawson is the present secretary of state.

Caldwell also said a letter had been sent out from New York by a Charleston attorney offering to secure a reduction in license tax on foreign corporations in consideration of half the decrease secured by legislation. He asserted that White and Dawson were back of this letter.

All these charges, together with the charges that senators had accepted bribes to oppose or advocate pending legislation, will come up under the review of the investigating committee.

ALABAMA MINES MAY BE MERGED

Big Deal on in Coal and Iron Properties.

Representatives of Four Big Concerns To Meet in New York Monday—Wall Street Fears Growing Importance of Southern Mines.

New York, February 17.—(Special.)—The long expected consolidation of the southern iron and steel companies is now believed to be close at hand. A meeting of representatives of the Sloss-Sheffield, Republic Steel, Tennessee Coal and Iron and Alabama Consolidated companies is scheduled to take place in this city on Monday.

Secretary Treasurer I. T. Beecher, of the Tennessee Coal and Iron, and President Thompson, of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, are now at the Hotel Imperial, but when seen tonight declined to discuss the consolidation rumor, saying that the matter would be disposed of in due time.

From other sources, however, it was learned that J. C. Maben, president of the Sloss-Sheffield company, and President Bacon, of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, are on their way to this city for the purpose of discussing the terms of the proposed consolidation of the four big companies mentioned and probably some of the minor companies.

May Sell to Steel Trust.

There will be discussed at this conference the advisability of consolidating and ways and means of bringing this to pass. There is talk that ultimately the properties will be offered to the United States Steel Corporation.

Representatives of large interests in some of the companies refuse to express very sanguine views as to the outcome of the series of conferences which the one of Monday may inaugurate.

It is said on some authority that any deal that may be proposed is likely to be endangered by the high values which will be set on some of the properties and that the chief task of the negotiators in the end will be to endeavor to compare the views of the owners of the various companies as to the prices at which they must be bought.

Wall street is not satisfied with the greatly improved trade conditions nor with the prospects of the southern companies in particular. The movements of the officers of the companies are interpreted as travels in search of consolidations and "deals."

Independents Get Together.

It seems quite improbable that sooner or later the independent interests in the iron and steel industry will be more closely associated than they are now and that they will probably be identified with powerful banking interests in some of the large railway systems if closer relations to the railways are not directly established.

So far the only actual developments of the combination kind have been the entrance of President Spencer of the Southern Railway board into the Tennessee Coal Iron board, and the acquisition by the International Power Company of control of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company.

MINORITY LEADER FOR THE SENATE

Senator Money Suggests John Sharp Williams as Successor.

Mississippi Senator, It Is Reported, Will Not Be Candidate After His Present Term, and Williams May Get Office.

Jackson, Miss., February 17.—(Special.)—United States Senator H. D. Money has informed personal friends that he will not again be a candidate for the United States senate, and that he will retire from public life at the expiration of his new term of office, which begins on the 4th of March.

The report further has it that in making this announcement Senator Money speaks favorably of Congressman John Sharp Williams as his successor, and that the democratic minority leader, after discussing the matter with Senator Money, has decided that he will aspire for the senatorial toga.

Although Senator Money has six years yet to serve in the senate, the same legislature that goes into office when Governor Vardaman goes out will elect his successor, and this means that the battle for the senatorship will be fought at the primaries during the summer of 1907, or only two years hence.

The report is doubly interesting by reason of the general belief that Governor Vardaman will be an aspirant for senatorial honors, and a fight between the present chief executive and the minority leader will be the most spirited contest that has taken place in Mississippi for many years.

WOMEN BEG THE EMPRESS TO JOIN PEACE MOVEMENT

ST. PETERSBURG, February 17.—The empress of Russia has received from the women of Moscow an address piteously appealing to her, as a woman and a mother, to use her influence with the emperor to secure peace.

"Oh, sovereign," the petition says, "we believe your mother's heart feels all the horrors of war as we do. Peace is violated, not only beyond the frontiers, but even in the heart of the fatherland. We see in recent troubles the beginning of calamities that may crush all Russia if the emperor does not seek to avert them. All the bases of life are shaken, and all the moral foundations are trembling. Mothers who have to bring up the young generation are saddened by seeing that it is impossible to train up children on the basis of truth, love and duty when the social life of the country does not rest thereon. Our best forces are perishing. Mothers whose hearts are breaking cannot remain silent. More lives will be sacrificed because what is happening is not spasmodic, but the results of earlier calamities. The emperor can still save Russia by his puissant will. Be our pleader. Pray the emperor to listen to the voice of the country. If the emperor leads the country in paths of greatness, its women will help in the work of organization by guiding their brothers and children into the new way and a life of light."

ALPHABET OF THE CRISIS NOW PREVAILING IN RUSSIA

A.

ALEXIS, Grand Duke.—Uncle of the czar, grand admiral of the Russian fleet. Born January 2, 1850.

AMBASSADORS IN ST. PETERSBURG. British: Sir Charles Hardinge. American: Mr. Robert S. McCormick. German: Count von Alvensteben. French: M. Bompard.

ANITCHKOFF PALACE.—The residence of the czar's mother, the dowager empress, in the Nevsky Prospekt, one of the great streets in St. Petersburg.

C.

COSSACKS.—A warlike race in the south of Russia. The Cossacks form a large proportion of the Russian army. On a war strength they number 182,065, and the peace effectives are given as 65,930, though probably not more really than 58,000 are permanently with the colors.

CZAR.—Nicholas II. Born May 6, 1868. Eldest son of Alexander III. Ascended the throne October 20, 1894. Married November 14, 1894. Has four daughters and one son: Olga, born November 15, 1895; Tatiana, June 10, 1897; Marie, June 26, 1899; Anastasia, June 18, 1901, and Alexis Nicholaievitch, August 12, 1904.

CZARINA.—Alexandra Feodorovna, daughter of Ludwig IV, grand duke of Hesse. Born June 6, 1872.

F.

FINLAND.—Part of the Russian empire. Area, 144,254 square miles; population, 3,000,000. An independent archduchy until, a year or two ago, the czar took away its freedom in defiance of the constitution he had sworn to defend. Seething with discontent. Peterhof, the czar's residence, is on the coast of the gulf of Finland.

FOULON, General.—Chief of police in St. Petersburg.

G.

GOPON, Father.—Leader of the strikers. A peasant's son, 35 years old. In his boyhood he tended sheep, but was well educated, although expelled from school for propagating liberal ideas. Became a clerk in the statistical department of the municipality, and ultimately entered the priesthood. His advanced ideas, however, hindered him from taking up a general pastorate, and he has of late devoted himself to the welfare of the working classes. Has written a book on Christian Socialism. His letters to the czar reveal a nobility of character and intellect.

GORKY, Maxim.—Russian author, who has allied himself with the strikers and attended their meetings. Began life as a shoemaker in 1878; has been a baker, porter and a strolling player, has sold apples in the streets; walked across Russia on foot and worked on the railways. Published his first story in 1892, since when his books have reached enormous circulations. Gorky's bitter life affects all his writings, and his tales of real life in Russia have been a factor in the changed spirit of the Russian people.

I.

IKON.—Carried by strikers in the processions. A sacred picture. Whole villages are engaged always in painting ikons, which are sold at a shilling a hundred.

K.

KNOUT.—Terrible instrument of torture in shape of whip used by Russian authorities. It is worse in its effects than the cat-o'-nine-tails. Hundreds of prisoners have died from the effects of the knout.

KOLPINO.—A town 17 miles from St. Petersburg. Crown machinery works and foundries for the navy.

L.

LIVADIA PALACE.—The czar's residence at Livadia, on the southern coast of the Crimea.

M.

MARIE, Dowager Empress.—Mother of the czar, widow of Alexander III. Born November 26, 1847. Married November 9, 1866.

MARTIAL LAW.—Under the martial law proclaimed in St. Petersburg, any accused person can be arrested, tried, sentenced, and executed within six hours.

MIRSKY, Prince Sviatopolk.—Minister of the interior since the assassination of M. Plehve. Attached to the bureaucracy, but inclined to reforms. He refused, however, to meet the deputation of the men.

MOUJIK.—A Russian peasant.

MOURAVIEFF, Count.—Minister of justice. Received Father Gopon in a long conference, but was unfavorable to the strikers.

N.

NEVA.—The "Thames" of St. Petersburg. The "blessing of the waters," the ceremony at which a gunshot was fired at the czar, takes place once a year, on the feast of the Epiphany. The function is a thousand years old.

NEVSKY PROSPEKT.—The principal street of St. Petersburg, off the Neva.

O.

OLGA, Grand Duchess.—Born June 13, 1882. Sister of the emperor. Married the duke of Oldenburg.

PAUL, Grand Duke.—Uncle of the czar. Born September 21, 1860. Married Princess Alexandra, daughter of the king of Greece.

POLAND—Part of the Russian empire. Area nearly 50,000 square miles. Population, 9,000,000. Honeycombed with revolutionary societies for the reestablishment of Polish independence.

PUTILOFF.—Name of the proprietor of the works in which the strike began.

R.

RYDZEFFOKY, M.—Assistant minister of the interior; gave the strikers' deputation a cold reception.

S.

SERGIUS, Grand Duke.—Uncle of the czar, killed by bomb at Moscow, the governorship of which he lately resigned under pressure of public opinion. Born April 29, 1859. Married Princess Elizabeth of Hesse-Darmstadt.

SEVASTOPOL.—The famous harbor in the Crimea. The Russian admiralty has vast works here, said to be now in flames. Two months ago a serious mutiny was reported here, 8,000 men taking part in the disturbance. The troops were called out and at first refused to fire on the sailors.

STRIKE.—The strike which has had so terrible a development began on January 16 at the Putiloff works. On the 18th it became a political movement, under the direction of Father Gopon, demanding universal suffrage, amnesty for political prisoners, liberty of the press, and liberty of conscience, and the right to combine and hold meetings. From 12,000 on the first day, the strikers grew to 45,000 on the third day, 75,000 on the fourth, and 100,000 on the fifth and 141,000 on the sixth. Afterwards it became general throughout the city, every industry being affected, and 272 factories closed.

T.

TSARSKOE SELO.—Royal residence and town, 15 miles from St. Petersburg.

Continued on Second Page.

GRAND DUKE WAS RIDING WHEN SLAIN

Sergius Was Considered the Leading Reactionary in the Empire and Was Bitterly Hated by Liberals.

"I HAVE DONE MY JOB" DECLARED ASSASSIN WHO THREW PETARD

While Driving in Moscow Attack Was Made by Lone Revolutionist — Grand Duke's Carriage Wrecked and Coachman Killed by Force of the Explosion.

Moscow, February 18, 4:20 a. m.—Within the walls of the far-famed Kremlin palace, and almost underneath the historical tower from which Ivan the Terrible watched the heads of his enemies falling beneath the ax on the famous Red Square, and within a stone's throw of the Great Bell of Moscow, Grand Duke Sergius, uncle and brother in law of Emperor Nicholas, and the chief of the reactionaries, met a terrible death shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The deed was committed by a single terrorist, who threw beneath the carriage of the grand duke a bomb charged with the same high powder explosive which wrought Minister von Plehve's death. The missile was packed with nails and fragments of iron and its explosion tore the imperial victim's body to ghastly fragments, which strewed the snow for yards around. Every window in the great, lofty facade of the palace of justice was shattered and bits of iron were imbedded deeply in the walls of the arsenal a hundred yards away.

"Fighting Group" Did Deed.

The assassin belonged to the noted "Fighting Group" of the socialist revolutionary party, which has removed other prominent officials and long since passed sentence of death upon Grand Duke Sergius. The grand duke knew that he stood in the shadow of death. He was the recipient of repeated warnings, and elaborate precautions were taken to insure his safety.

The scene of the crime was the great open triangle within the Kremlin, bounded by the arsenal, treasury and courts of justice, in one angle of which is the Nicholas, or little palace, where the grand duke dwelt. At the opposite corner is the Nikolsky gate, the exit to the town beyond the ramparts.

A few minutes before the bell of the gate sounded the hour of 3 the equipage of the grand duke emerged from the gates of the palace and proceeded followed by sleighs containing secret police. It swept at a smart pace toward the gate, passing the Chaudoff cloister, Ivan's tower, the great czar bell and long rows of cannon captured from Napoleon in the winter retreat of 1812. In a minute the carriage was in front of the courts of justice, where the walls of the triangle approach, forming a narrow entrance to the Nikolsky gate.

Workman Threw Bomb.

There a man clad in workman's attire stepped forward from the sidewalk and threw a bomb which he had concealed beneath his coat. A terrible explosion followed and a hail of iron pelted the grim stone walls of the arsenal and courts of justice. A thick cloud of smoke, snow and debris arose.

When it had cleared a ghastly sight was presented. On the snow lay fragments of the body of Grand Duke Sergius, mingled with the wreck of the carriage. The grand duke's head had been torn from his body and reduced to a shapeless pulp, and the trunk and limbs were frightfully mangled.

A finger bearing a rich seal ring was found lying several yards away. The crimson tint and a sickening smell of blood were everywhere. Only a few fragments of cloth indicated that the body had been once clothed.

The coachman lay moaning with pain beside a deep hole in the pavement. The horses, dragging the front wheels of the carriage, had dashed off, maddened with pain, to sink dying before they reached the gate.

The sound of the explosion was heard throughout the city, and even beyond the river. A crowd began to assemble and even to handle grim evidences of the

Continued on Second Page.

CONDITIONS OF PEACE CONSIDERED BY CZAR

Special Conference Held with Ministers at Tsarkoe-Selo Palace Yesterday.

PROPOSALS FROM JAPAN BELIEVED TO HAVE COME

Strictest Silence Was Enjoined on All Who Attended Meeting, but General Idea of What Was Discussed Has Been Learned.

St. Petersburg, February 17—6:40 p. m.—The Associated Press learns on exceptional authority that the question of peace was formally considered by Emperor Nicholas and his ministers at a conference held at Tsarskoe-Selo yesterday.

No particulars are obtainable as before the discussion began the emperor exacted from each one present a solemn promise not to divulge the slightest hint of what transpired.

The belief is, however, that the possible conditions and terms were under consideration.

It is suggested in high quarters that some intimation of terms has reached the Russian government from Japan, although it is certain that it did not come through the regular diplomatic channels.

DUKE WAS SLAIN WHILE IN SLEIGH

Continued from First Page.

tragedy while they discussed the affair in awe-struck voice.

Widow Drove to Scene.

Police officials rapidly gathered, but before anything could be done toward collecting the scattered fragments of the body, Grand Duchess Elizabeth drove up in an open carriage. She had dropped her work at the headquarters of the Red Cross and sped to the scene of the crime without waiting to don her outer wraps. She broke down entirely at the sight, and dropped to her knees, sobbing bitterly. After a few minutes, she was led away. Then a stretcher was brought, and, covered with a plain soldier's cloak, the remains of Sergius were borne to the Chaudoff cloister, where officials and members of the grand duke's suite had assembled.

The assassin was thrown to the ground and stunned by the force of the explosion, but he quickly recovered and ran to the gate, attempting to escape. His haste and the blood streaming from his face where he had been wounded by fragments of the bomb, attracted the attention of a sergeant of police, who seized him before he could draw his revolver.

The man did not deny his crime, but, on the contrary, gloried in its success. He expressed his satisfaction that he had been able to kill the grand duke without involving the latter's innocent wife.

He avowed his membership in the social revolutionary organization, but refused to give his name, and, at the jail, his papers were found to be forged.

On the arrest of the murderer, he coolly said:

"I don't care. I have done my job."

An immense crowd gathered at the spot and made a demonstration against a number of students, who commenced scattering revolutionary proclamations.

Within a few minutes after the explosion, which occurred at 3 p. m., people might be seen gathering up pieces of wood and clothing as mementoes of the tragedy.

The revolver with which the assassin was armed was an automatic magazine pistol of the same type as the weapon employed by Hohenthal, the assassin of Socialon Solninen, the procurator general of Finland, at Helsingfors on February 6. His injuries are not serious.

The grand duke's coachman, who was badly injured, was removed to a hospital. Late last night he was still living.

The news of the tragedy spread rapidly to every quarter of the city, aided by extra editions of all the newspapers, which appeared with deep black borders.

Great Crowds Gathered.

Theatrical performances and all forms of social observances were immediately abandoned and ttheaters were ordered to remain closed until further notice. The affair created the deepest excitement. Immense crowds gathered in the vicinity of the Kremlin, where some factions began an attack on students and other representatives of the liberal movement, while others eagerly grasped and read a revolutionary proclamation which had appeared as if by magic.

So threatening became the attitude of the crowd that the authorities felt obliged to order the Kremlin cleared and the gates locked. The gates remained closed all night, obliging pedestrians and carriages to take round-about routes instead of short cuts through the Kremlin precincts. The police measures to preserve order have proved effective up to this hour, and the city is reported perfectly quiet.

Early accounts of the tragedy attributed the crime to three men in a sleigh, but later it was developed that the three men were police agents appointed to guard the grand duke.

Shortly after the murder Grand Duchess Elizabeth, the two adopted children of Grand Duke Sergius, his staff officials and immediate servants assembled in the chapel, where a solemn requiem was celebrated. There was another service in the evening. A military guard of honor kept watch during the night.

No arrangements have been yet announced for the funeral services.

Rode in Shabby Carriage.

According to later details Grand Duke Sergius, who generally was accompanied by his wife when out driving, was on this occasion going to his private Russian bath in his old official residence in Tverskaia street.

The vehicle in which he rode was a plain, shabby closed carriage, such as would not be likely to attract attention. It was followed by detectives in a couple of cabs. The grand duke was driven rapidly, and was half way across the square between the great bell tower and the Nicholas gate, when the bomb was thrown beneath his carriage, where it exploded, literally demolishing the vehicle, killing the grand duke and fatally injuring his driver.

The only actual witnesses of the assassination were a couple of policemen on beat in the vicinity.

It still appears to be uncertain whether the assassin was in a sleigh or hiding in the tunnel beneath the Nicholas tower.

A few people who had been attracted by the sound of the explosion made their way inside the Kremlin before the police were able to close the gates, but they were speedily ejected.

While enormous crowds were gathering outside the gate the body of Grand Duke Sergius was taken by way of a private corridor from the palace to the Choudoff monastery. Priests will pray there throughout the night and officers and aide de camps will keep vigil over the body.

DEATH OF DUKE WAS EXPECTED

Sergius Had Been Condemned by Revolutionists.

Richest and Most Hated of Grand Dukes, He Had Long Lived in Fear of Assassination at the Hands of the Terrorists.

St. Petersburg, February 17, 4:50 p. m. The news of the tragedy in which Grand Duke Sergius was blown up created a tremendous sensation in St. Petersburg, where the announcement by telephone from Moscow arrived during the afternoon. Owing to the intense excitement prevailing at Moscow a few particulars are ascertainable. The tragedy did not come as a great surprise, as it is known that the terrorists had already condemned the grand duke to death and ever since the affair of January 22, the inauguration of a bomb throwing campaign had been anticipated. Grand Duke Sergius, who was a brother in law as well as uncle of the emperor, and who had exercised immense influence at court, was regarded as the most reactionary of the grand dukes. As governor general of Moscow he was intensely unpopular.

His advent as governor general of Moscow was followed by expulsion of the Jews from the central provinces and throughout his administration his rigorous and harsh measures aroused the greatest hostility, especially among the students. Two years ago, after the student riots in which many were killed or wounded, several hundred expulsions to Siberia followed under the orders of Grand Duke Sergius and General Trepoff, now governor general of St. Petersburg, but who was then chief of police of Moscow.

Many Threats Against Life.

As there were many threats made against his life, the grand duke was obliged to flee to his summer residence, 20 miles from the city. During the recent strike disturbance the grand duke left the Idskoutohny palace, on the outskirts of the city, where he had been living, and took refuge inside the ramparts of the Kremlin, where had since lived in what is known as the Litej palace, opposite the statue of Alexander II. The trip to the Kremlin on that occasion was made between solid lines of troops.

Grand Duke Sergius was the wealthiest member of the imperial family. He was tall, handsome and cordial in manner, in spite of the ruthless fashion in which he exercised his authority as governor general. He had adopted two children of his brother Paul, who was banished on account of a morganatic alliance. Sergius' record as a soldier was not brilliant. He suffered a disastrous defeat at the hands of General Kuropatkin during the famous Koursk maneuvers.

The responsibility for the catastrophe at the coronation of the Emperor Nicholas in Moscow, when several thousand people were crushed to death at the time of the distribution of the imperial gifts, was laid at Grand Duke Sergius' door. It was held that he had not taken sufficient precautions and the liberals after the affair had on January 22 placed the major portion of the blame on his shoulders.

Czar Prostrated by News.

The news of the assassination of the grand duke reached Tsarskoe-Selo while the imperial family was entertaining Prince Frederick Leopold of Prussia. It created the greatest consternation. The emperor is reported to have been completely prostrated. All festivities in honor of the Prussian guest was at once abandoned.

The sentence of death on Grand Duke Sergius was contained in a proclamation issued by the social revolutionists of Moscow after the demonstration of December 11 of last year at St. Petersburg was put down. It read:

"If our demonstration at Moscow (December 18 and 19) is crushed in as bloody a manner as that of our brothers of St. Petersburg, then the guilt therefor rests upon the head of Grand Duke Sergius and General Trepoff and we, the committee, in that event have ordered their death."

This afternoon Ambassador McCormick and the other ambassadors drove to the palace to express their official condolences over the assassination of the Grand Duke Sergius, also leaving their cards at the palaces of the various members of the imperial family.

At the time sentence of death was pronounced by the terrorists upon Grand Duke Sergius it was reported that Grand Duke Alexis, procurator of the holy synod Pobledonostzeff, and General Trepoff, then chief of police of Moscow and now governor general of St. Petersburg, were also condemned to death and according to some reports a similar sentence was imposed on the Dowager Empress Marie Feodorovna.



WHAT YOU NEED

is an extra pair of Trousers, and now is the time to buy them. We don't often have such a sale of trousers like's going on here now.

$4.00 Pants for $3.00
$5.00 Pants for $3.75
$6.00 Pants for $4.50
$7.00 Pants for $5.25

The cut, material and workmanship, is of the highest standard.

Essig Bros.,
Clothiers, Furnishers, Hatters,
26 Whitehall St.

WOMAN HONORED BY TWO HOUSES

Statue of Frances Willard for Statuary Hall.

Both in House and Senate High Praise Was Given to the Temperance Leader, Whom Illinois Honors with First Shaft to Woman.

Washington, February 17.—Both in the house and senate a special feature of the day was the acceptance of the statue of Frances E. Willard, the distinguished temperance advocate, who has been placed in statuary hall in the national capitol by the state of Illinois. Notwithstanding there are about forty pedestals in the hall, the statue of Miss Willard is the first of a woman to find a place there.

In the senate addresses eulogistic of Miss Willard were made by Messrs. Cullom, Beveridge, Dolliver and Hopkins. On motion of Mr. Cullom the statue was accepted—"the statue of one of the most eminent women of the United States," as the resolution expressed it.

Cullom Pays Tribute.

Mr. Cullom in reviewing Miss Willard's career as a temperance leader, said he was proud to say that he had been personally acquainted with Miss Willard during the greatest part of her active life. He said Miss Willard had brought sobriety into the homes of untold thousands; that the world was better because she lived, and he congratulated his state on the selection of the woman for the national hall of fame, the first of her sex in a long list of distinguished people to find a place there.

The galleries were crowded with ladies and they gave most respectful attention to the proceedings.

At the opening of the house in his prayer, the chaplain, referring to the exercises incident to the acceptance of the statue of Frances E. Willard to occur later in the day, said that "by the purity of her soul, the breadth and scope of her intellectual attainments, the eloquence and chastity of her speech and her unselfish devotion to the purity of the home, the state and humanity she had won for herself the splendid and just encomium—the uncrowned queen of purity and temperance."

In anticipation of ceremonies a vast number of women and school children, mostly girls, thronged the house corridors during the day. The galleries were packed.

Proceedings in House.

The proceedings were opened by the reading of a letter from Governor Deneen, of Illinois, presenting the statue to the United States. Mr. Foss, of Illinois, offered a resolution of acceptance. Pending its adoption speeches extolling the life and deeds of Miss Willard were delivered by Messrs. Foss, Graff and Rainey, of Illinois, and Littlefield, of Maine.

Mr. Foss, in whose district Miss Willard resided, made the first address. He feelingly referred to her useful life and her labors in the cause of temperance as the founder of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. She was, he said, universally mourned as one of the greatest women of her time. People might ask why did not Illinois send a statue of Lincoln, Douglass or Grant, but he contended that those men were so great they belonged to no state, having been given long since to the union.

The closing remarks were made by Mr. Rainey, of Illinois.

Make Your Own Ice Cream.

There has just been placed in all the grocery stores, a new preparation called

Jell-O Ice Cream POWDER

which is meeting with great favor, as it enables everyone to make ice cream in their own home with very little trouble. Everything in the package for making two quarts of delicious ice cream. If your grocer can't supply you send 25c. for two pkgs. by mail. Vanilla, Chocolate, Strawberry and Unflavored. Address, The Genesee Pure Food Co., Box 295, Le Roy, N.Y.

FIERCE ATTACK ON KUROPATKIN

Grippenburg Says He Had Great Victory Won.

When Few More Troops Would Have Broken Jap Lines, Kuropatkin Spoiled All by Ordering Retreat to Support Center.

St. Petersburg, February 17.—The arrival in St. Petersburg of General Grippenburg, former commander of the second Manchurian army, who reached here at midnight, has caused a good deal of sensation in military circles.

The general frankly avows he relinquished his command after the recent attempt of the Russians to flank Field Marshal Oyama because, as he claims, General Kuropatkin refused to send him help when victory was in General Grippenburg's hands instead of ordering the latter to withdraw. Grippenburg will personally report on the situation to Emperor Nicholas.

It is too early to say what the result will be, although it is evident that Kuropatkin's enemies are pushing their campaign against him. It is only fair to Kuropatkin to say that his friends claim that Kuropatkin's side of the story is that he only intended to make a demonstration on the force and that Grippenburg pressed the attack too far and became too much involved.

General Grippenburg Talks.

In an interview General Grippenburg said:

"I am glad to give an account of the battle of my army, the telegrams I have seen being far from the truth. Kuropatkin, of course, authorized the advance, but he imposed the condition that it should not go beyond Heikoutai and Sandepas. My plan was to capture Heikoutai and thence outflank Sandepas. From the first army corps before Heikoutai I detached a brigade which occupied Heikoutai January 25. The Japanese cut in from the south and the brigade came under a cross fire, but held out until I got up another brigade to cover its retreat. The Japanese were now concentrating on their left.

"During the evening of January 25 I and my army were ordered under no circumstances to fall back from our positions. The next morning my whole front was engaged, the troops being disposed as follows:

"On the extreme right the first corps; then the first rifle corps and then the fifth division of the second corps, which had just arrived from Russia. Altogether I had sixty-two battalions. The enemy had twice as many.

"The battle of January 25 was continued until evening. We did not surrender an inch of ground. My left flank, which was clearing the road to Sandepas, being weak, I asked the commander-in-chief, who had sixty battalions available, for reinforcements. He declined to send any, apparently taking the Japanese demonstration at the center as being a general advance. Nevertheless I decided to storm Heikoutai the next day. All the surrounding villages were already in our hands.

"Early January 27 the fiercest fighting occurred. We again held our own.

Road Was Clear of Japs.

"The road to Sandepas, the Japanese point of concentration, was quite clear of the enemy. I therefore again appealed to the commander-in-chief for reinforcements. If he had listened to my entreaties we would have riven the iron ring of 100,000 of the enemy. The Japanese being menaced by a strong force of Russian cavalry from the south and southwest, evidently realized the danger of attacking us. In desperation January 27 they four times desperately assaulted our outer positions and were beaten off each time in such brilliant fashion that it does my heart good to remember the gallantry of my brave comrades. I might easily have followed up their repulses by a headlong offensive, but I was tied down by the commander-in-chief's restrictions and his refusal to send me reinforcements. How anxiously I awaited a reply on both subjects.

"Just think of what victory meant. Complete victory was in our grasp. The loss of thousands of lives was not dreadful before such a result.

"The reply of General Kuropatkin arrived at 5 o'clock in the evening in the shape of an order to leave a small force in our positions and move up the army to his support in view of the expected Japanese advance on the center. How was it possible for the Japanese to attack the center when all their available forces were diverted west? It is impossible to describe the impression produced upon me by the order. At first I was afraid to convey it to my victorious army, but there was nothing else to do. We retreated during the night of January 29 with tears in our eyes and bitterness in our hearts. It was then that I decided that my presence at the theater of war was needed no longer and the next day I handed in a report to the commander-in-chief demanding my relief."

MANY WILD RUMORS CIRCULATE AT LODZ

Lodz, February 17.—10:30 p. m.—The news of the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius created a deep impression here. The air is filled with disturbing rumors.

A TRAVELER'S EXPERIENCE.

A party of gentlemen was gathered in the lobby of a leading hotel the other evening, when an argument arose as to what Red Raven really is. One gentleman, who was traveling for a big house in Indianapolis, ventured the assertion that notwithstanding the extensive advertising, out of five in the party not three could tell what Red Raven is, and to what uses it is put. When the matter was put to a test it was found that the Indianapolis man had lost, for not only did they all know what Red Raven was, but all used it regularly. As one of the men said:

"I have found, when traveling from place to place, taking my meals at different hours, sometimes on the train and sometimes at the hotel, that my system became deranged, resulting in a sluggish liver, dizziness in the morning, lassitude and loss of appetite. I had seen the advertisements of Red Raven and chanced to ask a druggist friend of mine what it meant. You can imagine my surprise at finding Red Raven was the remedy par excellence, for just such a disorder as I was suffering from. I tried a bottle before breakfast the next morning and found prompt relief. I learned that they kept it not only at the drug stores, but at any cafe or hotel, and since then in all my travels, when suffering from headaches, indigestion or nausea, I have been promptly relieved by Red Raven."

NIHILIST GAGE IS THROWN DOWN

Murder of Duke Sergius Challenge to Autocracy.

Famous Duel of Twenty-Five Years Ago Between the Government and Nihilists May Be Revived by Murder of Czar's Uncle.

St. Petersburg, February 18.—2 a. m.—The assassination of Grand Duke Sergius undoubtedly was the work of the fighting organization of the socialistic revolutionary party, which condemned and executed Count Bobrikoff, governor general of Finland, and MM. Siplaguine and Von Plehve, ministers of the interior.

It is regarded as a direct challenge from the terrorists to autocracyy and a revival of the famous duel between the nihilists and the government of twenty-five years ago.

Opinions differ as to the political effect of the tragedy, some inclining to the view that the killing of a member of the imperial family may cause Nicholas II to revive a period of reaction, but this opinion is not generally shared.

The murder of Grand Duke Sergius just at the time when the forces of liberalism were again in the supremacy and when the summoning of the zemsky zabor was assured, meets with universal reprobation, even by the extreme social democrats, who denounce the crime as strongly as do the liberals and the conservatives.

Won't Delay Reforms.

According to a high authority, the decision had been already taken officially to proclaim the zemsky zabor on February 22. M. Souvorin, editor of The Novoe Vremya, said to the Associated Press last night.

"I do not believe this crime can now intefere with the carrying out of reform, to which the government is too far committed. I am certain the zemsky zabor will soon be announced and assembled without awaiting the termination of the war."

Prince Shirinsky Schahamitch, who had an audience with Emperor Nicholas at Tsarskoe-Selo yesterday, was frankly told by the emperor that the zemsky zabor would be elected under a class franchise by the nobles, clergy, merchants and peasants, but that all deputies would sit together, and the committee of ministers, the Associated Press is informed, was yesterday charged by the emperor with the appointment of a committee to work up the details of the electoral machinery.

The news of the tragic death of his uncle was brought to the emperor while he was giving an audience to General Grippenberg and caused him a great shock. By the emperor's direction, the members of the imperial family who are at Tsarskoe-Selo in connection with the visit of Prince Frederick Leopold of Prussia, were immediately summoned to the chapel where a requiem was held. A state requiem, at which members of the diplomatic corps will be present, is announced for today, the funeral arrangements have not yet been made; but in accordance with tradition, the funeral probably will be on an imposing scale.

Remains Lie in State.

The body will probably lie in state several days in the Church of the Ascension in the Kremlin, where Emperor Nicholas was crowned. Thence it will be brought to St. Petersburg and placed in the Romanoff mausoleum, in the great cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, inside the fortress.

The tragedy was the sole topic of conversation at the clubs and hotels last night, newspaper extras early in the evening having spread the news throughout St. Petersburg.

The story is going the rounds that Grand Duke Sergius himself at the last moment, finding the tide against him, was won over to the plan of summoning the zemsky zabor and that he sent a messenger to Emperor Nicholas outlining his views as to the composition of the body. It is added that the messenger arrived at almost the same time that the bomb was thrown in Moscow. According to Sergius' plan it was proposed that each province should have six representatives in the convention, two each of nobles, the merchants and peasants. All theaters were closed last night.

The period of court mourning will put an end to the little gayety which so far has marked the social season at the Russian capital.

Y. M. C. A. 49, Howard College 6.

Mobile, Ala., February 17.—Basket ball score: Young Men's Christian Association, 49; Howard college, of Birmingham, 6.

It is reported that the locked-out men will on February 20 call out the workers in the smaller factories.

The mobilization of troops is hourly expected. If it occurs, trouble is believed to be certain to follow.

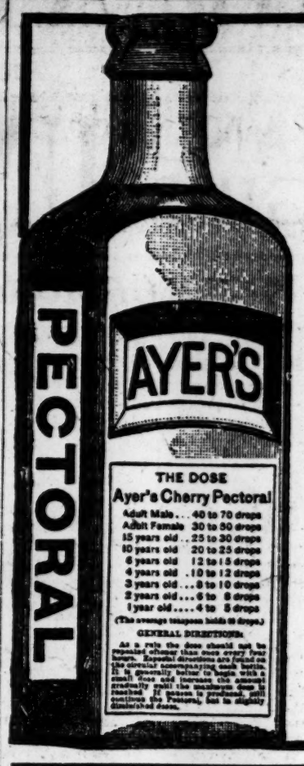
The town is quiet tonight.

TEMPER OF STRIKERS NOW MORE THREATENING

St. Petersburg, February 17.—The strike is extending. About 2,400 employees of the Nevsky Thread Works joined in the movement today. The strikers now total about 30,000. The temper of the men is more threatening and Cossacks and other troops have again been drafted into the city. The police are arresting the ringleaders. The employers regard the situation as critical.

JAPANESE WILL STRIKE AT RAILROAD NEAR PASS

St. Petersburg, February 17.—A dispatch from Saehatun, Manchuria, says 11,000 Japanese troops and Chinese bandits are reported to be in southeast Manchuria in the neighborhood of Calbashchon, 45 miles northwest of Gunshu Pass, whence they intend to operate against the railroad. A detachment of Russian frontier guards with two guns encountered the Japanese February 14 and defeated them. The detachment, however, while advancing, was surrounded by two regiments of Japanese cavalry, four companies of infantry and a large band of Chinese bandits about 45 miles of Hanshu Pass and lost heavily. One gun was lost and nearly all the gun horses and a number of gunners were killed.



Do not undervalue the services of a skilful physician. Even the best medicine cannot take the place of the family doctor. Therefore we say: Consult your physician freely about your case and ask him what he thinks about your taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for your cough. If he says take it, then take it. If he says do not take it, then follow his advice.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
AYER'S PILLS—For constipation.
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR—For the hair.
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA—For the blood.
AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.

WISH HUNGARIAN SPOKEN IN ARMY

Emperor Determined Not to Grant Demand.

Separate Army for Hungary One of Main Questions on Which No Agreement Can Be Reached. No Settlement in Sight.

Vienna, February 17.—The Hugarian cabinet crisis is as far from actual settlement today as it was when Emperor Francis Joseph received Francis Kossuth in audience Sunday.

Since then a series of conferences have taken place at Buda Fest between the leaders of the various Hungarian parties, who are looking vainly for a solution of the problem. Furthermore, the emperor has received in audience here two prominent Hungarian liberal leaders, with no known result.

Neither the emperor nor the independents are ready to yield on matters which each regards as vital points of policy. One of the principal independent demands which the emperor will not consider is the formation of a separate Hungarian army in which Hungarian will be the language of command.

Emperor Very Obdurate.

Despite the fact that the emperor's recognition of the independents today would result in fulfilling the party's desires probably for many years to come, the emperor remains most reluctant to recognize in any way whatever the party's extreme military demands, which he declare are impossible.

The emperor and parliament being unable to reach an agreement concerning the new parliament, there has grown up a movement for the formation of a neutral cabinet, without political influence, for the purpose of permitting legislation in the case of certain necessary matters of state, such as the recruiting bill, etc. At present the liberal party in Hungary is trying to win over fifty to sixty delegates to form a majority and supporting the Ausgleich programme of 1867 and there is reason to believe that the emperor favors this effort.

The independents, although they realize the impossibility of carrying out at once the ultimate purpose of their far-reaching programme, namely, the practical dissolution of the union of the two countries, are trying to win over an equal number for the support of their present projects.

W. C. Greene, Opelika, Ala.

Columbus, Ga., February 17.—A man giving his name as W. C. Greene, and his residence as Ne wYork city, died at the home of W. C. Jones, near Opelika, Ala., early Tuesday morning, according to information received here tonight. He went to the Jones' home Saturday night, and Sunday he was stricken with paralysis. Before he lost his voice entirely he told the Jones family that he traveled for a New York house, but was taking a vacation.

Snow Covers Texas.

El Paso, Tex., February 17.—Snow is again falling all over this section, and railroad traffic is tied up or badly crippled. The Rock Island trains have not recovered from the blizzard ten days ago, but are again in snow drifts, and traffic is virtually suspended through Kansas and New Mexico on that line, trains being diverted by way of Fort Worth.

Owing to the rain and cold, California fruit shipments through here have greatly fallen off.

THE ALPHABET OF RUSSIAN CRISIS

Continued from First Page.

A popular summer resort. The royal palace, where the czar is said to have spent Sunday, is surrounded by beautiful parks and gardens.

U.

UHLANS.—A body of cavalry formed after the type of the Prussian Uhlans; its principal weapon is the lance.

UKASE.—A decree of the czar. The most recent, issued some weeks ago, promised many reforms, including freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, and extension of local government. None of these reforms, however, have been put into operation.

V.

VLADIMIR.—Grand duke, uncle of the czar, and said to be the most ruthless man in Russia. It was by his orders that Cossacks have massacred the strikers during the present crisis.

W.

WINTER PALACE.—Royal palace in St Petersburg. It has a front of 455 feet and a breadth of 350 feet. Stands on the banks of the Neva. Burnt down in 1837 and restored in 1839. It has a portrait gallery of the Romanoffs, and the crown jewels are here, including a diamond weighing 185 carats and valued at 2,399,410 roubles.

WITTE, M.—One of the strongest Russian statesmen, now out of office. He was a private man, nothing more, he told a deputation on Saturday. In the presence of the deputation he rang up Prince Mirsky on the telephone and urged the prince to meet the men, but in vain. M. Witte is understood to be opposed to the war with Japan, and his economic policy, when in office, was based on the conviction that the peasant was taxed to his utmost limit and could bear no more burdens.

Z.

ZEMSTVO.—A local council.

SON IN LAW OF CASSINI CLOSE TO SLAIN DUKE

Washington, February 17.—Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, was shocked to hear through the press dispatches of the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius. Count Cassini is anxiously awaiting news direct from Russia, as his son in law, Count Mengeden, is master of the court at Moscow and a member of the grand duke's household, and with the Countess Mengeden, the ambassador's daughter, makes his home in that city.

EDWARD FEELS HORROR AT MURDER OF SEIGUS

London, February 17.—King Edward, as soon as he was informed of the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius at Moscow, telegraphed to Emperor Nicholas expressing his horror and sympathy.

FIRE ON BROAD STREET.

Little Damage Done, Although the Entire Department Was Called Out.

Fire was discovered on the second floor of the building numbered as 25 and 27 South Broad street this morning at 1:30 o'clock. The fire started on the second floor and was discovered before it had spread.

Those who located the fire telephoned for only the chemical engine thinking that the chemical could extinguish the blaze. Later, however, an alarm was turned in from the box at the corner of Whitehall and Alabama street. This brought the entire department.

The building is said to be owned by Captain James W. English. The damage is believed to be slight.

Sickly Women Made Well.

When a woman once realizes that she needs treatment, she should seek the services of an expert specialist, whose methods of treatment have been successfully tested, but instead of doing this, they, as a rule, begin to take the many widely advertised "female remedies," etc., one by one, until they have either tried them all, (and without benefit, too) or given up all hopes of ever being cured. Still others look to their family physician for a cure, who, after dosing and dosing her, will advise that the only thing left to do is an operation. Many women submit, and yet, many believe that there is a cure for them other than an operation. In this they are entirely right, for Dr. J. Newton Hathaway, has demonstrated time and again that surgery, in most cases, is wholly unnecessary. By the aid of his perfect method of curing this class of disease, he has rescued many an ailing, weak woman from a probable death. He has successfully treated diseases of this nature for over twenty-five years, and we unhesitatingly say that there is no case, no matter how severe it may be, that he cannot entirely cure. Therefore, if you suffer from ovarian troubles, prolapsus, leucorrhea, menstrual irregularities, severe headaches, neuralgia, vertigo, rectal diseases, such as piles, etc., you should consult him without delay. He makes no charge for consultation, and you will find a private reception room for ladies. The doctor will see you without delay. If you cannot call, write the doctor, stating just how you suffer, and he will send you a valuable book on your disease and a Self-Examination Blank, which will enable him to give a thorough examination of your case without making a trip to his office. All this is free, and you should lose no time in taking advantage of this offer. Call or write today, as organic changes are liable to occur at any time, thus make a cure more difficult to make. The address is J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., 33 Inman Bldg., 22 1-2 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Office hours 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1.



DR HATHAWAY
Recognized as the Oldest Established and Most Reliable Specialist

KANSAS FIGHTS STANDARD OIL

Another Bill Passed Aimed at Oil Trust.

Measure Making Pipe Lines Common Carriers Passed by House and Senate and It Will Be Signed at Once by Governor.

Topeka, Kans., February 17.—The Kansas house today, without a dissenting vote, passed the bill making oil pipe lines common carriers.

This is the second of the series of bills directed against the Standard Oil Company and was strongly opposed by the Standard interests. It has already passed the senate and will be signed by the governor. Without this bill, the refinery plan could not have been carried out successfully, owing to lack of pipe lines owned by the state. Now, however, the state oil can be piped through the Standard's lines.

Another Bill Monday.

The anti-discrimination bill, designed to prevent the Standard from underselling the state refinery, will be made a special order for next Monday. This bill makes it unlawful for any commodity to be sold in any one town of the state lower than in another, except such differences as may be made necessary through freight rates. Thus, the Standard will be prevented from cutting the price of oil to meet the state price at any place in the state unless it reduces the price for the whole state.

A big fight is being waged on the bill by Kansas jobbers, as its provisions apply to all others as well as the Standard. The oil producers expect to be able to secure its passage, however.

The anti-discrimination bill is a senate measure and the senate threatens to secure its passage by holding up the house railroad bill.

Colorado To Join Kansas.

Denver, Col., February 17.—A bill for the establishment of a state oil refinery has been introduced into the Colorado legislature. The bill provides for an appropriation of $125,000 for the erection and operation of a refinery. The price of crude oil in this state has recently been reduced from $1 to 80 cents a barrel.

Funds for Oil Inquiry.

Washington, February 17.—Funds with which to prosecute the inquiry into the methods of the Standard Oil Company in Kansas were asked of the house today by Secretary Metcalf, of the department of commerce and labor.

In his communication the secretary says that this inquiry cannot be completed before July 1 next. His suggestion is that the unexpended balances of an item of $46,000 and another of $15,000 carried in the current legislative, executive and judicial appropriation act be made available for this as well as all other work of the investigation which his department is prosecuting.

These items were appropriated to carry on the "beef trust" and other inquiries.

LIMITS PRESIDENT'S POWER.

Morgan Wants No Canal Appointments During Recess of Congress.

Washington, February 17.—Senator Morgan today offered the following amendment to the Panama canal bill:

"If the president, in the exercise of powers conferred upon him by law, shall remove all or any members of the Panama canal commission or if any such office has become vacant for any cause, no appointments shall be made to fill such vacancies during the recess of congress."

DR. BELL'S PINE TAR HONEY CURES COUGHS

DR. BELL'S Pine-Tar-Honey CURES LA GRIPPE.

LOOK FOR THE BELL ON THE BOTTLE

COTTON FARMERS ARE ORGANIZING

Many Meetings Now Being Held in This State.

Hon. John Bostwick, of Morgan, Is Indorsed for President of the Georgia Branch of the Southern Cotton Association.

Madison, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—The Morgan County Cotton Growers' Association will hold a mass meeting here Saturday. It will be one of the largest gatherings of farmers ever held in Morgan county.

At a recent meeting of the association P. G. Walker was elected chairman of the county association and R. W. Parker secretary. District chairmen were appointed from every military district in the county for organization. Each chairman will report at the meeting next Saturday, and the work of the association for the county will be mapped out. At the meeting last Saturday the following resolution was introduced and unanimously adopted:

"Resolved by the cotton planters of Morgan county in mass meeting assembled, That we do hereby indorse for the presidency of the Georgia branch of the Southern Cotton Association Hon. John Bostwick, of this county."

Farmers To Sign Pledge.

Lexington, Ga., February 17.—(Special.—A number of farmers met here yesterday to discuss the cotton situation. James A. Dillard was elected president and John P. Armstead secretary.

It was agreed that each farmer would sign the pledge to reduce the cotton acreage 25 per cent, and the use of guano 25 per cent.

F. L. McWhorter, Tucker Drake, Dave Gaulding were elected delegates to the Atlanta convention.

Cotton Growers Thank Press.

Pleasant Hill, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—The cotton growers of Pleasant Hill met and agreed to reduce their cotton acreage 25 per cent. A resolution was passed thanking the state press for the fight they have made in the interest of the cotton growers.

Permanently Organized.

Crawfordville, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—The citizens of the county met here yesterday to organize for the purpose of cooperating and becoming a part of the Southern Cotton Association. Delegates to the state convention, W. R. Reid and Dr. J. A. Rhodes; alternates, J. W. McDaniel and J. A. Kendrick. Permanent organization was had by the election of J. W. Farmer; president; J. C. Williams, secretary; G. N. Wright, treasurer.

Will Visit Muscogee.

Columbus, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) President Harvie Jordan, of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association, has accepted the invitation extended by the board of trade to visit Columbus at an early date, and with E. D. Smith, of South Carolina, financial agent of the association, will address the farmers of this section.

Hold for Better Price.

Canton, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—A number of the farmers of Cherokee met here today and organized for the crusade to reduce cotton acreage and the consumption of guano this year by electing James V. Keith, of Canton, district county chairman; J. B. Mosteller, of Woodstock district, secretary, and C. H. Dibbs, of Lickskillet district, treasurer. A resolution was adopted pledging those now holding cotton to continue holding it until a better price is offered. Another resolution was also adopted making arrangements to erect ware houses, if necessary, for the use of farmers at Canton, Woodstock and Ball Ground. John E. Lathem, of Hickory Flat, and E. E. Field, of Sixes district, were elected delegates to represent Cherokee at the state convention. The Bank of Canton has sent its proportion of the call made on Georgia bankers to help the farmers make their fight.

Pike Farmers in Line.

Zebulon, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Pike farmers are in line with the general movement to curtail the cotton crop and to hold cotton on hand for 10 cents.

At a meeting held here yesterday the 25 per cent reduction in acreage and fertilizers was considered the proper course for the farmers to pursue this year. Organization was effected and delegates appointed to the state meeting.

Wilkes Delegates Named.

Washington, Ga., February 17.—(Special)—A meeting of the farmers of Wilkes county was held in Washington this morning for the purpose of perfecting a permanent county organization. A committee of three farmers from each of the militia districts of the county, which had been appointed at the district meetings of the farmers on the preceding Saturday, made up the greater portion of the gathering today, though there were present many merchants and professional men. The county organization was perfected by the election of the following officers: Chairman, A. S. Anderson; vice chairman, R. D. Callaway; secretary, J. E. Poche; treasurer, J. W. S. Lowe.

Those appointed as delegates to the state convention are W. H. Griffin, M. P. Pope and J. T. Wingfield.

That Tired Feeling

Is a Common Spring Trouble.

It's a sign that the blood is deficient in vitality, just as pimples and other eruptions are signs that the blood is impure.

It's a warning, too, which only the hazardous fail to heed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove it, give new life, new courage, strength and animation.

They cleanse the blood and clear the complexion.

Accept no substitute.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

ACCOUNTS RIGHT ROSSER CLAIMS

Committee Which Investigated Books Refuses to Make Statement.

Lafayette, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) The special committee in the case of J. E. Rosser refused to make public their findings after an examination of his school accounts for the four years that he was county school commissioner.

Rosser, who has been attending the law school at the University of Virginia, was here yesterday, and claims that his accounts are all right. Nothing definite as to the situation can be obtained.

TREFZER WELL KNOWN MAN.

Formerly Lived in Elberton and Owned Property There.

Elberton, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—F. C. Trefzer, who was found dead on the banks of a stream near Union, S. C., was formerly a citizen of Elberton and a well-known jeweler. He was highly regarded and owned some property. Shortly before he moved from Elberton to Union he lost one of his eyes and badly damaged the other by the explosion of a cartridge cap on which he was working.

WILL EXHUME HIS BODY.

Investigation Started To Ascertain Direction of Bullets.

Birmingham, Ala., February 17.—The body of George W. Herring, a prominent Mason, who met death in a very mysterious manner near Wellar mines last week, will be exhumed to determine whether the bullets which caused his death could have been self-inflicted. His wife is now in the county jail charged with the crime. She and her mother were the only persons in the house at the time Mr. Herring met his death. Mrs. Herring claims that her husband committed suicide.

SHOT TO PIECES FOR HIS CRIME

Three Women Said to Be Involved in the Case.

Negro Assailant of Mrs. Tiffany Is Caught and Executed — Mob Also Found a Dead Mexican Hanging to a Tree.

Smithville, Tex., February 17.—The negro charged with criminally assaulting Mrs. Paul Tiffany, was caught late last night and shot to pieces by the mob. He was identified and made a full confession. He was run to earth at Uhton, a small town about 6 miles from here.

In his confession the negro implicated three others, and it is also said that there are three women involved in the crime. Two of these parties have been arrested, and the third is now being sought.

While searching for the negro the Smithville posse found hanging to a tree the Mexican taken from the officers at Dale and lynched earlier in the evening.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

THE PASSING THRONG.

Mrs. Ellen Dortch Longstreet, widow of the late general, came down from Gainesville yesterday and had apartments at the Piedmont during the day, returning home in the afternoon.

"Mrs. Longstreet came down," said Houston Harper last night, "to confer with the secretary of the civil service branch here relative to an examination. A rural delivery service is to be put on in Hall county, Gainesville being the point from which distribution is to be made. So far as I understand its carriers have not been selected and I am informed her visit to Atlanta was for the purpose of consulting with the civil service department here relative to that work."

George D. Peabody, of Langston, Tenn., is among the arrivals at the Kimball yesterday.

"To my mind no more appropriate or fitting name could have been selected by the dentists of the south for their society than the one selected Thursday—Chapin Harris," remarked Dr. Frank Holland yesterday. "The man to whom dentistry owes more than to all others was Chapin Harris. He was the nestor of dentistry. He was the first to build a dental college, I don't mean the building, but the work. He made it his life study and everything he learned he imparted to others. He was progressive and much of the knowledge of the present day results from his research and his work. The world over he is known and he should be, for the world over he has saved more pain and agony than any one man whom I can recall. He made dentistry a science and to him every member of the profession owes a debt of obligation that in my opinion can never be paid."

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Fleming of Anniston, Ala., have apartments at the Piedmont.

It was an Atlanta man who saved the lives of many in the Battle house fire in Mobile a night or two ago and like many whose lives he saved, that Atlanta man—Emmett Walters—got out with just enough wearing apparel to rob him of a resemblance to some South sea islander who never saw a suit of clothes.

"I have often been a guest at the Battle house," said Mr. Walters in reciting his experience to a friend, "and because of that fact I knew the construction of the house almost by heart. When I was awakened the hotel was full of smoke and everything was in wild confusion. I managed to get into a pair of trousers and as I jumped through the door I gathered a coat. It wasn't waiting time just then. I got down a flight of steps and there in a hallway with apparently no outlet I found a number of guests who had gone that far, but didn't see any way to move on. The crowd was frantic. I went in among them and at once became a leader, for I knew the way. I finally secured silence enough to make myself heard and then started the crowd the right way. I thought I knew that old hotel by heart, but when I reached a floor lower I had to stop for a consultation with my memory. Well, the memory won out and down the stairway we went again until we reached the arcade. Then it was easy sailing. It was one flight to the sidewalk and that crowd lost no time in reaching it. I lost everything I had. My samples went with my valise and my underwear with my hat and gloves. But luck was with me and I found a haberdasher who could suit my taste and now I'm here all right only a little the worse for wear."

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fisher, of Newnan, have apartments at the Piedmont.

There were five or six of them in the group and they were talking about dentistry, its uses and its abuses.

"Why," said one of the party, "I have in my time encountered teeth so strong that a sledge hammer wouldn't crush one of them if it had been laid on an anvil. I knew of a case where a man had a hollow tooth. It was examined and the dentist told his patient there was no use treating it, as it was so hard decay could make no impression upon it in years. That hole was about the size of a pea. That man went off, got a buck shot and placing it over the opening closed his mouth with all the force he could command. That buckshot went into the cavity and there it remained for years and years and it actually saved that tooth."

"You all know," put in another member of the party, "that the negro, as a rule, has the best, strongest, evenest and whitest teeth a puller ever touched. I guess a number of you, too, know that a negro has a fad for a gold tooth in front—it's a rare thing a negro has a back tooth filled. Now, down in the piney woods section there is a traveling dentist who is just coining money. He goes into camp, gets a subject and tips a front tooth with gold. The sight of that tooth is worse than smallpox. Every negro who sees it wants one like it. I have seen negroes with every front tooth sawed off about half way up, the absent part being built down with gold. For a job of that kind the prices are good. I know that dentist and when he walks into my office he says:

"'Oh, this is nice here. But I see you are idle. Now, when I get down in the camps I am always busy. Sometimes I could work by a pine torch if I'd do it. Why, do you know I have had more than one negro pay me $100 for work in his mouth when he didn't have an unsound tooth. I'd tell him his teeth were sound, but he would insist on having one or more gold teeth in front. Some negroes grade their standing socially by the number of gold filled front teeth. One gold tooth means nothing. Three or four gives the negro a pass into good society. But it's a full row only that makes him quality.'

"Yes, I know the man well and I believe every word he says. Five years ago he came out of college in debt. Today he owns two good farms not 200 miles from Atlanta."

The party took the path to the large room in which the fountain with its fishes is located.

H. C. Vanvleck and wife, of Toledo, Ohio, have apartments at the Piedmont.

H. F. Lowndes, of Opelika, Ala., is at the Arago.

STEVENS SLATED FOR COMMISSION

Hon. Pope Brown Will Retire at End of Term.

Chairman of State Railroad Commission States That He Understands the Present Commissioner of Agriculture Will Succeed Him in Office.

Savannah, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) Chairman Pope Brown, of the railroad commission, this afternoon addressed the attendants of the colored farmers' conference at the Georgia State Industrial college upon farming in Georgia. During the morning he visited the Savannah cotton exchange and talked with the factors and exporters upon the cotton situation.

"Not a word," said he, when asked to make some announcement of his intentions in connection with the governorship. "I am a farmer, and right now I am thinking of farming and cotton. You know I've got several months more to serve on the railroad commission, and I am not trying to attend to that position and look after other political places, too."

Colonel Brown says he will not be a candidate to succeed himself for a member of the railroad commission. "I did not support Governor Terrell. On the contrary, I supported Colonel Estill. My county, Pulaski, gave its vote for Colonel Estill in the primary. I dare say that Governor Terrell can find among the ranks of his supporters a more capable man for the position than I am."

"Who will probably succeed you?"

"I am not in Governor Terrell's confidence," remarked Colonel Brown, "but I have understood that Hon. O. B. Stevens, present commissioner of agriculture, may be appointed railroad commissioner."

When asked about the cotton situation and the movement of the Southern Cotton Association, Mr. Bacon said: "We have been whipped so much in the past, that for a time there was some doubt as to whether we could win the fight, but I believe now we can."

ARSENIC ENDED LIFE OF WOMAN

Doctor Says Hoch's Work Would Have Done Credit to a Borgia.

Chicago, February 17.—Drs. W. S. Haines and O. W. Lewke, who have been analyzing the stomach and liver of Mrs. Marie Welker-Hoch, the latest alleged victim of Johann Hoch, declared definitely today that the woman's death was due to arsenical poisoning. Dr. Lewke, who is the coroner's physician, said the arsenic in the stomach indicated an intent to murder.

"With the evidence of four analyses before us," said Dr. Lewke, "there is no doubt left that Mrs. Walker died as the result of work which would have done credit to a Borgia. Each test showed quantities of arsenic in both stomach and liver large enough to kill."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in six to fourteen days. 50c.

SAD DEATH OF MRS. HAWKLAND

Suffered Intensely and Died Yesterday at the Home of Incurables.

A particularly pathetic death was that of Mrs. Annie Hawkland, wife of Sam Hawkland, of Social Circle, yesterday morning at 8 o'clock at the Home of Incurables.

Mr. and Mrs. Hawkins moved to this country from Norway about 20 years ago. They first settled in Massachusetts, then moved to Jonesboro, Ga., then to East Point, and last to Social Circle.

She was about sixty years of age. Tuesday a week ago her husband, who is foreman of a guano factory in Social Circle, sent his wife on a visit to her son in law, James Irwin, a carpenter, who resides at 665 East Fair street.

When she reached the city she could not stand up she was so ill and feeble. She was taken to the home and it was found that she had dropsy in its worst form. She couldn't stand up or walk, and she couldn't lie down. She had to sit up on the side of her bed when she wanted to sleep.

Mr. Irwin saw that hers was a hopeless case and Sunday he said he wrote her husband to that effect, but no answer came. She was taken to the Home of Incurables Sunday and there she lingered at death's door until yesterday morning when she succumbed to the inevitable.

Mr. Irwin, immediately upon the death of his mother in law, notified the undertakers, Hilburn & Poole, and requested them to notify the husband of the deceased. A telegram was sent to him shortly after noon, but at a late hour last night, no answer had been received and consequently, Mr. Irwin and the undertakers are at a loss to know what disposition to make of the remains.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

Join the Crowd Today, and Attend Our Great

HOSIERY SALE

Men's, Women's and Children's Imported Hosiery, at 50 per cent below appraised value. Sample Hosiery from two of the best mills in Chemnitz, Germany. Hundreds of styles in Silk Embroidered, Lace, Fancy and Plain Hosiery at the following prices:

Women's 35c Hose, at a pair 19c
Women's 50c and 60c Hose, at a pair ... 25c
Women's 75c Hose, at a pair 35c
Women's $1.00 Hose, at a pair 50c
Men's 35c and 40c Socks, a pair 25c
Men's 50c Socks, at a pair 35c
Children's 50c Hose, at a pair 25c
Infants' 25c Hose, at a pair 15c

M. RICH & BROS. CO. | M. RICH & BROS. CO.

LEAD COULD NOT ENTER NEGRO'S THICK FOREHEAD

AMERICUS, GA., February 17.—(Special.)—An instance of remarkable hard-headedness was reported here this afternoon, wherein a negro woman shot her husband.

She seized a shotgun, and, at 10 paces, fired the entire charge into his forehead.

The load of shot lodged in a lump below the skin, the leaden missiles being flattened against the bone of the negro's adamantine head.

FEAR PRECEDENT SET IN TREATY

Senators Scent Trouble in the Dominican Affair.

No Attempt To Question Bad State of Affairs, but Making Uncle Sam a Collecting Agent Is Not Wholly Approved.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, February 17.—(Special.)—Consideration of the new Santo Domingo treaty will be begun at a special meeting of the senate committee on foreign relations tomorrow morning.

So far, senators have given little time to the study of the treaty, and the president's message accompanying it. The Swayne case has occupied the time of the senate so continuously during the past three days that senators have had little time for anything save that and the necessary routine business.

Democratic members of the committee say there will be no disposition to consider the treaty in any other manner than upon its own merits. While they were willing to go to any length to force the president to proper procedure, compelling him to put the Dominican arrangement in the shape of a formal treaty, rather than a protocol or executive agreement, such as was at first made, they say their objection to that first method of procedure will not influence them in the consideration of the treaty on its merits.

Admit State of Affairs.

While they are not willing to give an expression upon the treaty, they concede that the facts as printed in the president's message made out very bad condition of affairs in Santa Domingo and the necessity of remedial measures of some kind.

There is a general feeling among senators on both sides of the chamber that if there is danger in the Dominican arrangement it lies not with reference to this particular case, but rather to the precedent thus created, under which this government may be made to assume the responsibilities of an international collection agency in this part of the world, a role not at all calculated to make the United States popular with some of the Latin-American republics in Central and South America.

South America.

SENATORS BOW TO THE HOUSE

Amendment to Tariff Bill Withdrawn.

Senator Hansborough Moved That Senate Recede from Its Position, but Sharply Criticised the House for Stand It Has Taken.

Washington, February 17.—The senate today passed the bill appropriating $9,940,000 for the District of Columbia and the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill carrying $2,136,000.

The District bill had been before the senate for several days and had been much debated. The diplomatic bill received the attention of the senate for only twelve minutes and was passed without discussion.

One witness, Judge Simeon Belden, was heard during the day in the Swayne impeachment trial, testifying for the prosecution, and an hour was spent in secret session in an ineffectual effort to determine the admissibility as evidence of Judge Swayne's statement before a committee of the house.

Hansborough Criticised House.

The senate terminated its controversy with the house over the amendment construing the provision of the Dingley law relation to the drawback on imported wheat by receding from an amendment inserted in the agricultural appropriation bill, as it passed the senate. Senator Hansborough, who made the motion, sharply criticised the house.

Several senators, including Mr. Morgan, protested against the action of the house, while Messrs. Bacon, Spooner, Money and Teller defended it on the ground that the senate had invaded its prerogatives.

Mr. Martin called attention to the fact that the employers' liability bill has been in the hands of the committee on interstate commerce for twelve months, and said that while he did not mean to ask the committee's discharge from further consideration of the bill, he did desire to call attention to the facts and to ask the committee to take up the measure and make a report on it.

The senate adjourned until tomorrow.

Poisons in Food.

Perhaps you don't realize that many pain poisons originate in your food, but some day you may feel a twinge of dyspepsia that will convince you. Dr. King's New Life Pills are guaranteed to cure all sickness due to poisons of undigested food—or money back. 25c at all druggists. Try them.

"Will It Pay?"



It isn't a question of fitting you on Muse's part—nor whether these are genuine values—but perhaps you 're considering the question "Will it pay?"

Will it pay—you to finish the season shabby?

Will it pay to miss looking well dressed the balance of the season when a saving investment will fix you for this and first of the Coming fall?

$12.50 Suits now ..... $ 8.50
$15.00 Suits now $11.00
$16.50 Suits now $12.50
$18.00 and $18.50 Suits now $13.50
$20.00 Suits now $15.00
$22.50 Suits now $16.50
$25.00 Suits now $18.00
$27.50 Suits now $20.00
$30.00 Suits now $22.50
$32.50 Suits now $25.00

MUSE'S,

3-5-7 Whitehall St.

In Winter Reach Your Destination Quickly

A saving of time and money means much to the busy, bustling people of America. Why not save a whole day on your trip to

CALIFORNIA

By selecting "THE OVERLAND ROUTE?" You can avoid a long journey and the inconveniences of Winter travel. The fast trains on the

UNION PACIFIC AND SOUTHERN PACIFIC

via Omaha, reach San Francisco many hours quicker than any other line.

"THE OVERLAND ROUTE" *all the way.*

INQUIRE OF

J. F. VAN RENSSELAER, General Agent, 13 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

BRIDGES SMITH WANTS W. SMITH

Interesting Question Before Mayor of Macon.

Lady of Fitzgerald Wants To Know About W. Smith, and Mayor Smith Would Be Glad To Oblige the Lady.

Constitution Bureau, 467 Second Street, Macon, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Mayor Smith received an inquiry from Fitzgerald, Ga., this morning as to the circumstances connected with the case of W. Smith, late of Macon, but now of somewhere else. In a delicate hand and dainty tint of notepaper that hints of lace and perfume, a lady of that town would like to know something about the man whose name is on the docket with "suspect" of burglary written after it.

Now, where is Smith? Here is his cue, for there is the prefix "Miss" on the self-addressed envelope inclosed in the letter of love-in-distress received by the mayor this morning. If there is a romance behind it, the mayor says it is up to W. Smith to come forward and relieve the lady, as any other gallant Smith would do. If it is only the bluff of some masculine mind, Mayor Smith says it is only the sad reality of romance.

But, where is W. Smith, when a lady wants to know?

It will be remembered that W. Smith was caught in the rooms of the Waldorf Club several nights ago without the permission of the manager of the club. As there was nothing to tempt him to burglarize the rooms it was thought at the time that he merely wished to "fix" a roulete wheel in a corner of one of the rooms, so as to trick Dame Fortune with a little foresight for future reference. On being released by the recorder's court under $100 bond, he failed to show up the next day and was fined by Mayor Smith for contempt of court.

Now it seems that the account of the affair which the lady of Fitzgerald read failed to disclose the name of W. Smith. So, in writing to Mayor Smith for information, she states that the gentleman she wishes to learn of formerly had a tendency to gaming; ergo, perhaps he was the one caught in the rooms of the Waldorf club!

In the story which appeared in The Constitution last Monday Mayor Smith seemed to think that W. Smith should come back to Macon, if only out of respect for the recorder's court. But now that there is a lady seeking information the mayor thinks W. Smith should go to Fitzgerald. Now, where is W. Smith?

CREDITORS' MEETING ADJOURNS

Afairs of Harper Will Be Further Investigated.

Bristol, Va., February 17.—The meeting of the creditors of Edward L. Harper, of New York, former president of the defunct Fidelity national bank, of Cincinnati, Ohio, which was held here in the office of Referee in Bankruptcy D. F. Bailey, who was appointed after the filing of the bankruptcy papers in the federal court at Abingdon, adjourned this afternoon to meet at Big Stone Gap, Va., on March 21, when a further examination may take place and a trustee for assets elected.

The case has not proceeded far enough to render a decision by the referee necessary, as it will take some time to determine or not whether any real assets have been disclosed.

FIRE HAS REACHED THE COAL.

Coal Mine Still Burning Fiercely and Flames Growing.

Birmingham, Ala., February 17.—Reports from Sumter this morning state that there is no immediate prospect of getting the fire in that mine under control. An extra force of men has been put to work, making three shifts of eight hours each, and they have succeeded in getting within a short distance of the burning portion; but the heat is so intense that it is difficult to fight it at short range. The fire has now spread to the coal, and is no longer confined to the woodwork, and this fact makes it all the more difficult to extinguish.

Little Fertilizer Sold.

Comer, Ga., Februdry 17.—(Special.)—Only four sacks of fertilizer have been sold at Comer this season. At the same time last year there had been 1,500 sacks sold. The farmers are holding their cotno for 10 cents.

READS THE BOOK.

"The Road to Wellville" Pointed the Way.

Down at Hot Springs, Ark., the visitors have all sorts of complaints, but it is a subject of remark that the great majority of them have some trouble with stomach and bowels. This may be partly attributed to the heavy medicines.

Naturally, under the conditions, the question of food is very prominent.

A young man states that he had suffered for nine years from stomach and bowel trouble, had two operations which did not cure, and was at last threatened with appendicitis.

He went to Hot Springs for rheumatism and his stomach trouble got worse. One day at breakfast the waiter, knowing his condition, suggested he try Grape-Nuts and cream, which he did, and found the food agreed with him perfectly.

After the second day he began to sleep peacefully at night, different than he had for years. The perfect digestion of the food quieted his nervous system and made sleep possible.

He says: "The next morning I was astonished to find my condition of constipation had disappeared. I could not believe it true after suffering for so many years; then I took more interest in the food, read the little book, 'The Road to Wellville,' and started following the simple directions.

"I have met with such results that in the last five weeks I have gained eight pounds in spite of hot baths which take away the flesh from any one.

"A friend of mine has been entirely cured of a bad case of indigestion and stomach trouble by using Grape-Nuts Food and cream alone for breakfast.

"There is one thing in particular—I have noticed a great change in my mental condition. Formerly I could hardly remember anything, and now the mind seems unusually acute and retentive. I can memorize practically anything I desire." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

SALVATION ARMY LEADERS TO GREET FAIR COMMANDER



COLONEL AND MRS. R. E. HOLZ, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO.
Provincial Officers in Charge of Work in Ohio and the South.

Miss Eva Booth Will Reach Atlanta This Afternoon and Will Be Given a Rousing Welcome.

MORE than fifty officers of the Salvation Army are in the city attending the annual convention of the southern division of the army, the first session of which was held yesterday morning at 10 o'clock.

The meetings yesterday were highly successful in every particular. From all parts of Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Tennessee and South Carolina, the Salvationists poured in yesterday and each was met by a delegate from the local company.

The programme calls for meetings at 10 o'clock in the morning, 3 o'clock in the afternoon and 8 o'clock at night. The meetings in the morning and afternoon are held in private at army headquarters, 72 Marietta street. The night meeting is held in the Sunday school room of the First Baptist church. All are invited to attend this session.

The meeting at 8 o'clock tonight closes the convention, but all the delegates will stay over and join in the grand welcome meetings Sunday to Miss Eva Booth, commander of all the forces of the United States and Canada.

Colonel and Mrs. R. E. Holz, provincial officers, of Cleveland, Ohio, preside at all sessions of the convention. A large crowd was present at the church last night, and all expressed great pleasure at hearing the remarks of Colonel Holz.

At 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and 8 o'clock tomorrow night, Miss Booth will lecture at the Bijou theater. Her subjects will be "Under Two Flags" and "The Grand March Past." An audience which will tax the capacity of the theater is expected to attend, as Miss Booth is known as a fluent and forceful speaker.

Miss Booth is expected to arrive from New York this afternoon. It is probable that she will attend the last meeting of the convention at the First Baptist church tonight.

OFFICERS ARE SELECTED FOR CENTRAL CITY FAIR



GEORGE SMITH,
President Macon Fair Association.



MAYOR BRIDGES SMITH,
Vice President of the Macon Fair Association.

Macon, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Macon Fair Association tonight the Georgia Farmers' Fair and Live Stock exposition was set to begin October 25 and terminate November 4th.

The following officers were elected: George A. Smith, president, and Bridges Smith, vice president.

INSURANCE MEN VISIT SAVANNAH

Are on a Tour of Large Cities Inspecting Risks.

Savannah, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) A. P. Nickerson, R. C. Demett, George R. Hubbell, R. W. Bogart and George Dawson, civil, structural or electrical engineers, reached the city today and established an office. They will remain about three weeks, being in the employ of the commission of the national board of fire underwriters and under instructions to make an exhaustive report upon the situation in Savannah as it relates to dangers from fire.

Their stay here is part of a general scheme of the national board to make such an investigation in all of the largest cities of the country. Other cities of Georgia are to be visited.

The fire department and its matters, the water department, the police department and its regulations in cases of big fires, the conditions of the streets and fire alarm service are all to be examined in this and other cities.

The object of the investigations of the engineers is to lessen the fire risks, not the rates on insurance, though this, Mr. Nickerson, the head of the party, says may come later.

NEGROES DECIDE TO HOLD FAIR

Will Make Showing of That Variety This Fall.

Savannah, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) This afternoon the delegates to the farmers conference at the Georgia state college started a movement for a colored state fair to be held in Georgia next fall. All the representatives at the conference pledged their support to the movement, and President R. R. Wright was placed in charge of the plan. He asked every farmer in the audience owning 100 acres of land or more to hold up his hand. Fully twenty hands went up. These well-to-do negroes are behind the fair movement.

John Reeves Executed.

Clarksville, Tex., February 17.—At 2:09 o'clock this afternoon John Reeves was hanged for the murder of his wife. Previously he had admitted the murder, giving as his reason that he was drunk. The body of the woman was found buried in a field, with the tongue protruding, the neck broken and marks of hands on the throat.

CASSIE REFUSES TO PAY HER MAID

Mrs. Chadwick Appeared in Court Yesterday.

Looked Over Claims of Creditors and Rejected Those Submitted by Severala — Perfectly Calm While Discussing Her Case.

Cleveland, Ohio, February 17.—When the Chadwick bankruptcy hearing was called before Referee Remington this afternoon, J. P. Dawley, counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, asked that the appointment of a trustee be postponed for one week. He said that at that time Mrs. Chadwick would be prepared to file a list of all her creditors, together with the amount of their claims. Mr. Dawley declared that without the cooperation of Mrs. Chadwick her creditors would receive little or nothing.

Referee Remington, in reply, stated that Mrs. Chadwick had been ordered a month ago to prepare a schedule of her liabilities, but had failed to do so, and that the proceedings must go on without further delay. After more argument on the part of Mr. Dawley, the referee finally granted a delay of two hours.

When the hearing was subsequently resumed, Mrs. Chadwick was in attendance. Apparently she was today enjoying excellent health. She was perfectly calm and collected, and frequently smiled when conversing with her attorneys. She examined each of the claims against her in a critical manner and rejected a number of them wholly or in part.

Among those repudiated by Mrs. Chadwick was the claim of Freda Swanstorm, her maid, who presented a sworn statement showing that her employer owed her for seven months' service at $45 per month. Mrs. Chadwick declared that she did not owe Freda so much.

The claims taken up at today's session of the court were generally of minor importance, none of the big accounts being passed down. The hearing was adjourned until tomorrow.

STATEHOOD BILL GETS NEW SHOW

Conferees Named by the House Yesterday.

Mr. Williams Accused Many Republicans of Acting Against Their Convictions and Called Them "Blanket Indians"—Poked Fun at the Speaker.

Washington, February 17.—In order to facilitate actions at this session on the statehood bill the house today passed a resolution, 161 to 127, sending that measure as amended by the senate directly into conference without an opportunity being afforded to debate it. With the exception of Mr. McLachlan, of California, who voted with the democrats, party lines were strictly drawn.

Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, criticised the rule and provoked laughter when he compared the speaker with a noted Indian chiefl named "Old-Man-Afraid-of-His-People," and said the speaker would go down into history as "Old-Man-Afraid-of-His-Majority." He called the republicans "blanket Indians."

The naval appropriation bill was under discussion for several hours. On a point of order the appropriation of $20,000 for a naval prison at the Pensacola, Fla., navy yard was stricken out.

Negroes Go to Mississippi.

Carrollton, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—A company of eighteen negroes left Carrollton yesterday en route to Mississippi where they will engage with cotton farmers. It is reported that a great many more will follow provided these make a favorable report.

How Is Your Heart?

Is your pulse weak, too slow, too fast, or does it skip a beat?

Do you have shortness of breath, weak or hungry spells, fainting, smothering or choking spells, palpitation, fluttering, pains around the heart, in side and shoulder; or hurt when lying on left side?

If you have any of these symptoms your heart is weak or diseased, and cannot get better without assistance.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure strengthens weak hearts, and rarely ever fails to cure heart disease. Try it, and see how quickly you will find relief.

"About January 1st, 1902, I took down with weakness and dropsy, and gradually grew worse. I was told by my family physician that my case was hopeless. My neighbors and family had given me up to die. My limbs and body were swollen to one-third larger than normal size, and water had collected around my heart. For at least three months I had to sit propped up in bed to keep from smothering. I sent for five bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and by the time I had taken them all I was entirely cured. I feel better than I have for twenty years, and I am able to do any kind of work on my farm. My attending physician told me that if it hadn't been for Dr. Miles' Heart Cure I would now be in my grave."
L. T. CURD, Wilmore, Ky.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

Prices Grow Less and Less On Women's and Children's Stylish Winter Shoes.

The Shoe stock is keeping pace with the season's change. High Shoes are on the jump; marching out ahead of the first call for Oxfords. Almost a half has been sliced off the prices of some of the best styles for women and children. It is possible to save a good, large sum on nearly every pair of Winter Shoes we own; of course excepting the Patrician, which is always sold at a uniform price. Below is a mention of some of the kinds included, together with the great reductions in price.

$1.50 and $1.75 Shoes for Women At $1.19.

Bright Dongola Kid Shoes with patent tip, medium and heavy weight soles; button or lace. There are about seventy-five pairs of these, all in very good shapes; among the diffferent sorts all sizes. Most of them were $1.50 and $1.75, though a few regular $2.00 kinds are included. At the present price they are values to be quickly chosen; doubtless all gone within one or two days' selling. Saturday $1.19 pair.

Splendid $2.50 Shoes for Women At $1.49.

A collection of over one hundred pairs, comprising a dozen or more of the best styles in women's regular $2.00 and $2.50 Shoes—majority the $2.50 kind. All leathers; correct late shapes of heel and toe; all weights of sole. They have every essential of style, comfort and service for which regular price is paid. A few pairs, in small sizes and with low school heels, are suitable for misses. All sizes among them. $1.49.

$3.00 Shoes For Women At $1.85.

Among these may be selected Shoes for dress or everyday wear—stylish and splendidly wearing—principally the usual $3.00 grade. An attractive street Shoes is of shiny Patent Colt with military heels and heavy extension soles; dull seal top. A dressy, patent-tip Shoe is of Kid with light hand-turned soles and French heels. These, and a number of other good styles, reduced to $1.85 pair. There's economy for you—$3.00 Shoes at $1.85. About fifty pairs in all.

$1.29 For Choice of These $1.50, $1.75 and $2 Shoes for Boys.

A variety of popular shapes in leathers of style and service; Box Calf, Patent Colt and Vici Kid. They are the Boys' Shoes we sell regularly at $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00. Reduced to $1.29 pair. Sizes 3 1-2 to 5 1-2.

Infants' Shoes, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25 values for 59c pair. All leathers, a few in colors; sizes 1 to 8.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.
Store of Many Departments.

MISSING BOY NOT LOCATED

Little Robert Newel, of Carrollton, Cannot Be Found.

Carrollton, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Little Robert Newel, 13 years old, left home last night and on his failure to return home at the usual time, his father and brothers instituted a search for him. No one has seen him since he started from the depot with papers on his usual route. The little fellow is still missing, and is causing his people considerable uneasiness.

MORSE BEFORE GRAND JURORS

Jerome Refuses to Discuss What Ice King Said.

New York, February 17.—Charles W. Morse, the banker and broker, whose name has been involved in the Dodge-Morse divorce tangle, was examined today by the grand jury, which is investigating that affair. This is the second time Mr. Morse has appeared before the grand jury.

On the first instance he refused to answer questions on the ground that his answers might incriminate himself. District Attorney Jerome would not say today whether or not Mr. Morse had answered the questions asked him today.

Fitzgerald Store Broken.

Fitzgerald, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Thieves last night entered the store of Miller & Son and made away with about $100 worth of firearms and made good their escape, leaving no clew whatever.

Editor Mercer Resumes Work.

Fitzgerald, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Editor J. E. Mercer, who has been suffering from smallpox and who, on his recovery, was called to Dawson to attend his father, who was attacked by the same ailment today resumed charge of The Fitzgerald Enterprise, which has been edited by Mrs. Lillian Ingles during the illness and absence of Mr. Mercer.

Murderous Indians Captured.

Tucson, Ariz., February 17.—The Yaqui Indians who killed two Chicago men and recently attacked a mining party near Cobachi are in custody. They were taken by General Torres and the American government will be advised of their capture. There are ten prisoners and all will be hanged. Two of the captives confessed.

PUSHING WORK ON RAILROAD

Capitalists to Inspect Line From Columbus to Gulf.

Columbus, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) President W. Miller Gordon, of the Birmingham, Columbus and St. Andrews railway, says that a party of capitalists who are interested in the new road will come south in a few days and will spend a day in Columbus during their trip.

"We are now working from Chipley, Fla., southward toward St. Andrews bay," he said. "The construction gang has laid out 23 miles of road bed south of Chipley and the work is still going right on."

President Gordon said that St. Andrews bay is one of the finest bodies of water on the gulf coast. It is from 30 to 40 feet deep, the average depth being 25 feet all over the bay. There is enough water there to float the united navies of the world at one time. Speaking of the company's plans, he said:

"We will not build our city on the old St. Andrews site, but have selected a better location. In a short time after the railroad has been completed, I venture to say, there will be 5,000 inhabitants there. I have already received over 1,000 letters from all parts of the country asking for information regarding the new town and St. Andrews bay. One man states hhis intention of building a $50,000 hotel there."

Speaking of the subscriptions of Alabama towns and cities to the enterprise, Mr. Gordon said that Eufaula had given $75,000, terminals and the right of way, and Dothan had given $20,000.

MORTUARY.

Dr. George S. Goodspeed, Chicago.

Chicago, February 17.—Dr. George Stephen Goodspeed, professor of history at the University of Chicago, died today.

J. M. Christian, Powder Springs, Ga.

Powder Springs, February 17.—(Special.) J. McD. Christian, postmaster at this place during the administration of President Cleveland, died suddenly on the 14th inst. Mr. Christian has recently returned from Texas, where he had lived for the past seven or eight years.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Promotes the growth of the hair and gives it the lustre and silkiness of youth. When the hair is gray or faded it BRINGS BACK THE YOUTHFUL COLOR. It prevents Dandruff and hair falling and keeps the scalp clean and healthy.

MURDER CHARGE FACING M'LEOD

Sixteen-Year-Old Boy Is Arrested for Killing Studstill.

Milan, Ga., February 17.—Jack McLeod, the 16-year-old son of Gip McLeod, who lives near Milan, has been arrested by a deputy sheriff on the charge of murdering Joe Studstill, the octogenarian, who was found dead at his home by some small boys a week ago.

McLeod will have a hearing tomorrow morning.

G. A. RAMSPECK DROPPED DEAD

Prominent Citizen of Decatur Suffers Fatal Apoplectic Stroke.

George Alexander Ramspeck, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Decatur, fell dead in the arms of his son, J. L. Ramspeck, yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock at the residence of the family in Decatur.

Mr. Ramspeck, though an aged man, was considered to be in the best of health, and yesterday morning came to the city. He went around town shaking hands with his many friends and was in unusually high spirits.

Yesterday about noon he returned to his home. He ate a hearty lunch and was chatting with his wife and son, when he was seen to turn pale. He said he was falling, caught his breath and fell. His son caught him in his arms and it was seen that he had breathed his last.

Mr. Ramspeck was 64 years of age. He had retired from business on account of old age, and was enjoying the fruits of many years' hard and conscientious toil. He had considerable property in this state, and particularly around Decatur.

Funeral arrangements will be announced later. Apoplexy is supposed to have been the cause of death. The surviving members of the family are his wife, Mrs. Margaret M. Ramspeck; three daughters, Mrs. C. M. C. Gilmore, of Decatur; Mrs. E. P. Thomas, of New York, and Mrs. W. R. Harper, of Philadelphia, and one son, J. L. Ramspeck, of Decatur.

WILL SELL STOCK TO EQUITABLE

Hyde Holdings Will Not Go to Outsiders.

Rumors That Harriman Syndicate Made Offer for Stock Brought Out Statement That Schiff Is Opposed to Any Such Deal.

New York, February 17.—Reports that a syndicate, headed by E. H. Harriman, has made or will make an offer for the Hyde holdings in the Equitable Life Assurance Society were revived today, but were authoritatively denied.

It was said today that Jacob H. Schiff believes that the purchase of the Hyde stock by any individual or group of individuals in or out of the Equitable society would be a moral wrong, and that such control could only be wanted for ulterior purposes.

Mr. Schiff has been assured that Mr. Hyde has not thought of so disposing of his stock and that the Hyde stock will be sold into the Equitable treasury prior to the carrying out of the proposed mutualization plan.

Grave Trouble Foreseen.

It needs but little foresight, to tell, that when your stomach and liver are badly affected, grave trouble is ahead, unless you take the proper medicine for your disease, as Mrs. John A. Young, of Clay, N. Y., did. She says: "I had neuralgia of the liver and stomach, my heart was weakened, and I could not eat. I was very bad for a long time, but in Electric Bitters I found just what I needed, for they quickly relieved and cured me." Best medicine for weak women. Sold under guarantee by all druggists, at 50c a bottle.

Farmers To Meet.

Columbus, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) Muscogee farmers will meet at the court house tomorrow to select delegates to the state convention of cotton growers in Atlanta Tuesday.

MEETING FIXED PRICE FOR WORK

Turpentine Men Held Rate Conference at Valdosta Yesterday.

Valdosta, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) The subassociation of the Turpentine Operators' Association met in this city last night for the purpose of disposing of important matters. Among them was the fixing of prices to be paid for certain kinds of work this year.

The price to be paid for chipping is 60 cents to 65 cents per thousand; for dipping in back box territory 40 to 50 cents per barrel, and in round timber 35 to 40 cents per barrel.

All of the association's members will be governed by these prices. The reports submitted at the meeting showed that the box cut is much smaller than was indicated at the last meeting, and that few new boxes are being cut on account of the cold weather and the demoralized condition of labor.

Steps were taken to increase the membership of the association and increase its effectiveness.

Logs Can Be Moved.

Macon, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Judge Speer this morning issued an order permitting the Ocmulgee Lumber Company to remove a large lot of lumber ready to raft down the Ocmulgee because of the swollen condition of the river. A temporary injunction restraining the company from moving its logs was issued by Judge Speer the other day on the petition of Taylor et al in their cross bill of the same date. But owing to the condition of the river the company is now allowed to move its logs, though it is necessary for the officers of the company to furnish a $3,000 bond.

Ginners of Bibb To Organize.

Macon, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—The Bibb County Ginners' Association is to be organized this coming Wednesday when the peach growers of Georgia hold their annual convention in this city.

Thomas R. Ayer, a large planter of this county, is one of the leaders in the effort to get out a ginners' report which can compete with that of the government as to the cotton crop.

SUBWAY STRIKE AGAIN TALKED

Thousand Interborough Employees Have Agreed To Walk Out.

New York, February 17.—After a protracted meeting behind closed doors, at which 1,000 employees of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company were present, it has been determined to again make sweeping demands on the management of the road, failure to grant which it was declared by some of those present would result in a general strike on the Interborough system, both subway and elevated, March 1. There have been several meetings of a similar nature in the past year and each time the trouble has been settled after conferences with the road's officials.

COVINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY.

Company To Be Reorganized—Reasons for Disbandment.

Covington, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) The report that the Covington Light Infantry had been mustered out of the state's service by the governor because it did not measure up to the standard of proficiency required in a recent inspection is erroneous.

The Covington military company has not been inspected since the spring of 1904, and the result of this inspection was highly creditable to the company.

The one-year period of enlistment expired February 4. On account of private business, which absorbed so much of their time, Captain R. Burton Davis and First Lieutenant L. A. Clark tendered their resignations, to take effect at the expiration of the enlistment. As other commissioned officers could not be prevailed upon to fill the places thus made vacant, it was decided to disband when the enlistment expired.

A movement has been started to reorganize the company. A number of prominent citizens have been mentioned in connection with the captaincy of the new organization, among them Hon. Miles G. Turner, mayor of the city; Dr. W. D. Travis, Lieutenant A. B. Simms, of the disbanded company; John H. Echols and E. P. Clark.

TRIAL FOR NAN ON MARCH 6TH

Jerome Sets Date for New Hearing for Murder Case.

New York, February 17.—District Attorney Jerome today sent a notification to counsel for Nan Patterson that a new trial of her case will be begun March 6 in the criminal branch of the supreme court.

WOMAN LOST LIFE IN FLAMES.

Fifteen Men and Women Had Narrow Escapes.

New York, February 17.—A woman believed to be Miss Lydia Themel, of Philadelphia, was burned to death, and fifteen men and women narrowly escaped, in a fire which damaged the Hotel Winton, One hundred and tenth street and Broadway, early today.

The dead woman was about thirty years old. The others who escaped from the hotel refused to give their names. The fire started in a room on the second floor of the hotel, and when the firemen arrived the flames were bursting from the windows in the upper stories.

Miss Themel's body was found lying in a hallway, where she had been overcome by the smoke and the flames. She was badly burned, and died before a physician reached her.

The loss on the building was about $4.000.

TREES INJURE SEWER PIPES.

Waycross Is Cutting Down All Its Poplars.

Waycross, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) All the poplar trees on the streets of Waycross are being cut down by the city authorities because of the damage the roots of the trees are doing to the sewerage system. It is claimed that the roots penetrate the sewer pipes, causing leaks and breaks in the pipes. The authorities will allow no more poplars to be planted and every one on the principal streets where the sewer pipes run will be destroyed.



Can't You Sleep?

Do you know that sleeplessness is caused by exhaustion of the nerve forces; exhaustion which if continued may end in nervous collapses. Don't resort to opiates and dangerous drugs to secure rest; try

Fehr's Malt Tonic

A simple combination of health and nerve building foods that enter the system through the blood and feed the nerve centers with the food they need. It soothes like a mother's voice at the cradle side. Upon awakening you will have a clear mind and a rested body.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

FEHR'S MALT TONIC DEPT., Louisville, Ky.

HOLD UPS RIFE IN WINDY CITY

Twelve Men Kept at Bay While Bandits Took $800.

Chicago, February 17.—Twelve men have been held up by six armed robbers in the office of Max Mildenburg, proprietor of the electric light, oil and gasoline delivery, Clyborne place and Hawthorne street.

The highwaymen fired several shots as they entered, wounding two persons. They knocked another unconscious with a blow from a revolver. They then took more than $800 and escaped. There were only four men in the office when the robbers entered. F. Mildenburg, brother of the proprietor, and Julius Bensey, the clerk, were balancing the books, while Richard Hayes and James Fay, foremen of the drivers, were making their daily reports.

Without warning the six robbers appeared and began firing. Bensey and Mildenburg dropped to the floor to escape the flying bullets, but the two foremen were struck and slightly wounded. After the shooting the robbers ordered the four men to hold up their hands. At this point eight of the drivers and others in the barn, hearing the shooting, ran into the office. Revolvers were pointed at them and they were told to "Line up!" against the wall with the other four. While two of the robbers kept the victims in subjection the other four took Bensey, the clerk, into the inner office and ordered him to open the safe. He complied and they removed the contents, amounting to $800, the entire proceeds of the day's sale. The inner compartment remained locked, which contained only the private papers of the proprietor.

Bensey was commanded to open this and when he said he could not two of the robbers struck him several blows with their revolvers, making him unconscious. Then they carried him to the outer office, where they forced the twelve to lie face downward on the floor until they could be searched. When they secured all the plunder they could find the robbers fled. Police were sent to the scene and the neighborhood was searched, but no trace of the men could be found.

FLAMES CAUSE WOMAN'S DEATH

Mrs. Carter, of Waynesboro, Meets With Tragic Fate.

Waynesboro, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Mrs. Edward A. Carter, wife of Hon. E. A. Carter, was so seriously burned today that she died this afternoon about 7:20 o'clock.

She was sitting by the fire in her room and caught fire in some unknown way. When found by her husband, who was asleep in the next room, she was in a very serious condition.

Medical attention was rendered as soon as possible, but it was to no avail.

PREMIUM LISTS WILL BE LARGE

Fair Committee Is Appointed and Meets Here February 23.

Augusta, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—The following statement was given out today by Secretary Martin V. Calvin, of the Georgia State Agricultural Society:

"President Hughes, of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, has appointed a fair committee as follows: Hon. John A. Cobb, Hon. R. F. Crittenden, Hon. J. J. Conner, Col. T. J. Lyon, Col. R. Leonard, C. H. Ramsey, Colonel B. N. Barron, President Hughes, Martin V. Calvin.

This committee will meet in Atlanta on the 23d inst., and proceed at once to name county agricultural, collective individual agricultural and individual agricultural premiums which will aggregate $12,000.

"Subsequently the committee will confer with the fair committee of the Southern Interstate Fair Association, nine members, as to premiums for live stock, poultry, etc., amounting to $10,000.

"Later, President Hughes will announce the name of the grand superintendent of departments and the names of the fifteen department superintendents, all of whom, except one, will be members of the state Society. The exception will be an Atlanta lady who will be appointed superintendent of the department of woman's work. This lady will receive the same per diem authorized for the gentlemen superintendents."

O'NEIL DIES BY OWN HAND.

Formerly at Head of Get-Rich-Quick Concern.

Hot Springs, Ark., February 17.—John O'Neil, formerly at the head of the Christy Investment Company, of St. Louis, an alleged get-rich-quick concern that flourished several years ago, blew his brains out here today. He had lived here for several months.

Recently indictments were returned against him in St. Louis by a federal grand jury in connection with his alleged get-rich-quick operations, and when he killed himself today he was in charge of a deputy United States marshal, who was awaiting O'Neil's recovery from illness and the result of his efforts to secure local bond. His wife was with him when he killed himself.

Veterans Going Fast.

Macon, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—D. H. Wilkinson, a confederate veteran, died suddenly in the crib of his barn in Baldwin county late yesterday afternoon. His death was unexpected, as he was in the best of health.

Hardly a dozen of the hundred who followed the flag of company G, Forty-fifth Georgia, through the civil war now live to tell the story of that sad-starred company. Mr. Wilkinson was one of the last of these. Out of nineteen of his children seventen still survive him.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

Very convenient for tourists.

PREPARED BY

J. H. Lyon, D.D.S.

WARNING GIVEN TO ROOSEVELT

Congress Won't Endure Unwarranted Interference.

Action of Senate Means Probability of Serious Clashes—Some People Even Look for a Big Split in the Republican Party.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, February 17.—(Special.)—All Washington has given itself over to wondering whether the clash between the president and the senate over the arbitration treaties is going to have far-reaching results—whether this open difference between the president and not only the democrats, but a majority of the republicans, will have effect upon other questions of policy than those directly involved.

There is, apparently, no end to the number of people who look for much trouble, if not a wide-open breach such as marked the relations of President Cleveland and the senate during his second term. The I-told-you-sos are very much in evidence. These are gentlemen who, from the time President Roosevelt inherited his office have been indulging in predictions that one result of his continuance therein would be the breaking up of the republican party into two irreconcilable camps. These men, and many of them are men of great prominence in the republican party, have been full of the idea that the temperamental make-up of the president would, sooner or later, lead to open differences of a far-reaching nature with the influences controlling the republican side of the senate and with the old republican leaders who represent those influences; and they point to this clash over the wording of the arbitration treaties as evidence of the beginning of that end.

Constructive Recess Coincidence.

It does not, however, necessarily follow that the senate's turn-down of the president and Secretary Hay in this one particular is part of a general policy of antagonism, or that it means all these prophets are predicting. To be sure, the report of Senator Spooner and other members of the judiciary committee repudiating the president's unique "constructive recess" theory, coming as this does right on the heels of the other action, would seem at first glance to show a tendency on the part of republican senators to administer a general calldown to the white house, but this does not necessarily follow. While the coincidence of the appearance of this report may be significant, the two matters considered have no relationship. Indeed, there never has been any question that whenever the judiciary committee reached a finding upon the "constructive recess" question it must necessarily be adverse to the Roosevelt-Root theory.

Acknowledged Untenable.

At the time the appointments made under this theory were being considered by the senate, the leading lawyers on the republican side acknowledged to their fellow-senators that the position taken by the president was absolutely untenable, but they confirmed the nominations rather than bring on a clash. Their attitude at the time toward the president was: "You're guilty, but we'll let you off this time on assurance that you'll never do it again."

So everybody was prepared for the opinion which Senator Spooner has advanced and presented to the committee. While it, of course, will have no effect upon the senate's action in confirming the nominations of Crum and the army nominations involved, it will be valuable as a precedent against "constructive" recesses in the future. But this action of the senate committee does not necessarily have an intimate relation with the split over the treaties, though perhaps it is natural, in view of the time of its appearance, to construe it that way.

There is, however, one direction in which the senate's line-up on the treaties is sure to have an effect. That is in reference to the Santo Domingo matter and other phases of foreign policy. The senate's amendment of the arbitration treaty means distinctly and decisively that there is to be no abrogation on its part of its constitutional duties as a part of the treaty-making power.

Other administrations have at times assumed to themselves something of the same attitude now occupied by President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay toward the senate, though perhaps at no time has the feeling been so strong in the executive department that in dealing with foreign powers the senate should be either disregarded entirely or regarded only as a necessary evil. It is unquestionably true that Mr. Roosevelt believes the senate should sit supinely by and let him make any "big stick" plays he may desire so long as he does them under cover of "agreements" or "protocols," even if these are treaties in everything else than name.

Complete Change of Face.

When inquiry into the reported action with reference to Santo Domingo was started by the resolution introduced by Senator Bacon, of Georgia, the president and Secretary Hay were inclined to resent what they considered senate interference. Their first idea was to ignore the senate. When, however, leading republican senators gave them to understand no such arrangement as that with Santo Domingo could be undertaken save by regular treaty, there were hurried denials that anything else was contemplated, and this in the face of the disclosures made when the text of the "protocol"—a treaty in everything save name and lacking only the provision for ratification which must be part of every treaty with a foreign power—was published by the newspapers. Then there was a hurried change of front on the part of the executive branch of the government. It was announced that this protocol "had been rejected" and a formal treaty was being negotiated.

It is, of course, a notorious fact that had it not been for the demand for the facts embraced in the Bacon resolution of inquiry, and the discussion over this in the committee on foreign relations, there would have been no thought on the part of the president and the state department of a treaty. The protocol in question was not "rejected" because of any lack of approval of its form and its terms by the executive branch, but the new treaty was ordered solely because it was realized that the senate's attitude could not be successfully controverted. Republican senators would not stand for the position the president and Secretary Hay had taken and said so.

Considered on Its Merits.

When the treaty comes, it will be considered on its merits in the light of the circumstances deemed to make it necessary. The attitude of the senate does not mean objection to the assumption of supervision of the Santo Domingo custom houses by this government, though it may be opposed on the ground that for the United States to go into that business may be a dangerous precedent. But the merits of that situation have never yet been discussed in the senate, for the reason that the facts have never as yet been presented to that body.

There can be no question, however, that the attitude of the senate in reference to the arbitration treaties shows determination to exercise that strict supervision of the foreign relations of this government which the constitution puts upon the senate. And this is not at all enjoyed at the other end of the avenue.

The possibilities of serious clashes are there—no question about it. Sometimes the senate has been complaisant and overlook its duty in this direction, usually because of political considerations, but when the great majority of senate republicans voted for amendment of the arbitration treaties despite executive appeal and cajolery, if not threat, notice was served upon the executive that there is to be strict supervision in the future. For this reason, the coming of the Santo Domingo treaty is awaited with a large amount of interest that would not usually attach to such a document.

The president's action in refusing to present the amended treaties to the foreign governments with which they were negotiated is not calculated to help matters, so far as they relate to the attitude of the senate toward himself. There is a disposition on the part of some senators to construe this a petulant attempt to snub or insult the senate. It may not be that, but so long as it is so construed, the action in question does not make for good feeling.

Many treaties have been amended by the senate, some of them very much improved by amendment. It is interesting in this connection to recall the fact that Mr. Roosevelt, then governor of New York, was most vigorous in his denunciation of the first Hay-Pauncefote treaty which he characterized as a surrender on the part of this government, and he lauded those senators, at whose head was the late Cushman K. Davis, then chairman of the committee on foreign relations, who insisted upon amendment. Then, as now, Mr. Hay resented the amendment, holding that the treaty as negotiated could not be bettered, but subsequently a treaty in line with the senate amendments was negotiated with Great Britain.

Does Not Affect Arbitration.

So far as the principle of arbitration is concerned, the attitude of the senate certainly does not weaken in the slightest degree this country's adherence to it. The United States has always been ready and willing to submit all proper questions to arbitration. The treaty as amended shows this just as clearly as did the original; the only difference is that the arrangement of details concerning what should be submitted to arbitration is left in the hands of the treaty making power instead of being turned over to the executive branch of the government alone. If, as is claimed, the treaties as they were amended amount to nothing more than formal resolutions in favor of the principle of arbitration, it is because under the provisions of the constitution that is as far as any such general treaty can go.

The position taken by the senate is strongly indorsed by the men who have been most active in promoting the cause of arbitration. For several years there has been an organized movement toward building up arbitration sentiment in this country. At the head, and as chief inspiration of this movement, have been Andrew Carnegie, former Secretary of State John W. Foster, and former Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh. The meetings of the parent organization here in Washington have been held at the home of Mr. Foster. Mr. Carnegie has done more to promote the feeling for arbitration than any other one man.

Now all three of these men have come out in cards and interviews in strong indorsement of the action of the senate in amending the treaties. They say the senate's position is absolutely right, and they do not at all agree with the administration's contention that the cause of arbitration is weakened by the amended treaties instead of strengthened. There is no equivocation in their support of the senate.

Could Have Been Avoided.

Pride of authorship has a good deal to do with these differences between the senate and executive branch over treaties. This clash could easily be avoided were the heads of the state department to recognize the full part the senate must play in making any treaty effective. There is no reason in the world, for instance, why the rough draft of any treaty should not be first submitted in confidence to the senate committee on foreign relations before it is finally shaped up for signature by the accredited representatives of the foreign government. Consideration in this way would develop the strength and the weaknesses of any pending convention, and final action could be taken accordingly. This would save the state department being humiliated by rejection or amendment of a treaty signed. As Senator Cullom, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, says:

"The senate's position is right, undoubtedly. If anything is done hereafter the president will have to take the senate into his confidence. It might require a little more time."

There is no good reason for the state department authorities and the president feeling that amendment means humiliation, however. Foreign governments know, or ought to know, that any treaty is subject to the supervision and indorsement of the senate. It may hurt the feelings of the American negotiators at times, but it neither reflects upon the government of the United States nor makes any less effective its treaties.

Bars Children from Mines.

Helena, Mont., February 17.—Governor Toole has signed the bill recently passed by the legislature prohibiting the employment of children in mines.







Booth Tarkington's In the Arena

"'The Gentleman from Indiana in Politics,' that is what we might have called this new book of Mr. Tarkington's. In this latest work the brilliant author of 'The Gentleman from Indiana' and 'Monsieur Beaucaire' has drawn extensively upon his experiences and observations in the Legislature of his native State, with the result that he has given such a gallery of political portraits and such an account of how things are worked in the great arena as has never before been achieved in American literature. All the types of political life are here rendered with that life-like quality that characterizes all Mr. Tarkington's creations. Humor and pathos both play over every page.

"Mr. Tarkington has done for the short story what Mr. Ade has done for the stage, and 'In The Arena' should have a success similar to that of 'The County Chairman.'" *N. Y. Globe.*

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Leave Atlanta 12:00 noon, 12:15 noon, 12 midnight.
Arrive Washington 6:42 a. m., 9:55 a. m., 9:30 p. m.

THROUGH SLEEPERS. DINING CARS.

Tickets on sale March 2nd and 3rd, good until March 8th, with privilege of extension until March 18th by depositing ticket and paying $1.00. For sleeper reservations or other information write to or call on

J. C. BEAM, JR., District Passenger Agent, ATLANTA.

Save Your Money.

One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills. They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.

No Reckless Assertion

For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

ADDICKS LOSES SIX HENCHMEN

However Ballot at Joint Session Had No Result.

Dover, Del., February 17.—When the general assembly met in joint session today six of the union republicans broke away from J. Edward Addicks. They divided their votes between T. Coleman Dupont, regular republican; Henry A. Richardson, regular republican, and ex-Secretary of State Caleb R. Layton, union republican. Only one ballot was taken. It was without result. The democrats and Addicks republicans then forced an adjournment until tomorrow.

BODY FOUND ON THE SEASHORE.

Major Pakenham Disappeared Few Days After His Marriage.

London, February 17.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Major Harry Pakenham, while on his honeymoon at Folkstone, Kent, last week, has been partially cleared up by the discovery of his body on the seashore near there today. Major Pakenham was a son of General Ralph Pakenham, and his mother was a daughter of William Clarke, of New York. He was married February 7, in London, to Miss Markham, sister of the late Lady Annesley, and was staying with his bride at a hotel in Folkestone.

Three days after the marriage Major Pakenham went out for a stroll, telling his wife that he would not be gone long. The next day his overcoat was found in the harbor, and a note in a pocket said he was sick and saw no prospect of getting better.

Major Pakenham contracted enteric fever during the South African war.



BILLY BAXTER'S BEST WHISKEY

Best for Home Use

Best for Medicinal Use

Ask Your Dealer For It

$1 per Quart; 50c Pint; 25c ½ Pint

CHAS. M. PFEIFER & CO.,

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The Constitution.

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Our traveling representatives are W. H. OVERBY and C. H. DONNELLY, Solicitors, W. W. BLACKBURN, CHARLES S. MOORE, W. H. CORRIGAN and E. L. PARKER. Be sure that you do not pay any one else.
CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

ATLANTA, GA., February 18, 1905.

How'd you like to be a Russian grand duke?

Let the plumber be charitable and likewise merciful.

The cotton holding conventions go bravely on, and they hold.

President Roosevelt hasn't got around to the bankruptcy law yet.

The czar will now hasten to give other cautious assurances of reform.

Mr. Hearst's maiden effort on the floor of congress was a gallery-rubberer.

This "zemsky zabor" sounds like "the limit," and it is time Russia reached it.

President Roosevelt is believed to be still entertaining the extra session bug.

Hoch is not the only man or woman either, who made a business of marrying.

Cheer up; hand organ is frozen, but saw a small boy trying to fly a kite yesterday.

Wish those Japs would capture a steamer loaded with coal and ship contents to us.

Lady Curzon has at last escaped from the physicians, after leaving $50,000 in their hands.

Good morning, "Little Father;" how are your grand ducal uncles and cousins getting along?

Apropos of Senator Mitchell's letter to his law partner, it was a good letter to "burn without fail."

The senate is said to feel bad because the president will not take it into his confidence. That is all.

President Castro will now please walk up to the great American spanking machine like the little hero that he is.

Perhaps, it is just as well for our constitutional liberties that the senate and the president do not get too "thick."

Johann Hoch says he will go on the stage when he gets out of jail. He'd be a great star in the "Bluebeard" role.

Perhaps, the west is only more vigilant and conscientious in indicting its United States senators than is the east.

"After Roosevelt, what?" asks The Houston, Tex., Chronicle. Why, the end of the world, if not "the deluge," of course.

Maybe, on second thought, there would be no fit place to send Generals Wood and Corbin if we did not own the Philippines.

We'd like to know what on earth ever made an Elberta bud venture out such weather as we have been having for a month past!

The way Colonel Roosevelt captured Kettle Hill was nothing to compare with the way he captured "Little Hungary," in wildest New York city.

If Kansas goes into the business of refining petroleum she may furnish a valuable object lesson in nationalization as a cure for trust monopoly.

Wonder how many congressmen would have voted for the Esch-Townsend bill had they not felt certain the measure could never pass the senate?

If the president gets into a personal controversy with the senate, he might play even by adopting the Hearst plan and call a lot of the indicted senators by name.

The senate is jealous of presidential encroachments on its constitutional prerogatives, and the house entertains the same jealous suspicions toward the senate. It's a nice mix-up and rapidly growing worse.

The freight rate reform bill affords the average member's Congressional Record opportunity. The speech need not necessarily have been orally delivered. It is enough to deliver it to the public printer as "copy."

Senator Clark, of Montana, is still spending money like water for the paintings of great artists for his New York palace. He is said to judge of the value of a piece of art through his knowledge of the critical judgment and financial resources of those who bid against him.

Caught in the Act!

Having been "caught in the act," so to speak, and with the goods in its possession, as far as it was able to obtain them, our mercurial Broad street contemporary has succeeded in losing its temper, as usual, because The Constitution, by publishing the truth, has torn off its mask and exhibited it as a journalistic pharisee.

Having published every advertisement sent it by Theodore Price or anybody else, for years, it awoke one day to find that all the largely circulated papers in the south contained a large two-page advertisement from the same Mr. Price. The Journal, having received and published all other announcements which had been heretofore sent out by that firm, immediately proceeded to find out why it had not obtained this one, promptly sending the following telegram to Mr. Price:

"Atlanta, Ga., January 7, 1905.

"May we insert Theodore Price double-page? Journal reaches thousands who see no other daily. Circulation forty-four six eighty.

"ATLANTA JOURNAL."

It did not get the advertisement thus earnestly solicited and it was foolish enough to believe that the public would know nothing about it. So, evidently with the view of exhibiting its resentment, it exploited a publication assailing those southern newspapers publishing this advertisement. The public was to inferentially understand that its own skirts were so spotless that it could afford to specify alleged crime and denounce it in others. There was a "holier than thou" attitude about it that was beautiful to behold! Of course, The Journal would not have published such an advertisement! Oh, no! not for the world! Notwithstanding the fact that it had been carrying such advertisements for a period of years. But such a thing as a two-page advertisement—never! never! never!

In defense of its strangely contradictory position, The Journal now publishes a letter alleged to have been written by its advertising department on January 25th—keep the date in mind—explaining, in effect, that all advertising matter accepted by that paper is naturally submitted to the editorial department for approval before publication. In other words, The Journal earnestly solicited a two-page advertisement from Price on January 7th. On January 25th—nearly three weeks later—The Journal wrote a letter to Mr. Price's agent stating, in effect, that it was well enough that he had refused publication of the advertisement, for had he yielded to the earnest entreaty of that paper to let it have the ad., it probably would have been turned down by the editorial department. It required nearly three weeks to frame this ingenious reply, according to the published correspondence as given by The Journal itself. And keep in view the fact that the letter was written long AFTER the ad. was refused by Mr. Price.

When Mr. Price first learned of this virtuous play, he promptly telegraphed The Constitution to the effect that The Journal had solicited the advertisement in question and been turned down.

Who did the soliciting? The Atlanta Journal.

Who did the declining? Theodore Price.

And yet, behold the following from The Journal of yesterday:

The Journal declined to print it after it had been solicited—The Constitution printed as much of it as it could get. The Constitution had the right to print the advertising, if it saw fit—that is to say, it had the right to dispose of its space for any purpose not positively in violation of the criminal laws of the country, if it wanted to. The Journal had the right to do the same thing. We both had the right to decline it. The Journal exercised this right, The Constitution did not.

To do The Journal justice, it did do a little "declining." A second and relatively insignificant Price "ad." was offered it recently and it jumped at the chance to "decline," having been caught in the act of pleading for a two-page ad. which it did not get. It would, of course, have been a species of insanity for The Journal to have accepted copy from Price after its thorough humiliation over the original two-page "ad."

But the opening was too tempting for resistance. Still sore over the first failure to receive the two-page ad. and the exposure of its childish duplicity in the matter, The Journal welcomed the chance to confuse the two transactions and give the dear public the impression that it had repelled with righteous violence the attempt of an enemy to invade its columns with a two-page ad.

If any one is entitled to credit for the failure of the Price matter to appear in The Journal, it is Price himself. He it was that turned down The Journal's original overture and exposed its subsequent spurious heroics.

The Journal's attack on The Constitution is a matter of indifference to this paper, save as it constitutes a similar unwarranted criticism of the many newspapers in the south. The Constitution has at no time attempted a defense of its position, for the reason that a defense was not necessary. Its business department, in common with those of a score of representative southern dailies, accepted Mr. Price's advertisement just as any other advertisement. It did not share nor was it responsible for the sentiments contained therein, as stated emphatically at the time and reiterated on infinite occasions previously and subsequently to the day of publication. An examination of the files of The Journal will demonstrate that that paper has time and again in the past sold space to Theodore Price for his bear advertisements. Only when it was refused an ad. that other papers published did it discover that it was such a horrible thing for a newspaper to carry this kind of an advertisement.

The Journal, therefore, in the role of censor of press morals and an indiscriminate challenger of the right of business departments of papers to print advertisements at variance with their editorial opinions, is not at all logical or convincing. Its animus is too glaringly apparent and its attempt to misinterpret the motives of newspapers old and tried in the service of the people of this section will fall flat. The Constitution is willing to stand pat on its long record of fealty to the agricultural and other interests of the south and it believes it speaks for the other southern newspapers included, by implication, in the innuendoes of our contemporary.

But we are convinced that The Journal is not sincere in its bilious acrobatics of yesterday.

Caught in a horribly embarrassing position, practically "with the goods on," in a moment of feverish inspiration it conceived the heroic pose as the only way out. The props having been knocked from under this pharisaical, melodramatic pose, what more natural than an undignified sprawling on the ground and an angry spitting and spluttering as its ridiculous attitude became more apparent.

For Sweet Charity.

The meeting in the rooms of the Atlanta chamber of commerce, at 11 o'clock this morning, for the purpose of organizing a central association to supervise the distribution of local charity, should and doubtless will, be well attended. The charitable people of Atlanta are very much in earnest in this matter and recognize the practical nature of the proposed centralized plan.

The purpose of the meeting, which is open to everybody interested in relieving cases of destitution and the sufferings of extreme poverty in Atlanta, is to found an Associated Charities in this city along the lines followed in nearly every city of the union as large as Atlanta.

We bespeak for the organization meeting a large and enthusiastic attendance and complete success in its praiseworthy effort. The Associated Charities will fill a distinct want in Atlanta philanthropy and our people will support it heartily and with their wonted liberality in such matters.

Atlanta Will Do Her Part.

Atlanta is moving with characteristic energy in the matter of lending financial assistance to her strong moral support of the great cotton-holding and short-planting movement of the southern farmers. The rousing chamber of commerce meeting held Tuesday night has given quick impetus to a movement that only awaited organization to insure its success, in so far as liberal action on Atlanta's part can insure its success.

The resolutions adopted by the Atlanta chamber of commerce are echoed in every Atlantan's heart, and the committee of that body appointed to cooperate with the press of the city in raising funds for the necessary organization expenses of the Southern Cotton Association is meeting with the most hearty cooperation and encouragement on the part of our citizens generally.

Atlanta can be depended upon to do her full part in this important matter, for no other southern city sustains a more intimate relation to the cotton world than does Atlanta. Geographically and in point of commerce and industry Atlanta is the cotton metropolis of the south. Although inland, this city is peculiarly the urban barometer of the cotton market, unerringly reflecting the health or unhealth of the great southern field staple. All roads that lead to Atlanta (and all roads lead to Atlanta) are marked by a trail of cotton. No city of the south is more vitally or warmly interested in the well-being of cotton as a product and in the prosperity of the man who grows cotton than is Atlanta.

Atlanta will generously support the cotton growers in their preliminary work of organization, for it is recognized by all Atlantans that the movement, at such a stage, must depend more or less on the moral and pecuniary support of urban interests in the south. Money is necessary to get the machinery of the organization set up and in working order, and to that end Atlanta will contribute her full quota.

The committee of the chamber of commerce specially appointed to look after this phase of the matter held a most satisfactory meeting yesterday and all arrangements are now under way to enlist in the movement Atlanta's fullest and warmest support.

No Result in Missouri.

Jefferson City, Mo., February 17—After taking one ballot the joint session of the Missouri legislature today adjourned until Monday without any material change in the senatorial deadlock.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA."

When a Feller's Tired Out.

I.

The prospects o' the future are mightily in doubt,—
No colors in the rainbow when a feller's tired out!
When he's toiled in barren vineyards, an' "Toil on!" storm-voices shout,—
Oh, he faces starless heavens—that feller, tired out!

II.

When he gives unto the homeless a shelter overhead,
An' hears no sweet "God bless you!" from the Hunger he has fed,
Is it any wonder, people, that the Night falls round about?
Oh, a feller's tired out then—a feller's tired out!

III.

The tollin' would be sweeter, if he knew, when toil was done,
An' he thought of rest an' dreamin', an' said "Goodbye" to the sun.
There'd be lights in glad, sweet windows, like stars o'er stormy foam,
An' hearts to time his footsteps, where Life's highway ends in "Home!"

IV.

But when never falls a blessing on the tired slave of a day,
An' hands let slip Life's lions—crouched cruel, in the way,
I tell you, earth's a desert, an' heaven itself in doubt,
An' a feller's tired out, friends,—a feller's tired out!

V.

An' I think, when Life is ended, with its sorrows an' its sighs,
An' the faith-formed light of heaven dawns on his dreamin' eyes,
If there's any rest hereafter, his will never be in doubt:—
Six feet o' dust an' daisies for that feller—tired out!

* * * * *

Overheard at the Breakfast Table.

"I see," said Mrs. Jinks, as she laid the morning paper down, "that they have located a wretch out west who has four wives—and all of them living!"

Mr. Jinks looked thoughtful. Then, he said, abruptly:—

"Molly, what lunatic asylum is he in?"

* * * * *

And now the man who annually kills the peach crop has put in an appearance in this blizzardy, February weather. Well, brandied peaches are good; but—let the peaches go. Praised be the gods with cherry-cheeks and dimples all a-race, they can't freeze the brandy!

* * * * *

The Midnight Cry.

(Atlanta, 1905.)

I.

A cry came through the midnight
When heaven seemed blind and dumb,—
The cry of little children:
And Charity said, "I come!"

II.

"The tempest storms the stars out—
The black night veils the lands;
But I come, O little children,
With healing in my hands!"

III.

The white-winged, shining angels
Heard not that midnight call;
The snow lay deep:—heaven was asleep,
But Charity knew all!

* * * * *

A Little Faole.

Once there was a Soul that, for a consideration, sold itself to the Devil; and the Devil watched its progress through this earthly life with peculiar interest. But, when time came for the forfeit, the Devil could not be found; and the Soul, knocking in vain for admittance, saw this sign on the barred gates: "You're Too Much for Me. Hell's Full!"

* * * * *

The Discouraged Brother.

I.

The peach crap's ruint,
An' the plum crap, too—
Cotton's goin' beggin',
An' I dunno what we'll do!

II.

I think a airthquake's comin'
That'll shake the bones o' you!
A harricane's a-hummin',
An' I dunno what we'll do!

III.

Have pity on the nation,
Good Lord, send skies o' blue,—
But we're blue as all creation,
An' I dunno what we'll do!

* * * * *

Seven first-class moonshine distilleries were frozen over in Bill county. But the obliging citizens in the neighborhood have offered to crack that ice for nothing!

* * * * *

Same Old Story.

"Where's your New Year Resolution now?"

"Well, the blizzard come along—
"An' my left ear froze—
"An my left leg was hit by the rheumatism, an'—
"But— what'll you take?"

* * * * *

Even a blizzard brings blessings, in showing us the right side of human nature—that this world is not as cold as its weather, and that that Charity that takes the mantle from its shoulders to cover the needy, is not a dream!

* * * * *

Weary for You.

I.

Come, Spring! and pile the blossoms
In all the frosty ways,
And let the birds give melting notes
For more than thirty days!

II.

Lead the brown sparrows to the eaves
Where icy diamonds cling;
Send music thrilling through green leaves,
And teach our souls to sing!

* * * * *

To think that of 12,000 stories submitted in the Collier short-story contest, only 38 were found available! Brethren, hadn't some of us better keep on at the rail-splittin' business?

* * * * *

A Blizzard Item.

Col' February hug de fire—
De blizzard howlin' high en higher;
But Mister March, he up en say:
"I'll blow dat blizzard clean away!"

F. L. S.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Prune the Shade Trees.

Editor Constitution: The unwelcome storm that prevailed in Atlanta and other parts of Georgia in recent days has wrought havoc in many directions. However, the most of the damage and suffering will soon be a matter of the past, the suffering will be forgotten and the damages replaced by individuals, corporations and municipalities.

However, the damage done to the beautiful shade trees, the pride of Atlanta, will be a matter hard to repair unless definite and scientific methods are employed and energetically carried out.

Many of the trees can be saved and repaired if done in due time, therefore may I suggest as one living in the surrounding of beautiful nature in the mountains of northeast Georgia, I can fully appreciate the disfiguring of the shade trees of Atlanta and will not your paper take the proper steps to call the attention of the authorities of the city of Atlanta, either themselves or others and a general call to the citizens of Atlanta to have most of the trees pruned immediately before the sap commences to rise, and it is reasonable to expect if this is done that the trees will recover from their wounds.

Further, where the trees have been totally destroyed I take the liberty to suggest that mulberry trees be planted, as they provide beautiful shade and will in time be useful for many poor families, when obtaining the privilege to collect the leaves for the silk worm, which is the case in Austria-Hungary, where many families derive a livelihood from the promise to pluck leaves on many of the streets and boulevards of the suburbs to the extent not to injure and disfigure the trees, and they will also be a symbol for the entire state of Georgia to plant the valuable tree which nurses the silk worm.

LOUIS B. MAGID.

Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta Praises Dixon.

Editor Constitution: I have just finished reading "The Clansman," by Thomas Dixon, Jr. The writer was living at that time amid the scenes and events so vividly pictured by the brilliant author, and I want every young white man to read "The Leopard's Spots" and "The Clansman," to realize what a burden the white men of the south of that period had on their shoulders.

P. A. SUMMEY.

Atlanta, Ga.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Brunswick Journal: The state fair in Atlanta, with Cap. Joyner as manager, ought to have plenty of fireworks.

Waycross Herald: Atlanta claims that she started that cold wave last week. We are satisfied seeing as how she got the biggest end of it.

Swainsboro Blade: Atlanta is to have Jeffries and Lajoie both at one time. Next she ought to send over and get Kuropatkin and Kuroki.

Darien Gazette: Atanta captures the state fair and a great exposition may be expected in the fall. Atlanta generally gets what she goes after.

Wadley Banner: Atlanta's reduction in freight rates were effective February 1. The Atlanta dailies, having disposed of this question, can now devote their whole time to baseball.

Vienna News: Atlanta bid $45,000 and secured the state fair over Macon. Money talks, however, in most everything. As far as the country press is concerned, Atlanta always does the "jam up thing." Let everybody pull up a notch and make it a great fair.

LOOKS LIKE RAIN AGAIN.

No Change in Temper or Temperature Is Looked for in Weather Today.

Cloudiness and probable rain are again the forecast for Atlanta today.

More than this, according to the indications in the weather bureau, there is nothing to suggest any great change either in the temper of the temperature or the elements. The sun shone yesterday, although rain was threatened every now and then. The maximum temperature was 38 degrees, the minimum 31, and the average 35. While even this improvement showed a deficiency of 15 degrees for the day and more than 400 for the year since New Year's day, the change was a long step in the right direction.

A still more hopeful condition is the fact that even if a rain comes today, it will not be one of those terribly cold rains followed with temperatures that block traffic and the best of temperaments with great chunks of ice. Altogether the weather seems to be looking up for Atlanta.

In a general way, this same hopeful condition applies to all parts of the country, for there was nothing sensational in or on the weather map issued yesterday. All of which makes the pleasant prospects still more pleasing.

DREAMLAND.

(From The Cartersville News.)

I am not, I hope, a crank, but I have a strong leaning towards the primitive, the savage and the untamed. In me the call of the wild has always met a ready and enthusiastic response, and I love the smell of the woods as the toper loves his wine.

Often I have bought books and newspapers to while away the time on the train only to lay them aside unread while I gazed for hours out of the window. Inside the car is smoke and dirt and empty talk of dull people. But what a world is outside! The wind stirs the leafless branches of the winter woods. The sun kisses the rugged mountain tops. The muskrat leaves his track on the ice which covers the stream, the rabbit gnaws the bark in the alder thicket and the mink hies himself to his moss hidden den.

That is the world of primitive simplicity, untamed, untouched and unspoiled by the blighting hand of man. These wild things live their lives naturally and unaffectedly, without fads, without changing styles of clothes, without theologies and philosophies!

Every one has his favorite corner in dreamland. I have mine. But mine does not comprehend great cities and marble palaces and gilded furniture and stirring music. There is no lime-light, no street parade and no brass band, and there are no late banquets and tiresome oratory. But in my little corner of dreamland the campfires of hunters and explorers blaze, the moss-covered log cabins of trappers stand by streams which freeze white and still in winter, and in the trackless woods the deer and the moose and the wildcat plow through the snow, while here and there are glimpses of a rugged coast, where rocky spruce-covered hills give back forever the solemn voice of the sea.

J. A. H.

Dumond Made Art Chief.

Portland, Oreg., February 17.—Frank Dumond, of New York city, one of the best known art critics of this country, was today appointed chief of the fine art of the Lewis and Clark centennial exposition. Mr. Dumond will arrive here May 1 to superintend the hanging of the pieces, some of which are the best known originals in the world.

STATE GOSSIP CAUGHT IN CAPITOL CORRIDORS

BERESFORD GREATHEAD, the "world walker," wants to deliver a lecture to the students of the public schools of Atlanta. He also wants to secure a fac simile of the great seal of Georgia.

These two interesting announcements were contained in a letter from Professor Greathead, dated Marietta, Ga., and received by Governor Terrell yesterday. Professor Greathead recently delivered a lecture at Canton, Ga., one of the points on his itinerary, and he is now engaged in footing it toward Atlanta, expecting to arrive here this morning.

Upon his arrival in Atlanta Professor Greathead will call on the governor in accordance with his announced intention. Governor Terrell will refer him to Superintendent of Schools W. F. Slaton in regard to the matter of delivering his lecture to the pupils of the public schools.

Professor Greathead was foremly in the Canadian government service. He is a graduate of the Ghent, Belgium, university, and is making his tour of the world on foot purely as a scientific and a literary proposition.

Wants To Locate a Colony.

Governor Terrell received an interesting inquiry yesterday regarding the status of certain land on the Southern railway in the middle southern section of the state.

The letter did not state in what county the land is located, but it came from the Southern railway's land agent, and gave the information that certain parties are trying to locate a colony of several hundred people. It went on to say that these people were hesitating about coming to Georgia because they fear an excessive tax rate later on should the state be required to pay any of its repudiated bonds, and they expressed the fear also as to questionable titles to the land on account of the fraudulent land grants of 1794.

The governor replied that there was no danger as to an excessive tax rate on account of the state's repudiated bonds, because the constitution prohibits their payment. All of the fraudulent land grants were in Montgomery county and one or two other counties in that section of the state, and it can easily be ascertained whether the tract in question has any doubt cast upon it as the result of those frauds.

Will Go to Inauguration.

E. C. Dunn, of Oglethorpe county, was yesterday appointed by State School Commissioner W. B. Merritt as one of five students in Georgia high schools who will be given the privilege of marching in the inaugural parade on the occasion of the inauguration of President Roosevelt on March 4 next.

Commissioner Merritt has received a letter from Hon. Emmett Womack, of the interior department in Washington, notifying him the five high school students from Georgia will be permitted to march in the inaugural parade, and this appointment is the first one made in this connection. Four other Georgia high school students will be appointed by Commissioner Merritt within the next few days.

Considerable inquiry has been received at the office of the state school commissioner with regard to this matter. The boys designated for this trip will, of course, have to pay thier own expenses. No provision has been made for paying these expenses, as some seem to think.

Must Pay Their Taxes.

Executions for county taxes were issued yesterday by Comptroller General William A. Wright against the Wadley and Mount Vernon and the Stillmore Air Line railroads, two branch roads in the southeastern section of the state, connecting with the Central of Georgia.

Executions were issued against the Wadley and Mount Vernon railroad for county taxes as follows: Johnson county, $517.10; Montgomery county, $56.52, and Laurens county, $10.18.

Executions were issued against the Stillmore Air Line as follows: In favor of Emanuel county, for $822.97, and in favor of Tattnall county, for $186.69.

Both of these roads have paid their state taxes. The executions for county taxes were forwarded to the sheriffs of the respective counties with instructions to levy and enforce payment.

Early County Criminals.

Three murders and an assault with intent to murder, is the record which Early county sent to the executive office yesterday. The governor offered rewards as follows, in four cases, all from Early county: One hundred dollars for Will Smith, who murdered Willie Belle Smith December 1, 1903; $100 for Mack Mitchell, who killed Ella Mitchell, November 26, 1904; $100 for Charley Howard, who murdered Ed Smith, February 4, 1905, and $100 for Ben Jones, who made an effort to murder M. C. Cobb, November 5, 1904.

State Capitol Notes.

Senator Cruger Westbrook, who will be in the new state senate from the tenth, composed of Dougherty, Lee and Worth, Representative J. T. Mann, of Dougherty county, and I. J. Hefmayer, of Albany, were among the prominent callers at the governor's office yesterday.

The Augusta Indemnity Company, a benevolent insurance order of Augusta, has filed an application with Secretary of State Phil Cook for permission to change its name to the Washington Life and Accident Insurance Company, of America. The application, which was filed by the secretary and treasurer, Charles E. Crocker, will be considered today.

Hon. Hugh J. Rowe, of Athens, editor of The Athens Banner, and one of the best knewn newspaper men in the state, was a visitor at the capitol yesterday.

PRESS TOASTS ATLANTA ON WINNING STATE FAIR

Brunswick News: So Atlanta gets the state fair. Well, Atlanta will take care of it in good shape.

Marietta Journal: Atlanta is trying to get the state fair when she has so many "fair" ones already. Atlanta is insatiable.

Brunswick News: Atlanta bid $$$$$ and got the state fair. Macon did not. Now, there you are. The $$$$$ is a hard game to beat.

Madison Madisonian: Atlanta's enterprise got the state fair, to be held in October, and we are glad she got it. It will, no doubt, eclipse any yet held.

Newnan News: The "Atlanta spirit" cornered the state fair. As usual, the "Atlanta spirit" was backed by so much money that it just couldn't lose.

Senoia Enterprise Gazette: Atlanta had a regular walk-over in getting the state fair for this fall. Well, Atlanta deserves the fair, for it is the most enterprising city in the state, and will do the right thing by it.

Bainbridge Argus: Atlanta got that state fair all right. We thought this all along. Atlanta gets everything she goes after, except, perhaps, a Presbyterian university, a pennant of the Southern League and a relative to Mrs. Chadwick.

Rockmart Courier: As we expected, Atlanta won the next state fair. Now, it is up to Atlanta to make the best show of the kind ever "pulled off" in the state. And she will do it; and all north Georgia will lend a helping hand.

Dublin Courier-Dispatch: It is said that Atlanta wants the state fair permanently. Atlanta should not spend all the money it has this year on a state fair and next year give us a poor show in order to even up things. She won't keep the fair if this is done.

Senoia Enterprise-Gazette: One of our exchanges that wanted the state fair to be held in Macon came out Friday with an article headed "Atlanta Buys State Fair." We do not know anything better she could buy, and she did herself credit in raising such a nice sum.

ATTACKED NEGRO BURGLAR.

Chicago Woman Snatched Knife from Intruder.

Chicago, February 17.—In a struggle with a negro burglar, armed with a knife, Mrs. Minnie Meyers, 172 West Twelfth street, was stabbed early today and the negro was wounded with his own weapon, which was snatched from him by Mrs. Meyers. She had been awakened by some one moving about her bed room, and half dazed she attacked the intruder. Her relatives rushing in beat the negro fearfully and held him until the arrival of policemen. He gave the name of W. J. Benson. A cloth saturated with anaesthetic was found after the negro had been taken away by the police. With the cloth was a small hand satchel containing a small amount of money and some trinkets. Mrs. Meyers was stabbed several times, but her injuries are not dangerous.

MOVED HIS HEAD AND DIED.

Man with Fractured Vertebra Had His Brace Removed.

New York, February 17.—Frederick Wolferest, a farmer living in Jamaica, Long Island, is dead in a hospital here, by moving his head after an operation for a fractured vertebra, caused by a fall on the ice. The surgeons were absent, and Wolferest was under the care of his brother, to whom he complained of feeling uncomfortable and expressed a desire to move his head.

The doctors had placed it in a supporting apparatus, after having removed the broken bone and relieving pressure on the spinal cord.

The farmer's brother helped him to move slightly, and the patient immediately collapsed. Stimulants failed to restore him, and in a few minutes he was dead.

Named by the President.

Washington, February 17.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations:

Surveyor of customs, Fenton W. Gibson, for the port of New Orleans, La.

Postmasters—Alabama: J. W. Clayton, Ensley; James L. Davis, Lafayette. Indian territory: George S. Gray, Coal Gate. Mississippi: Harvey E. Flitz, Aberdeen. Tennessee: W. L. Green, Spring Hill. Texas: Thomas J. Epperson, Livingston; James H. Danforth, Goliad; W. S. Strain, Lancaster; John N. Johnson, Rockwell.

German Battleship Grounded.

Berlin, February 17.—The German battle ship Worth grounded in a fog yesterday off Kiel. All attempts to get her off have failed.

TRUNK AND DESK.

Handy Combination for the Traveling Public.

The traveler who is forced to spend much of his time in second-class hotels



TRUNK AND DESK COMBINED.

is often severely taxed for the ordinary conveniences of life, not the least of these being the lack of writing facilities. A wide-awake inventor has conceived the idea of supplementing the sample or wardrobe trunk with a writing desk attachment, as shown in the accompanying illustration. This distinctive feature should be greatly appreciated by that large body of the traveling public who have much writing to do and who prefer to do it in the privacy of their room rather than at the public tables. Another similar idea noted among recent patents consisted of a device in the nature of a writing desk attachment that may be used with any trunk, and which packs away very nicely in the top tray.

Pennsylvania Degree for Kaiser.

Berlin, February 17.—Emperor William will accept the degree of doctor of laws of the University of Pennsylvania. It will be conferred on him in Absentia February 22, at the same time that it is bestowed upon President Roosevelt. Instructions have been cabled to Baron von Speck-Sternberg, the German ambassador, to represent the emperor. This is the first instance so far as known in which a reigning sovereign has taken an American university degree.

New Cruiser for France.

Paris, February 17.—Minister of Marine Thomson announced to the cabinet today that the construction was about to begin of an armored cruiser of the largest type similar to the Ernst Renan, to offset the armored cruiser Sully, which recently went on the rocks in Allong bay and which is considered practically to be a wreck. The new cruiser will be named Waldeck-Rousseau.

WILL ORGANIZE TODAY FOR CHARITY'S SAKE

Business Men to Meet This Morning in the City Hall.

ATLANTA CHARITY WORK WILL BE SYSTEMATIZED

One of the Largest Meetings for Charity That Has Ever Been Held in the City Will Take Place This Morning in City Hall.

The movement to establish a general charity association grew wider every hour yesterday like the circles on a pool of water. It was the topic of conversation in stores, in ministers' studies and in the offices of professional men. The whole city has been aroused.

It is expected that 100 men at least will gather at the city hall at 11 o'clock this morning when the preliminary foundations of the organization are to be laid. The meeting has been called for the chamber of commerce offices, but it is considered probable that the attendance will necessitate a move to the council chamber on the floor above.

Fifteen prominent men took up the suggestion yesterday and signed their names to a further call for support in this movement. They feel that the matter is one of the most vital interest to the people of the city, and they appeal to every man in the city who cares for the welfare of his fellows to be present when the meeting is called to order this morning. Their card is signed by J. W. English, R. D. Spalding, Rev. John E. White, Rev. H. S. Bradley, W. G. Cooper, W. M. Crumley, W. H. Patterson, T. D. Stewart, George S. Lowndes, George Muse, Dr. T. D. Longino, Joseph Hirsch, J. F. Barclay, Rev. H. L. Crumley and R. A. Hemphill.

What these men say in their signed card is but a crystalization of what has been in the mind and on the lips of nine-tenths of the most progressive and substantial citizens of Atlanta ever since the appeal and the call for the meeting were printed in The Constitution.

Atlanta has been awakened. The severe weather of the past two weeks has opened the eyes of the city to the needs of her poor, and remembering the admonition, "The poor ye have always with you," the citizens of Atlanta are thoroughly resolved to prepare to relieve and aid the poor at all times.

City Warden Was Overworked.

The intense cold and the ice blizzard swooped down on Atlanta with startling suddenness, bringing with it cold and hunger and disease in hovel and tenement. City Warden Evans was probably the best equipped individual in the city to meet and cope with the situation, but there was more work than a dozen, much less one man, could accomplish, although Mr. Evans performed herculean labors while the grasp of winter was strongest at the throat of the city.

A volunteer committee composed of Harry Schlesinger, Chief Joyner, Chief Ball, Evelyn Harris, Julian Harris and Walter Taylor was organized and solicited subscriptions. A considerable fund was raised and the supplies purchased therewith were distributed where they were needed by a big wagon from the fire department stables.

Never in the history of Atlanta had the suffering been so intense or so prolonged. Never had charity been called upon for more than she was during these days of such bitter weather. And she found the city unsystematized save for the city warden's office.

These facts sunk into the hearts of kindly men. They realized that Atlanta had grown to be in truth a city and that woven into the fabric of every city are the gaunt threads of poverty. They felt in their hearts that some preparation should be made for organized effort in case there should ever come a repetition of the past week or ten days. So when the call for the meeting was issued it rang like a trumpet blast and the big, warm heart of the city thrilled and leaped in response.

Begging Is Not Encouraged.

But the men who set going the movement were practical and well informed as well as kindly, and they understood those principles of social economics which form the basis of all proper charity, the leading one of these principles being the separation of the worthy from the unworthy so that in the prosecution of relief work no constitutional mendincancy shall be encouraged.

That will be the mission of the organization in time of peace, as it were, that is when the weather is mild and ordinary conditions prevail among the poor. The executive heads of the organized association will make the personal acquaintance of the great army of the poor. They will spend the summer learning their names and faces and situation in life. They will study industrial conditions in the city. They will thoroughly inform themselves along working lines.

Then when another winter comes along the work of relief in severe spells will be accomplished promptly, systematically and wisely, doing good but encouraging nobody in idleness.

The suffering among the poor during the recent trying weather was relieved, but this was done at the cost of helping some chronic cases of unnecessary pauperism, and was done also without system to a great extent.

What the Citizens Say.

George Muse: "I am in hearty sympathy with the movement to organize the different charities of Atlanta under one central undenominational control. I think it will prevent a great deal of fraud and imposition. This is not an untried experiment, but is something that the progressive, wide-awake cities of our country have gone into with great benefit to the people who pay the money, as well as those who are helped."

A. P. Stewart, county tax collector: "There could be nothing so beneficial or so wise in a charity movement as a plan by which the relief organization could inform itself beforehand as to who would likely be its charges in time of suffering and distress. That could easily be accomplished by such an organization as is proposed. The benefit of systematic work needs no comment."

F. J. Paxon: "I am a most ardent advocate of the movement, and regard it as something that should have been done in Atlanta long ago. It is the only plan by which the conditions can be properly and wisely met from the standpoint of those who give and satisfactorily from the standpoint of those who receive aid. I shall do everything in my power to make the movement a success."

City Warden Evans: "If the organization is perfected along the lines that have been suggested it will be one of the greatest blessings that could possibly befall the city of Atlanta. I heartily wish that these plans may be carried out. The organization would do incalculable good. good."

Rev. C. B. Wilmer, Rector of St. Luke's Church: "The letter in Thursday's Constitution from the Rev. Howard L. Crumley, on the subject of Atlanta's need of an associated charities coincides with some recent efforts of my own in the same direction, and is one of the many evidences that the time is ripe for such organization. May I say that on Monday last I had the privilege of delivering an address on this very subject before the men's club of St. Philip's church, with the result that a committee is to be appointed by the president, Mr. William N. Hawks, to cooperate with any others, and also I would like to state that the Heptagon Club decided at its last meeting to hold an open meeting next Tuesday evening at 8:30 o'clock in the club rooms, Nos. 601 and 602, on the sixth floor in the Grand, to be devoted to a discussion of Atlanta's need of what experience has shown to be the wisest sort of charity organization.

"As the president of the Heptagon Club, I extend an invitation to those especially interested to attend that meeting. It seems to me there ought to be held in the near future a great public meeting of Atlanta's most influential citizens, and as many others as can be gotten together, that this matter may be thoroughly considered and practical measures adopted. In the meantime, I would like to add just a word to Mr. Crumley's suggestion and your editorial. It is, that a much wider scope be given to the work of such organization; that we undertake preventive as well as remedial measures. To make the administration of charity (in the ordinary sense of that much abused word) economical and effective is a noble object, and worthy our best and united efforts; but we ought not to stop short of the aim to renier such charity unnecessary; at least, to reduce it to a minimum. Such work as that includes a reform in our criminal laws and our methods of dealing with drunkards and misdemeanants, and also aims at giving employment to those willing and able to work, besides forcing to labor those able and not willing to work. I deem it unnecessary to take up more of your space on the subject at present, but it may be helpful to some to know that there is a valuable literature on this whole subject, and we have a magnificent opportunity to profit by the experience of others. A number of such books may be found at the Carnegie library, and I beg to call particular attention to 'Public Treatment of Pauperism,' being the 'Report of the Proceedings of the International Congress of Charities, Correction and Philanthropy,' held in Chicago in 1893, and also a volume called 'The Poor in Great Cities,' which contains one particularly valuable paper, 'Agencies for the Prevention of Pauperism,' by the late Oscar Craig, who was president of the New York state board of charities."

Some Other Ministers.

Dr. H. S. Bradley, pastor of Trinity church: The movement is a good one. I am glad it has been started. I shall be present and will do everything I can to help it.

Dr. David Marx, rabbi of the Temple: I am heartily in favor of forming the charity organization society. The movement interests me very much. I shall be present.

M. M. Davies: A most excellent idea. The charity society should be made a permanent factor for good inAtlanta.

R. A. Hemphill: Everyone who is interested in charity ought to lend their influence to thise mbovement. I am heartily in favor of just such an organization. Of course I shall be present.

Dr. Charles O. Jones, pastor of St. Mark church: We ought by all means to have the charity organization in Atlanta. I was acquainted with the same movement in Louisville, where it was known as the Provident Association, and in St. Louis, where it is called the Associated Charities. It is a good thing. I shall be present tomorrow morning.

Dr. W. W. Landrum, pastor of the First Baptist church: Let us by all means form this charity organization society. It is a splendid movement and should result in much good. I shall be present and aid in the work of organizing.

Dr. C. E. Brown, pastor of First Methodist church: I heartily favor the excellent movement to organize a charity organization society. Anyone who has seen the workings of an association of this kind ought to favor it. I will be present tomorrow morning.

Dr. John E. White, pastor of Second Baptist church: The movement to better organize the charities of Atlanta meets with my hearty approval. I will be present tomorrow morning and I hope that all others who can possibly do so will attend.

Dr. Len G. Broughton, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church: Those who have knowledge of the charity work that is done in Atlanta and the amount that is still needed to be done must realize the importance of having an association of the kind that has been suggested. Everyone who can should take part in this charity organization movement. I will be present.

LEADING CITIZENS INDORSE MOVEMENT.

A supplementary call for the great meeting to form an associated charities organization at the city hall this morning was signed and issued yesterday by fifteen leading citizens. The call and the names of the signers follow:

"We feel that the discussion in the papers about the proper care of the poor and the proper distribution of the charity of the city should lead to an organization that will handle these questions in the wisest and best manner. To this end we join in the request of The Constitution that every man in Atlanta, without regard to sect or creed, who is interested in these questions will meet us at 11 o'clock this (Saturday) morning at the chamber of commerce to effect an organization.

"The matter is of such importance that we urge the business men of the city to be present. The meeting will not last long. J. W. English, R. D. Spalding, J. E. White, H. S. Bradley, W. G. Cooper, W. M. Crumley, W. H. Patterson, T. D. Stewart, George S. Lowndes, George Muse, T. D. Longino, Joseph Hirsch, J. F. Barclay, H. L. Crumley, R. A. Hemphill."

We are glad of the fact that our name on parcel, box or case gives added prestige to the gift of jewelry or silverware. This is because we have set a high standard of quality and everything we sell must measure up to it.

Maier & Berkele

WILLIAM CHEEK KILLED BY BELT

Accident Occurred Yesterday Afternoon at Agricultural Works.

William Cheek, an employee of the Atlanta Agricultural Works, on the corner of Marietta and John streets, was killed yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock while engaged in putting on a belt in the forge room.

He was suddenly caught by the belt and pulled in between the belt and the pulley. His body was thrown on the shaft and the belt wrapped itself around him.

Before any one could go to his assistance he had been crushed to death. His body was badly mangled by the accident.

Mr. Cheek was about 33 years old. He is survived by his wife and two children, who live at Western Heights. He was popular among his fellow workmen and his frightful death was sincerely regretted by every one.

His body has been taken to the undertaking establishment of Barclay & Brandon. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

SAD DEATH OF MRS. J. R. KING.

Succumbed to Pneumonia at Her Home in Marietta—Interment Here Today.

Mrs. J. R. King, wife of J. R. King, of Marietta, died yesterday morning at 2 o'clock at the family residence in Marietta after a protracted and painful illness. Several weeks ago Mrs. King manifested a nervousness which terminated in nervous prostration. She was given the best attention obtainable by physicians, nurses and loved ones and within a short time began showing signs of improvement. But as she was convalescing, grip set in, and for a second time her life hung in the balance. Care and attention resulted in a second improvement, but just as her family and friends were congratulating themselves upon her condition, pneumonia developed. Within a few hours her entire left lung was involved. Her strength had been so depleted by her long illness and her constitution so weakened that she was unable to battle the pneumonia and death came Friday morning.

Mrs. King was formerly Miss Annie White, of Atlanta, daughter of the late Edward White, and was one of the most charming and interesting young women. Before her marriage she was popular in the younger set and was a most devout church worker. All her life she has been a member of the Baptist church and one of her greatest delights was the growth and development of that congregation. She leaves besides her husband a daughter, 8 years old, and an aged mother, two brothers, both residents of Atlanta, Ed White, Jr., cashier of The Constitution, and L. D. White, of The Journal.

The funeral will take place this morning at the home in Marietta at 11 o'clock. The remains will be brought to Atlanta on an afternoon train, reaching here at 2:40 o'clock for interment in the family lot in Oakland. The following pallbearers are requested to meet at the parlors of Barclay & Brandon at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon: A. C. Briscoe, George Westmoreland, Charles D. Montgomery, W. L. Moore, J. J. Akers and A. P. Stewart.

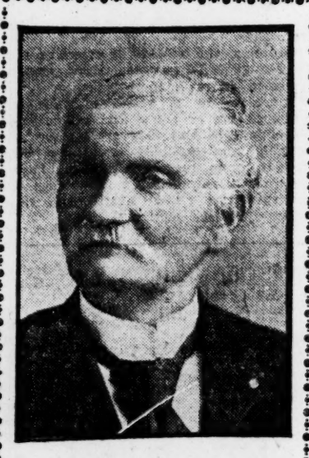
FANCY VEST FREE.

From now until March 15 we will give free one fancy vest with every order for a suit of clothes. Southern Tailoring Co., 14 N. Forsyth st.

FUNERAL OF J. M. HOLBROOK.

Services Will Be Conducted Tomorrow Afternoon at 2:30 O'Clock at Trinity Church.

The funeral of John M. Holbrook, the pioneer citizen who died early yesterday morning, will be held at the Trinity M. E. church at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The interment will be in Oakland.



J. M. HOLBROOK,
The Well-known Atlantan Whose Death Occurred Yesterday.

The pallbearers will be E. W. Martin, I. S Mitchell, R. A. Hemphill, Charles W. Smith, W. O. Jones and C. W. Dukes.

Mr. Holbrook was 76 years of age. He was a prominent resident of this city, his sterling character commending him to all who knew him. His death has caused much sorrow

The surviving members of the family are two children, Miss Lula Holbrook and W. T. Holbrook, both of this city. The home of the family is at 311 Peachtree street.

RAGGED OVERCOAT CAUSES MYSTERY IN LEGAL SUIT

WHO belongs to an old overcoat which was thrust into litigation by the filing of a bill trover in Clerk Broyles' office yesterday afternoon was a matter that caused considerable comment among the men of the office and others who dropped in.

In the petition filed Charles White, who is really black, being a colored man, claims that the overcoat belongs to him, although it is now in the possession of J. J. Thomason, who is a white man. The petitioner, the black Charles White, says that the white Mr. Thomason is in possession of certain property belonging to him, the personal property being as follows:

"One dark blue overcoat with large collar, lining of said overcoat being gone, waist pockets on each side and pockets vertically cut in breast of coat, also one inside pocket on the inside, two pockets in the left sleeve, one near elbow in seam, the other pocket near wrist in top of sleeve, sewed around both sleeves with black thread, split in middle seam in rear, with button holes to button up said slit, but no buttons on same, patches of thread where buttons were placed remaining, two or three snags sewed up near bottom of coat on left side in front."

For anything in the way of a description of one overcoat, this particular petition smashed all previous records in the experience of those who read. The peculiar position of some of those pockets seemed to spell suspicion and there were many who thought that a regular Katherine Green detective story or a Sherlock Holmes Scotland Yard mystery was back of this marvelous piece of raiment, which after such minute description was valued at $3.

The black Charles White not only claims the overcoat, but says that he has demanded it from the white Mr. Thomason, who entertained a different opinion and kept the coat. After this, the black Charles White, through his attorneys, Walter R. Daley, Aldeine Chambers and William Smith, decided to leave the ownership of the overcoat to the city court.

When the lawyers of the black Charles White were seen they explained what otherwise would have been a mystery. It seems that the colored man was walking along one day when he was seen by Mr. Thomason, who claimed that the overcoat was his, and brought a charge of larceny against the black Charles White. When the case was carried over to the city court it seems that the overcoat in the case went to the white Mr. Thomason. Now the black Charles White both wants the overcoat and also to establish his claim in such a way that the charge of larceny will be counted down and out. He also claims to have owned and worn the overcoat for the past nine years, having bought it at that time from a railroad man. It was the opinion of Mr. Broyles, Mr. Harrison and a large number of experts that by using the same clever deductions of Sherlock Holmes in this particular case, while the ownership of the coat might be still in doubt the evidence of the liningless, buttonless, snaggy overcoat was to the effect that the black Charles White was married.

It was the general opinion also, that nothing less than nine years acquaintance with an overcoat could make possible so detailed a description of any article of apparel, providing the description is correct. All of which will come out in the regular grind of the next term of court. Suits are common among legal tailors, but overcoats are exceptional.

DEATH CAME WHEN HE SLEPT

Premonition That Haunted G. W. Guthrie Was Fulfilled Yesterday.

True to the awful premonition which had haunted him for months, when G. W. Guthrie laid down to take a much needed rest yesterday morning he started on his last long sleep, for in less than half an hour he was dead.

Mr. Guthrie was 66 years of age. He was a veterans of the civil war, serving with distinction in Tige Anderson's brigade. He moved to this city from Carrollton, Ga., about ten years ago, and engaged in the grocery business.

Two months ago he had his first attack of heart disease. Ever since he had lived in constant dread of death. He told his children that whenever he went to bed he would die, and consequently he never went to bed.

He paced up and down his room at his residence, 107 Kirkwood avenue, from morning until after dark. When he wanted to sleep he would sit in a reclining chair and secure what rest he could, considering his mental perturbation.

What seems even more strange was that he never got cold. During the recent spell of cold weather, whether it was raining, snowing or sleeting outside, he would keep the windows of his room open and would pace the room constantly, fanning himself with a large palmetto.

Tuesday there was a decided turn for the better. He seemed to be recovering and until yesterday morning early his recovery was not only hoped for, but expected. He was feeling so well that he decided the danger was over and that he could go to bed.

He had his son help disrobe him and retired about 9 o'clock in the morning, after eating a hearty breakfast, the heartiest he had eaten since his illness. In less than half an hour after his son, J. E. Guthrie, left him, an agonized scream was heard.

G. H. Guthrie, another son, rushed to the room and found his father sitting upright in bed with indescribable agony depicted on his face. His son caught him in his arms and while he held him there death relieved him of his suffering.

It was the request of Mr. Guthrie, during his illness, that all confederate veterans who could, come to see him. Funeral services will be conducted at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the residence. The body will be taken to Acworth, Ga., for interment. An escort from Camp Tige Anderson will accompany the body to the depot.

The surviving members of the family are three sons, G. H., J. E. and J. C. Guthrie, and one daughter, Miss Echsan Guthrie, all of this city. When his daughter learned of his death, she collapsed and physicians were hurriedly summoned. At last reports from the bedside she was resting easier. He condition is not thought to be serious.

INTEGRITY NOT QUESTIONED

Several Well Known Baggage Men Took Exceptions to Published Article.

On October 10, 1904, there appeared in The Constitution in The Passing Throng Column, an article in reference to the baggagemen and the tourist travel of the winter. The article in question was of a facetious character and a number of baggagemen, whose attention has recently been called to it, believed it reflected upon them.

In printing this article, which was of a light nature and was not intended to be taken seriously, The Constitution had no intention of reflecting upon the characters of the baggagemen of the Southern or any other road running into Florida. The baggagemen who handle the baggage from Atlanta to Florida points are all well known and are trusted and respected by their employers. They handle large consignments of valuable baggage and their ability and integrity has never been questioned.

Colds

Don't trifle with a cold; no one can tell what the end may be. Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis and consumption invariably result from neglected colds. Nothing can be compared with

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

as a quick cure for colds and grip, and by its use the more serious diseases may be avoided.

COTTON MEETING AT COURTHOUSE

All Interested in Cotton Situation To Gather This Afternoon.

The Fulton branch of the Southern States Cotton Association will be organized at a meeting to be held at the court house at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Farmers, merchants, lawyers and, in fact, all others who are interested in the cotton situation are invited to attend this meeting, at which the usual officers will be elected, committees will be appointed and delegates will be chosen to attend the state meeting, which will be held at the capitol next Tuesday.

Fulton county did not hold its meeting at the same time with the other counties of the state, which was on Thursday of this week, but a number of prominent citizens who are interested in the cotton situation have issued a call for the meeting to be held this afternoon, and all of the necessary steps looking to organization will be taken at this time.

J. P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent post-paid in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1.
Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

RECONSTRUCTION DAYS.

Interesting Incident of Which Major J. A. Blance Was Hero.

(From The Cedartown Standard.)

The revival of the Miles incident recalls some reconstruction reminiscences occurring in our immediate section, remembered by most of our older citizens, and their recital now may afford our younger generation a slight glimmer of the oppressions and outrages visited on loyal southern men, whose only crime was loyalty to their section.

In this article we shall confine ourselves to the narration of one incident in which our fellow-citizen, Major J. A. Blance, played a conspicuous part.

The great and good Charles J. Jenkins, while governor of the state, had appointed Hon. J. W. H. Underwood as judge of this circuit and Major Blance solicitor general. Governor Jenkins was too honest and loyal for the times and he was soon removed, and General John Pope was appointed military governor of Georgia (the same General Pope who was so soundly thrashed by General Jackson in the valley of Virginia, and by General Lee at Manassas).

In 1868, General Pope issued his famous order No. 49, forbidding all civil officers uttering anything against the reconstruction measures. During the August term of Campbell superior court, a lot of republican orators went over to Campbellton from Atlanta, and made insulting reconstruction addresses. At the conclusion of these "hurangs," Major Blance was called out to make answer, and stirred, as he was, by the continued system of insults and wrong endured, he proceeded to "skin the skunks" in such manner as to more firmly unite our people in opposition to the obnoxious measures. So outraged was General Pope at Major Blance's telling speech, that he had Major Blance removed at once from his office of solicitor general, and appointed John S. Bigby in his place.

When the agent of General Pope, a dapper little lieutenant, served Major Blance with the order of removal, he made this prompt, characteristic reply, "The office was obtained without sycophancy, and I yield it up without crime."

Had the major followed the example of some others at that time and even in this day who—

"Crook the pregnant hinges of the knee
Where thrift may follow fawning,"

he would have been secure in the office. But he was "made of sterner stuff." The transactions led to a war of words between Major Blance and the lieutenant. Taking advantage of his position, the lieutenant refused to give Major Blance satisfaction, but instead had him arrested and put in jail at Rome. When released, he sought the lieutenant, stamped his feet, and—the incident closed. Judge Underwood was subsequently removed, and the same John S. Bigby was appointed to his place. J. O. WADDELL.

Like Father, Like Son.

(From the Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.)

"Are fables the same as friction?" asked the Innocent Child.

"Fables are fictitious narratives intended to instruct," replied the Papa rather pompously, for he was proud of his learning.

"Say, Dad," said the Child, getting suddenly confidential and chummy, "us men folks have to be pretty quick with our fables sometimes, don't we?"

HON. HOKE SMITH IN WASHINGTON

Will Secure Information To Answer Charges of Secretary Hitchcock.

Hon. Hoke Smith left the city yesterday at noon for Washington, D. C., for the purpose of examining the records relating to the lease of the Osage Indian oil lands, made under his administration of the interior department, with a view to replying to the charges made by present Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock.

The belief was expressed yesterday that Mr. Smith would also demand from Secretary Hitchcock an explanation of the language used in his statement regarding this lease.

Prior to his departure yesterday Mr. Smith declined to discuss the charges made by Mr. Hitchcock, which were stated in the press dispatches to The Constitution, published yesterday.

Mr. Smith returned to Atlanta Thursday night from Greensboro, Ga., where he had been attending the superior court of that county. He said it had been nearly nine years since he had heard of the Osage oil lease, and that before discussing it it would be necessary for him to fortify his recollection by reference to the records; that he also desired to see Secretary Hitchcock's full statement, and that until this was received he did not care to say anything for publication.

RAILWAY NOTES.

The Golden Gate tour of the Pennsylvania railroad, one of the most noted annual excursions in railroad history, passed through Atlanta yesterday, arriving over the Southern railway from Washington and hurrying on to New Orleans over the West Point route. The train arrived here one hour and twenty minutes late, but as the train left Washington even later than this, the run showed that the tourists from the east made up some of the time lost on the Pennsylvania railroad.

These tourists are for the most part capitalists and pleasure seekers, and in the party yesterday were some one hundred passengers or more. One of these told the reporter that at a meeting held just before coming to Atlanta a purse had been made up of over $300, which would constitute the tips for all of the servants on the train for the trip. There are a number of these servants, including many porters, cooks, a barber and others. The party goes in a solid Pullman train to San Francisco by the southern route and returns to New York by the Northern Pacific.

Many of the passengers stated that their inability to see Atlanta was one of the disappointments of the trip and that upon their return they intended to mention the matter to the Pennsylvania company. They heard more of Atlanta than any city in the south and while many of them had visited the city there were others who had not and all of these were disappointed because of the short stay in the city.

Every possible luxury for a traveler's comfort, including state rooms and baths, were included in the equipment of the train, which, upon its return to New York, will have covered nearly 8,000 miles. Tourist Agent H. Y. Darnell was in charge of the party with Miss Z. W. Beatty as chaperon.

Major E. B. Stahlman, formerly one of the best known members of the Atlanta railroad world, called on a number of his old friends yesterday. He had many things to say in praise of the city which used to be his home. He left later in the afternoon for his home in Nashville.

G. W. Carpenter, fuel agent of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, was another Atlanta visitor yesterday. Mr. Carpenter is one of the few coal experts employed by southern railroads.

Railroad officials claim that from advices received they are of the opinion that the fruit trees in Georgia have not suffered as much as was at first believed. While they do not look for a record crop, such as last year, they still believe that the crop will reach the normal amount.

Pennsy To Spend Milions.

Philadelphia, February 16.—The Pennsylvania railroad will buy new equipment, costing not less than $23,000,000, this year for its lines east and west of Pittsburg and if the entire programme is carried out as arranged the cost will be $27,000,000.

Decision was reached today to order 3,000 additional freight cars to be divided between the Pennsylvania railroad and the western lines. Already contracts have been placed for 12,300 cars, so that with the present order 15,300 cars will have been ordered by the Pennsylvania for delivery this year.

Contracts have been placed with builders for 370 locomotives. The Pennsylvania railroad has arranged to build an additional 150 locomotives in its Junita shops. Beyond this arrangements have been made for such part of 200 more locomotives as may be needed later, while still another fifty may be built in the Junita shops.

Payment for all this equipment will be made part in cash and part in equipment checks. The Pennsylvania company will finance for 3,000 cars for the western lines by issuing $3,000,000 equipment bonds. For the locomotives cash will be paid.

CARDINAL IN NEW ORLEANS.

Accompanied by Father Fletcher, Cardinal Gibbons Visits Brother.

New Orleans, February 17.—Delayed by recent washouts in Mississippi, Cardinal Gibbons arrived here today at 11:45, accompanied by Father Fletcher, his secretary, and Fathers Bolan, Riordan and Wheelan. A party of relatives and friends met the cardinal at Slidell and came with him to the city. Others of his kinsmen and friends were at the depot. The cardinal, who was fatigued by his journey, was driven to the home of his brother, John T. Gibbons, where he will stay during his visit. The cardinal said he came to New Orleans to rest and recuperate.

The Old Reliable
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
There is no substitute

EISEMAN BROS.,

Entire Building—Six Floors and Basement.

Men's and Youths' Suits and Overcoats

1/3 OFF 1/3

Men's and Youths' Heavy Suits, made of fancy fabrics and fine, neat mixtures and Overcoats in all the favorite weaves.

One-third Off Children's Overcoats of Fancy Mixtures and Plain Cloths and Suits of Fancy Mixtures
1/3 OFF 1/3

Boys' Mothers' Friend Shirt Waists, made of fine percale

25c for 50c Kind | 35c for 75c Kind

Men's Shoes Reduced

Men's $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00 Shoes—principally the celebrated Hess goods in all sizes and A and B widths, choice ... $2.65

Men's $3.50 and $4 Shoes—all sizes in A, B and C widths; handsome, fashionable and serviceable footwear; choice $2.45

EISEMAN BROS.,

11-13-15-17 WHITEHALL ST.

ATLANTA——WASHINGTON——BALTIMORE.

Agents for { Celebrated Hess Shoes, Stuttgarter Sanitary Underwear, Dr. Deimel's Linen Mesh Underwear.



Three Spring Weddings.

THERE will be three weddings after Easter that will make brilliant that season, and as none of the three have been announced, there are many conjectures among members of the "smart set" as to whether or not the rumors about them are true.

An Atlanta beau, disloyal to the cause of Atlanta womankind, has chosen for his bride a young woman residing in a sister southern state. She has visited Atlanta and is quite a beauty with the gentle charm that one associates with the most admirable type of woman. The wedding will be a brilliant social event in the bride's native city, and the groom-elect will take to his wedding a party of his Atlanta friends. The wedding trip will be to California, and the young couple will go to housekeeping on their return.

Another wedding, the announcement of which is being kept a profound secret, will be of general social interest, as both parties are prominently and popularly known, and both claim Atlanta as their native heath.

The wedding will be an elaborate affair with bridesmaids and groomsmen, and will take place at high noon at the —— church. It is whispered that the bridesmaids will wear white chiffon taffeta gowns made directorie fashion, and their hats, directorie style, will be given height by prince of Wales plumes. They will carry fluffy white parasols, and a cluster of orchids.

The bride's gown, a Parisian creation, will be pointe d'Alencon lace, and with it she will wear a necklace of pearls.

Lilies of the valley and orchids will decorate the table for the wedding breakfast, souvenirs of the occasion, it is said, to be boxes of white satin painted in lilies and orchids, and to contain the wedding cake.

The popularity of the groom and his business associations will bring to the city a number of visiting men—a fact dangerous to local talent, since it is another rumor that at a recent Atlanta wedding a man from a distance, entirely lost his heart to an Atlanta belle, and has been back to see her three times in six weeks.

The third of the group of Hymeneal feasts will be the most surprising, since it comes as a verification of the oft quoted, "True love never runs smooth." The couple have fussed and "fumed" and sworn never to forgive each other and friends have grown fatigued in assuming the role of peacemaker.

Now, however, peace and love reign supreme, and she is having her trousseau made, and he is looking as any man under the circumstances should—i. e., conscious and happy and anxious to tell and have the announcement made.

While these announcements will be made very soon, there are rumors that come as a result of the gay season when beaux and belles have met so often and under such bright and alluring circumstances.

A rumor that seems to engage a great deal of pleasurable discussion deals with a debutante beauty and belle, who has made victim to her charms one of Atlanta's best known and most brilliant men—one, it is said, who has openly avowed his intention of marrying within the next six months.

A friend of his who gossips a good deal about the affair, does not seem to know that he himself is a subject of comment, and that, on more than one occasion lately, it has been suggested that an engagement exists between him and a young woman whom he is quietly and surely pursuing. The impression seems to be that the wedding will take place in June, and he and his bride will spend July and August in Europe.

Notwthstanding his emphatic statements time and again that he would never marry, a certain very much besought bachelor has been accused of softening in his attitude in regard to matrimony, the influence attributed to a well known and popular young woman.

Miss Archer's Party.

MISS MAY ARCHER entertained the Trail Club of West End at a valentine party yesterday afternoon, the occasion proving one of exceptional enjoyment.

The valentine idea was carried out in the decoration and prizes, and the game was followed by a dainty luncheon.

The invited guests were Miss Ruth Johnson, Miss Mamie Parrish, Miss Gertrude Brandon, Miss Lee, Miss Margaret Brown, Miss Edith Scofield, Miss Annie Sharpe, Miss Nell O'Donnelly, Miss Nettie Mills, Misses Mary and Caroline Howell, Miss Lee Spear, Misses Jessie and Ethel Tutwiler, Miss Annie Grace Mixon, Misses Nan and Kate Carroll, Miss Saida Williams, Miss Mabel Stilson, Miss Hamilton, Miss Pauline Wagener, Miss Hargis, Miss Brown, Miss Marguerite Duncan, Miss Nora Goodman, Miss Claribel Martin, Miss Florence Allen, Miss Clara Bell, Misses Willa and Leonie Heifner, Miss Bessie February, Mrs. Charles Bowen, Mrs. Tom Daniel, Mrs. Albert Beasley, Mrs. Howard Arnold, Mrs. W. R. McClelland, Mrs. St. Elmo Massengale, Mrs. Will Heath, Mrs. Arthur Merrill, Mrs. Louis Putney, Mrs. Thomas Stokes, Mrs. Leon Walker, Mrs. A. C. McHan, Mrs. S. V. Ruff, Mrs. T. E Allison, Mrs J. J. Simpson, Mrs. Robert Daniel, Mrs. Frank Berry, Mrs. C. D. Maddox, Mrs. Emmett Lunsford, Mrs. Ed Maddox, Mrs. Thomas Callaway, Mrs. Beaumont Davison, Mrs. W. T. Maddox, Mrs. Walter Daniel, Mrs. W. H. Brittain, Mrs. A. E .Archer and Mrs W. E. Archer.

was a valentine postoffice, formed of hearts, and presided over by Mr. Bob Davis, a genius in himself and one of the most popular boys in college. His wit and humor created much fun for the guests.

The fortune well, at which delicious punch was served, was quite artistic. Ropes of hearts and tinseled paper were drawn from a pivotal point of the ceiling, forming an arbor that was quite pretty. Underneath this bower of hearts many fortunes were made and lost. Japanese lanterns in red over the electric lights threw a soft glow over the entire room.

At a late hour a dainty buffet supper was served from a table very prettily arranged. Over a white lace cloth, red hearts were placed so as to leave an opening in the center, upon which was arranged a centerpiece of red flowers. Bonbon dishes of hearts were filled with various sweets, while candelabra with red and gold shades completed the table decoration.

Music added quite a good deal to the evening's pleasure.

Valentine Party.

DAHLONEGA, GA., February 17.—(Special.)—On Saturday evening, at the Thalian Club, the Misses Glenn entertained at one of the prettiest social affairs of the season. The club hall was elaborately decorated in hearts and valentines, the color scheme of red predominating.

A unique feature of the entertainment

To Mrs. Tyler.

MRS. EDMUND LEIGHTON TYLER, the guest of Mrs. Martin Amorous, is receiving a cordial welcome from her Atlanta friends, who recall with distinct pleasure her residence here and the beautiful entertainments given by Captain and Mrs. Tyler in their hospitable home. A number of parties will be given next week in compliment to Mrs. Tyler, among these a bridge party Tuesday evening by Mrs. Peabody, a bridge party and tea by Mrs. Amorous Wednesday afternoon and a bridge party by Mrs. G. A. Nicholson Thursday afternoon and a theater party by Mrs. Henry Tanner.

Dutch Supper.

MISS MAY SCOTT, of Milwaukee, who is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank West, will be entertained at a small and informal Dutch supper Monday evening by Miss Genie West at her home on Peachtree.

Twelve guests will be invited to meet Miss Scott.

To Miss Page.

MRS. JOHN HILL entertained informally at cards yesterday morning for Miss duBignon and her guest, Miss Page, of Maryland.

Euchre was played, Miss Janie Speer winning the first prize, a dainty lace handkerchief, and Miss Laura Witham the consolation, a fan, and a dainty luncheon was served after the game.

Those present were Miss duBignon and Miss Page, Misses Laura Witham, Janie Speer, Bessie Shaw, Martha Glover, Martha Whitman, Jennie Dargan and Mrs. Van Astor Bachelor.

Atlanta Chapter Celebration.

A meeting of the board of managers, Atlanta Chapter, Daughter of the American Revolution, is called by the chairman, Mrs. A. McD. Wilson, for this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the parlors of the Aragon. The purpose of the meeting will be the arrangement of a George Washington celebration on the 22d.

The Woman's Exchange.

The Woman's Exchange conducted by the ladies of the First Christian church every Saturday, will be open today as usual at 168 Peachtree street. The ladies will have for sale all kinds of cakes, chicken, salad, beaten biscuit, mince pies, Boston brown bread, plain and sweet wafers, individual charlotte russe and other eatables. They will be glad to welcome at the exchange their many friends.

Meetings.

The Atlanta Psychological Society, Robert Bryan Harrison president, will meet Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at room 416, Austell building.

The King's Daughters and Sons, circle No. 2, will meet with Mrs. C. Adams, 11 Doane street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. All members urged to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

Social Items.

Mrs. Whiteford Russell leaves the first of the week for a visit to relatives in Nashville, Tenn.

***

Mrs. Harry Peacock and Miss Selden, of Alabama, are the guests of Mrs. C. K. Ayer.

***

Miss Lillian Stuart Biggar will lecture tonight at the Baptist Tabernacle, in the Sunday school room, at 8 p. m. on "The Point of View and Physical Culture."

***

Miss Lillian Hinton has returned to her home in Tennessee.

***

Judge Walter Colquitt has returned from Washington and New York.

***

Mr. S. R. Bridges, who has been spending some time in south Georgia and Florida, returned to the city yesterday.

***

Mr. Joseph B. Babb, secretary of the Commercial Club, of Birmingham, Ala., is in the city today on business.

***

Mr. Charles W. Outlaw is at present in Baltimore, where he will make his permanent residence.

***

Mr. B. B. Crew left yesterday for Philadelphia and New York.

***

Mrs. Clarence Houston entertained the Jokers yesterday afternoon.

***

Mrs. H. N. Little and daughter, Annie, have returned to their home in Virginia.

***

Miss Florene Richardson has returned from a visit to her aunt in Cedartown.

***

Mrs. R. A. Monsalvatge, who has been visiting relatives in Key West, Fla., the past month, has returned home.

***

Miss Stevie Timmons has returned from Spartanburg, S. C.

***

Miss Wilma Gaines, after a visit to Mrs. Charles Bowen, has returned to her home in Memphis.

***

Mrs. Joseph Boyd, of Griffin, is in the city for several days.

***

Miss Minnie Belle McDonald is attending a house party in Jackson. From there she will visit her sister, Mrs. J. E. Peek, of Macon. Mrs. Peek was Miss Phoebe McDonald, of this city.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Terrell have moved to their new home at 113 Washington street.

***

Dr. and Mrs. L. C. Fischer are at home from a trip through south Georgia and Florida

***

Miss Clara Hutchins entertains at cards this afternoon at her home in Inman Park in compliment to Miss Groover and Miss Walker.

***

Misses Ethel and Jennie Mobley entertained the first of the week in compliment to Miss Mary Pease, of New York.

***

Miss Belle Sanders has returned to her home in South Carolina.

***

Mrs. Edmund Leighton Tyler is the guest of Mrs. Martin Amorous.

***

Mrs. Livingston Mims is visiting in Birmingham.

***

Miss Julia Porter left yesterday for New York, where she will be the guest for several weeks of her cousin, Mrs. Patrick Calhoun.

***

Dr. and Mrs. Walter Taylor have taken possession of their Peachtree home.

***

Miss Martha Glover entertained informally at bridge yesterday afternoon.

***

Miss Martha Whitman will visit Miss Jemison, of Birmingham, next week, leaving Wednesday.

***

Mrs. Joseph Moody will entertain at cards next Wednesday afternoon for her sister, Miss Caroline Sheehan, who is spending the winter with her.

***

Mr. J. C. Hunter has returned from Florida.

From the standpoint of economy to say nothing about the famous "Blue Ribbon Flavor," it is actually cheaper to use Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla Extracts.

JNO. M. MILLER CO.
HAVE THOS. DIXON NEW BOOK, THE CLANSMAN.

A dramatic Love Story of the Ku Klux Klan. A Tremendous Political and Sensational Novel dealing with the Reconstruction Period. Price, postpaid, $1.35, or over the counter, $1.20.

Badly Wanted in Chicago.

Chicago, February 17.—O. W. Crawford is wanted here on charges of embezzling $3,500 from Mrs. Mary Schwingel five years ago in a land deal. He was arrested a few weeks ago in St. Louis, but secured his release and went to New Orleans, where he was again arrested.

GOOD SERVICES FOR TOMORROW

Interesting Programmes Announced by Churches of Atlanta.

From the present outlook, the services at all the leading city churches tomorrow will be among the best this year. At many specially attractive services have been arranged for, and at all large congregations are expected.

It will be a source of gratification to the members of the Central Presbyterian church to know that Harper G. Smythe, who has been suffering from an unfortunate street car accident, is able to be out and will be at his post Sunday. At the morning service he will sing a new song which he has just recently composed entitled "I was a Stranger." The chorus choir of the church will sing several beautiful selections, one of them being "Beyond the Smiling and the Weeping."

Central Congregational.

At the Central Congregational church Dr. Frank E. Jenkins will preach on "Modern Nicolaitans" at his morning service. In the evening he has arranged to deliver a lecture on the "History of the English Bible." Both of these services will be specially attractive, and at both special musical features are announced. The musical programme is as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude, "Andante Cantabile," C. Widor.
Anthem, "Worship the Lord," J. Concone.—Choir.
Violin solo, "Prayer," Richard Wagner—David Silverman.
Postlude, "Moderator in C," Gounod.

EVENING.

Prelude, "Offertory in A," Flagler.
Anthem, "Now the Shades of Evening," J. R. Thomas—Choir.
Offertory, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," E. L. Ashford—Choir.
Postlude, "Festival March," Calkin.

Baptist Services.

An interesting service has been arranged at the Western Heights Baptist church. The infant class room will be opened and dedicated. Dr. Landrum will conduct the exercises, which will occur at 9.30 a. m.

Rev. Dr. John F. Purser, pastor of West End Baptist church, will preach at the morning service on "God's Care of His People," and at the evening service on "Work Among the Poor."

Both of these are specially timely just now.

At the service of the new Ponce de Leon Avenue Baptist church, which is held at 4 p. m. in the auditorium of the North Avenue Presbyterian church, the Rev. T. G. Davis, pastor of the Woodward Avenue Baptist church, will preside.

Dr. W. W. Landrum will preach in the morning at the First Baptist on "Sheltering Manhood," and at night on "A Great Dilemma." Special music at both services.

At the Baptist Tabernacle Rev. Len G. Broughton will preach on "The Epistle to the Ephesians," continuing the series on the book. At night he will speak on "Diadem."

At the Capitol Avenue Baptist church Rev. George W. Andrews, the Sunday school specialist of the Georgia Baptist state mission board, will speak on Sunday school work. At night the pastor, Rev. John E. Briggs, will preach the third in his series on "The Prodigal Son," the subject being "Ruin or Despised and Destitute."

Presbyterian Services.

At the Cumberland Presbyterian church Rev. George Herbert Mack, D.D., will continue his interesting and striking series on "The Spiritual Life and What It Teaches." At night he will continue his series on "Old Testament Characters and Their Messages to Modern Life." The night sermon will be on "Eli, the Priest."

At the Moore Memorial Presbyterian Rev. A. R. Holderby, D.D., will preach at 11 o'clock on "How We May Know a Christian." Dr. Holderby promises to bring out some of the striking characteristics of the true Christian as differentiated from those who are outside the fold of Christ. The subject is one in which all are interested.

At the West End Presbyterian, Rev. Lynn R. Walker will preach at both services, on topics of special interest to the members of his own church.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church unusually attractive services have been planned which are as follows:

Usual morning service at 11 a. m., conducted by Rev. Charles R. Nisbet, the pastor. Musical programmes:

MORNING.

Organ prelude, "Longing," Jungmann.
Anthem, "Come Unto Him," Leslie—Choir.
Offertory, "Melody in F," Rubenstein.
Tenor solo, "Thy Will Be Done," Barri—Mr. Anderson.
Organ postlude, "Easter March," Flagler.

The Sunday school services will be in charge of Mr. E. B. Davis, superintendent, at 9:30 a. m.

EVENING.

Young people's Endeavor meeting at 6:30, under the leadership of J. W. Stauffecher. Usual evening service at 7:30 o'clock, preaching by Rev. Charles R. Nisbet, the pastor.

Music at this service will be:

Organ prelude, "Meditation," Lemaigre.
Anthem, "Grant Us Thy Peace," Gounod—Choir.
Gospel song—Bass solo and choir.
Organ postlude, "March," Raymond.

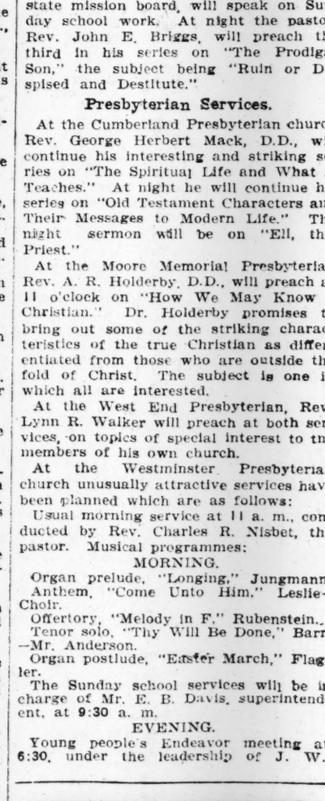
At the First Presbyterian church Dr. Bridewell will preach morning and night, and a special programme is announced by the choir leader, Professor J. W Marchbank.

Y. M. C. A. Services.

At the Young Men's Christian Association building tomorrow at 3:30 p. m. Dr. Charles E. Dowman, pastor of the First Methodist church, will speak on "Christ the Complement of Character." Special interest will be added to this meeting from the fact that Miss Grace Lee Brown, soprano at the First Methodist church, will sing. She will sing before the address and after Dr. Dowman has spoken she will sing "Saved by Grace" by special request. At the first address of the series delivered last Sunday the hall was crowded in spite of the cold and rain. The interest at this first address indicates that those late will find difficulty in securing seats Sunday afternoon. The usual congregational singing will be lively under the leadership of Mr. W. C. Mansfield and the orchestra will accompany the singing. The building is located corner Pryor and Auburn avenue and all men are cordially invited to the services.

At the railroad department of the Young Men's Christian Association on Alabama street the assistant secretary, E. E. Cavaleri, and Rad Bell will conduct a service of special interest to railroad men. The service will open promptly at 3:30 p. m. Mr. Bell is a singer and will render two or three appropriate solos. It is thought the service will be particularly inviting to railroad men and a large crowd will doubtless be on hand.

The boys' department of the Young Men's Christian Association will hold its weekly Sunday afternoon rally at the Central Congregational church at 3:30 p. m. Rev. Frank E. Jenkins will address the boys on the subject of "The Boy's Relation to His Companions." Before the lecture an interesting series of stereopticon pictures will be thrown upon a large canvass which has been prepared for the occasion.



"The Daylight Corner."



Whether you select a Soft or Derby Stetson Hat you are sure of that combination of style, quality and finish which wins success in every clime.

We have the Stetson Soft and Derby Hats in all the latest styles

At $3.00, $3.50 & $5.00

The latest spring blocks and colors are ready for your inspection.

Eiseman & Weil,
Head to Foot Outfitters,
1 Whitehall St.

About 70 pairs of those French, Shriner and Urner $5.00 and $6.00 shoes left. We are closing them out at $3.50 a pair.

COUNTY URGED TO HELP WORK

Influence Brought to Bear for North Atlanta Sewer.

The property owners near Fifteenth street, who are striving to bring sewers to their lands, gained the alliance of the street and sewerage committees of council yesterday afternoon, that committee adopting a resolution calling on the county commissioners to grant the requests pending before the latter body.

The city has appropriated $300 for the improvement of Fifteenth street from Peachtree road to Piedmont avenue, and th eland owners have been given permission to use that sum for digging a ditch in which are to be laid the sewer pipe purchased by the private individuals interested in getting the sewers. The county is being asked to continue the ditch on through the land lot in question.

The interests of the property owners were represented by Captain W. D. Ellis and Edwin P. Ansley, both of whom addressed the street committee yesterday afternoon. The committees later adopted the following resolution:

"Whereas, a number of citizens and property owners along Peachtree street, Peachtree circle and Fifteenth street, are about to construct a system of sewers on their own property, but along streets which they propose at some time to donate to the city for street purposes, and

"Whereas, the city has made an appropriation to aid in such sewer development, and

"Whereas, the neighboring territory in the country is largely dependent upon or interested in such improvements,

"Therefore be it resolved, That the commissioners of roads and revenues of this county be and they are hereby respectfully and officially requested and urged to give further aid in extending such improvements and in furthering and protecting the public health and convenience of that section."

Ought to be Satisfied.

He (11:30 p. m.)—Pshaw! I bought a quarter's worth of cigars on my way up here this evening and placed them in my inside pocket. Now they are every one broken.

She (reproachfully)—Well, wasn't the breaking of them worth more than a quarter?

MIDDAY MEALS, 50c

.....AT THE.....

ETOWAH

Ambrosial Feasting
Bountiful, Palatable

QUICK AND ATTENTIVE SERVICE.

The Restaurant, Established for Reputation.
Entrance to Restaurant—Whitehall, near Alabama.
Entrance to Lunch Room—Alabama, near whitehall.

JUST FOLLOW THE CROWD.

SILVERMAN CATERING CO.

"Donnelly's"

Turkeys Birds
Dressed Poultry Celery
Lettuce Fresh Tomatoes

Canned Peas, Corn, Asparagus, Okra, Tomatoes, Spinach, Beans, Succotash, Penn. Dark Buckwheat—Scudder's Canada Sap. Smithfield Hams—Tennessee Country Hams. Edam, Pineapple, Neufchatel, Philadelphia Cream, and *New York Cream Cheese.*

"Donnelly's"

Bell Phone 14 North *495 Peachtree St.*

THE DIAMOND PALACE **WATCHES.** HAYNES & MELLICHAMP. - 37 - WHITEHALL STREET.

DIAMONDS!

The stock I am showing is complete in mounted Brooches, Cluster Rings—all diamond—Rubies, Emeralds, Pearls, Sapphires and other precious stones in combination with Diamonds. My stock of loose and mounted Diamonds is very large. I can offer some good values in Solitaires.
Your inspection invited.

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW,
Diamond Merchant and Jeweler,
16 Whitehall Street, Century Building, on the Viaduct.

TEETH RELIABLE DENTISTRY
We Will Extend the Following Prices Until March 1st.



$3.00
Full Set of Teeth...
22-K Gold Crowns..
Bridge Work Per Tooth..
All work Guaranteed
$3

OUR ROOFLESS PLATE THE WONDER OF THE AGE.
Have impression taken in morning---get teeth same day.
We solicit difficult cases---a specialist in each branch.

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S Gate City Dental Rooms
24½ Whitehall Street, Over Brown & Allen Drug Store.
Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.; Sundays, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Bell Phone 1703. Lady attendant

DOGGS ADMITS THE HOMICIDE.

Claims, When Arrested, Act Was Done in Self-Defense.

Beaufort, S. C., February 17.—Upon information furnished to Deputy Sheriff White a few days ago that J. E. Boggs is charged with the murder of a man named Kale, at Kaymoor, W. Va., in Fayette county, Sheriff J. E. McTeer and Deputy White repaired this morning to where Bogs was employed as section master on the Charleston and Western Carolina railroad.

Boggs was brought to jail, and is awaiting th earrival of the sheriff of Fayette county, who had offered a reward of $100 for his apprehension.

Boggs admitted that he was the man who committed the homicide, but says it was done in self defense.

Armour's Extract of Beef

Gives zest to every creation of the chafing dish. Always ready for the refreshment of the bidden or unexpected guest.

Prepared in a great variety of tempting ways. Our cook book, "Culinary Wrinkles," tells how. Mailed free.

Armour & Company Chicago

DEFORMITY INSTITUTE.

DRS. BOLAND & RENOUFF,
Specialists in the Cure of Deformities.
72 South Pryor St., ATLANTA, GA.

DR BURKHART'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

WILL POSITIVELY CURE
Kidney and Liver Disease, Rheumatism, Sick Headache, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Catarrh, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Syphilitic Diseases, Constipation. 12,286,650 people were treated in 1905. 25c. All druggists.

Carpets and Rugs

We are splendidly equipped for Furnishing Floor Coverings—Carpets, Rugs, Mattings, and Draperies for Churches, Residences, Hotels, Office Buildings and Theatres.



Correspondence invited; Samples and estimates sent on application.

J. M. HIGH CO.
Atlanta's Largest Retail Store.

Make Your City Tax Returns Now—Don't Delay.

Out of Sight.

"Yes, miss," related Colonel Bluffen, "the battle of Gettysburg was a great struggle. Why, the smoke from the cannons caused the armies to be invisible."

"Yes," spoke up Miss Sharpe, "I heard the major say you were invisible."

Healthy Nerve.

Green—I understand Short is troubled with nervous prostration.

Brown—Well, he may have been, but he isn't at the present writing.

Green—How do you know?

Brown—I met him this morning and he asked me to loan him $10.

Our Daily Fashion Design

Accurate Patterns of Smart Cut for Home Dressmakers. THE CONSTITUTION Will Print One Every Day.

A practical as well as smart pattern design for women, girls and young children will appear daily on this page. The cuts will represent a great variety of styles and will be accurate and trustworthy as to measurement. Follow directions carefully and the home dressmaker need have no further trouble.

LADIES' COSTUME.



Among the newest and smartest of the season's gowns, one of purple broadcloth was particularly attractive. The skirt was in the latest shaping, having tucks at the side seams; the pattern provides that either one or two tucks may be used. The waist is laid in three deep tucks in the upper part, and opens over a vest of tucked batiste. Two narrow revers of velvet are arranged on each side of the vest. The sleeve is the fashionable leg-o'-mutton, now so popular. Brilliantine, albatross, cashmere, taffeta and novelty mixtures are all adaptable. The medium size will require two and one-half yards of forty-four-inch material for the waist and six and one-quarter yards for the skirt.

Ladies' Waist, No. 5317; sizes for 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42-inch bust.

Ladies' Skirt, No. 5311; sizes for 22, 24 26, 28, 30 and 32-inch waist.

The above illustration calls for two separate patterns. The price is 10 cents for the waist and 10 cents for the skirt.

No.....
Size.....
Name.....
Address.....
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SERIOUS SPILL IN THIRD RACE

Jockey Baird Thrown and Badly Kicked.

His Mount, Pawtucket, While Running Second, Stepped Into Hole and Baird Went Over His Head—Sanction Kicked Fallen Lad.

New Orleans, February 17.—A serious spill accident marked the pleasure of the race goers at the Crescent City Jockey Club's track this afternoon.

As the horses in the third race neared the half mile, Pawtucket, running second, stepped into a hole and going down threw Jockey Baird over his head. Sanction, coming close behind kicked the prostrate boy in the back, injuring him so severely that it was necessary to remove him to the hospital for treatment.

Sanction fell over Pawtucket, and the ensuing mix-up enabled The Eye to open up a gap which the others could never close. Rose, Astarita and Joe Lessar were the winning favorites. Felix Mozzes, favorite in the first, was worn out racing Owasca into submission, and Sarah Maxim, badly beaten in her race, has not even a pretense of speed. King Rose weakened and hung at the end of his race. The Eye was run up to $800 and bought in. Track slow. Summary:

FIRST RACE—Selling, 6 furlongs: Tom Mankins, 97 (McGee), 10 to 1, won; Felix Mozzes, 115 (J. McIntyre), 2 to 1, second; Baggerly, 105½ (H. Philips), 7 to 1, third. Time 1:17. Diplomat, Owasca, John Doyle, Stalker, Responsive, Oriskany, Ghats and Eclimate ran.

SECOND RACE—Four furlongs: Little Rose, 110 (H. Philips), 13 to 10, won; Wagstaff, 103 (T. Meade), 30 to 1, second; Inspector Girl, 110 (Sedar), 8 to 5, third. Time :51 1-5. Malt, Mrs. Frank Debeque,, Hasu No Hanna and My Lady Peggy ran.

THIRD RACE—Selling, mile and sixteenth: The Eye, 90 (Aubuchon), 25 to 1, won; Decoration, 102 (Schilling), 17 to 1, second; Sarah Maxim, 105 (H. Philips), 2 to 1, third. Time 1:53. Little Boy, Lord Tennyson, Liddon and Fair Reveller ran. Pawtucket and Sanction fell.

FOURTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Astarita, 110 (H. Philips), 1 to 2, won; Careless, 112 (J. McIntyre), 4 to 1, second; Laura Hunter, 110 (Crimmins), 10 to 1, third. Time 1:09. Formaster, Floral Wreath, Fiasco, Tangent and Falmouth ran.

FIFTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Inquisitive Girl, 105 (W. Robbins), 3 to 1, won; Over Again, 110 (Aubuchon), 8 to 1, second; W. L. George, 107 (H. Philips), 13 to 1, third. Time 1:09 1-5. King Rose, Wheeler, Mrs. Frank Foster, Worthington, Sadduce, Caterpillar, Parnassus, Nan Dora and Bluff ran.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, mile and 70 yards: Jos Lesser, 114 (H. Philips), 2 to 5, won; Lady Fonse, 88 (DeRuen), 25 to 1, second; Lady Free Knight, 93 (Crimmins), 6 to 1, third. Time 1:40 3-5. Barkelmore, Hickory Corners, Belle Barnard and Kenton ran.

Crescent City Entries for Todaay.

First Race—Selling, eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Pity, 97; Lady Ray, Bride, Louise Stapp, 97; Lady Belair, 102; Melita, Hoceo, 105; Espirance, 110.

Second Race—Mile, selling: Lineal, Mussulman, 86; Rachel Ward, 91; Pawtucket, 93; Redman, 98; Merry Acrobat, Frank Rice, 101; Rankin, 103.

Third Race—Purse, mile: Terns Rod, 87; Bellindian, 96; Miss Gomez, 99; Charlie Thompson, Brunswick, 104; Dalesman, 107.

Fourth Race—The Oakland handicap, $1,000 added, 1¼ miles: Dalesman, 95; Mainspring, 96; Reveille, 97; Rankin, Dixie Lad, 98; Rainland, 100; Stonewall, 103; Formaster, 107; Brooklyn, 110; Phil Finch, 115.

Fifth Race—Handicap, three-quarters of a mile: Viperine, 95; Miss Bell, 96; Right Royal, 97; Byron Rose, 98; Matador, 99; Ram's Horn, 102; Huzzah, 103; Invincible, 105; Judge Himes, Aden, 109; Spencerian, 110.

Sixth Race—Selling, 1½ miles: Royal Arms, 92; Murmur, Belle of Milford, 95; Woods, 100; Admetus, 102; Plautus, 106; Hymettus, 108; George Vivian, Sambo, 111; Curate, 116.

NO DATE FOR MORRIS PARK.

Famous Track Will Be Closed During Coming Year.

New York, February 17.—Assignment of dates by the jockey club to local tracks, just announced, includes no time for Morris park, and it is understood that a new arrangement has been reached over that part of the local racing association, which has been bothering the eastern turfmen for some time.

Some time ago, it was reported that Aqueduct track would be sold to a syndicate, and its dates transferred to Morris park, where it had been expected last season there would be no more racing, and that time would thus be made open for the new Belmont park track, on Long Island. However, dates have now been assigned for Aqueduct, and for the Westchester Racing Association, which will control the new track, and no time has been given Morris park.

No official explanation has been given, but it is understood on good authority that the club controlling Morris park has assigned its lease to some of the others, who will pay $25,000 a year and close its gates.

Moulton Gets an Increase.

Stanford, University, Cal., February 17.—Athletic Trainor E. W. Moulton, who has conditioned Stanford athletics for the past four years, has been signed by the executive committee of the associated students for two years to come at a salary of $1,500 a year, which is an increase of $150 over the salary he has received in the past.

COACH HEISMAN HARD AT WORK

Day Will Play Ball This Year Working As Pitcher.

Coach Heisman is figuring out what possible moves will benefit him most in lining up his team for the season of 1905.

Craig Day, who has been hesitating and dallying for some few weeks as to whether to play or not to play, has at last come out on the affirmative side of the question. Day is the only pitcher left over from last year and will do a big part of the work for the Tech this season.

Once again Tech is weak in the box at the beginning of the season, and once again Heisman will have to do his best to build up a pitching staff from raw material. It is more than probable that he will utilize Brown as a pitcher, working him when not pitching in the neighborhood of third base.

The Tech infield is more or less likely to look something like this when the season opens: Myrick on first base, Murphy at second, McMillan at short and Brown on third. There are two other comers who are said to be in the race for positions, Cannon at second and Hightower for an infield position.

In the outfield Hamilton and Gager will again do duty unless some of the raw material beats them out. Woodward will, of course, do the catching, as he did so well last year.

AT OAKLAND

JUST ONE FAVORITE CARRIED OFF THE COIN

San Francisco, February 17.—One favorite and a second choice won at Oakland over a slow track today. Andrew B. Cook, played by some of the wise ones as a good thing at 3 to 1, took the 6 furlongs' handicap.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Princess Wheeler, 100 (Knapp), 5 to 1, won; Celero, 101 (Jones), 4½ to 1, second; Phal Anx, 96 (Wright), 9 to 5, third. Time 1:16 1-4. Komombo, Silicate, Sinister, Indicate, Gyros, Brown Patsy, Maxett A, Adieu and Harlem Sailor ran.

SECOND RACE—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Bucolic, 107 (Minder), 3 to 1, won; Dandie Belle, 105 (Michaels), 12 to 1, second; Salto, 102 (Fountain), 12 to 1, third. Time 1:09 3-4. Zenonyn, Go Lucky, Ragnarok II, Billy Taylor, Chablis, Rosebud, Kirtle, El Moro and Sir Dougall ran.

THIRD RACE—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Fair Lady Anna, 110 (Jones), 8 to 5, won; Bath Beach, 110 (Bell), 5 to 1, second; Profitable, 102 (Barrett), 6 to 1, third. Time 1:10½. Brennus, Estraza, Molto, Effervescence and Bard Burns ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile, selling: Suburban Queen, 107 (Mchaels), 6 to 1, won; Glen Arvon, 109 (Minder), 5 to 1, second; Play Ball, 104 (Jones), 6 to 1, third. Time 1:44 1-4. Langford James, Estoy Listo, Black Throne, Foxy Grandpa, Serenity, Bassenso, Box Elder and Maxtress ran.

FIFTH RACE—Handicap, 6 furlongs: Andrew B. Cook, 108 (Otis), 3 to 1, won; Rostor, 95 (Wright), 5 to 1, second; Rockaway, 106 (Knapp), 7 to 5, third. Time 1:14½. Venator and Judge ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and one-eighth: Barney Dreyfus, 99 (Graham), 5 to 1, won; Budd Wade, 99 (Wright), 6 to 1, second; Erne, 104 (Knapp), 4 to 1, third. Time 1:57½. Modicum, Trapsetter and Expedient ran.

Today's Entries at Oakland.

First Race—Seven-sixteenths of a mile: Carrick, Novi, 106; Ancient Witch, Anni Bell, 103; I'm Joe, 110; Boloman, 106; Busy Bee, 107; Lady Catherine, 103; Cazazza, F. W. Barr, 106; April's Pride, 103; Legal Form, 106.

Second Race—Five furlongs: Roseleaf, 101; Toltec, 106; Redan, 107; Ragnarok II, 102; Brick Fowler, 106; Remark, 107; Judge Hughes, 110; Agnes Mack, Educate, 105; Silicate, 101.

Third Race—Six furlongs: Greenock, 110; Batidor, 107; Emma Reubold, 105; The Hawaiian, 99; Louise Meining, 102; Hulford, 104; Cloche D'Or, Tam O'Shanter, Adirondack, 107; Fort Wayne, Lady Kent, 105; Prestano, 102; War Times, 97; Revolt, 105.

Fourth Race—Mile and one-sixteenth: Scherzo, 107; Barney Dreyfus, 99; Franfible, 100; Mordente, 103; Flying Torpedo, 104; Iou, 103.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs: Ocyrope, 100; Bats, 98; Mountebank, 103; Anvil, 98; Haven Run, 104; Modicum, 105; Dottrell, 93; Military, 103.

Sixth Race—Mile and 70 yards: Barrack, 103; Esherin, Stilicho, 98; Platt, 81; Hainault, 100; Fisherboy, 98; Royalty, 92.

City Park Entries for Today.

First Race—Four furlongs, purse: La Gloria, 105; Prince Glenn, Gary, Jurist, 108; Dr. McLuer, Lady Tarascon, Judge Parker, Hostility, 111; Chief Archibald, 114.

Second Race—Six furlongs, selling: Bessie Mc, 94; Cincinnati Enquirer, Sharp Boy, 96; Padre, Dartagnan, 99; June Collins, 106; Robert J. Kleberg, Norman Holt, 108; Budembry, Duelist, Jean Gravier, 111.

Third Race—Six furlongs, selling: Mrs. Bob, 94; Weber-Fields, 99; Banana Cream, 104; Irish Jewel, False Entry, 106; Miss Gould, 109; Sid Silver, Benmora, 111; Flamboyant, Nervator, Boomerack, 114.

Fourth Race—Mile, handicap: Tootsie Mack, 90; Bar le Duc, 93; Ben Heywood, 98; Luralighter, 110; Jordan, 112; Garnish, 118.

Fifth Race—Five furlongs, purse: Princess Orno, Esterre, 96; Dan Horne, 98; Florentine, Saladin, Lord Dixon, 101; LaGrecque, 107; Signal II, Ben Mac, 109; Ad High, 112; Paul Whaley, Judge Paulus, Demurrer, Stevedore, 113; April Shower, 116.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Lou M, 90; Girl from Dixie, 94; Judge Sauffley, 96; La Chaperone, 98; Eva's Kill, 100; Omealca, 101; Hoodwink, 103; Malivert, Satin Coat, 110; Swift Wing, 112; Rossmond, 115.

Dick Bernard Killed.

New Orleans, February 17.—Dick Bernard, one of the most valuable horses at the Crescent track, with Jockey J. Hennessy up, was killed today during a preliminary gallop. The jockey was unhurt. M. L. Hayman owned the horse, which was worth between $8,000 and $10,000.

CORRECT STYLES

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OLD DRAFTING RULE IN FORCE

National League Amendment Turned Down.

As a Result There Will Be No A A League, and Players from Minor Leagues Will Still Be Drafted at Prices Now in Force.

New York, February 17.—The American League of Baseball Clubs today rejected the amendment proposed by the National Organization of Minor League Clubs, providing for an increase in payments by the two major leagues for players drafted from teams in the minor leagues.

The National League, at a meeting in Cincinnati some time ago, decided to agree to the proposed change, but the action of the American League today will have the effect of preventing any change in the old drafting price.

Under the old agreement, the major leagues paid $750 for players drafted from class A leagues, $500 from class B, $300 from class C and $200 from class D, it being provided that only two players should be drafted from class A, although an unlimited number could be drafted at the prices named from the other classes. The National Association proposed an amendment providing for a new class—class AA. The price for a drafted player from this class was to be fixed at $1,500, for class A, $1,000, class B, $750; class C, $600 and class D, $400.

The proposed amendment provided that only one player should be drafted from class AA, and that an unlimited number should be drafted from other classes at the prices named.

Compromise Rejected.

Howard Griffiths, of Jersey City, representing the National board of the National Association, submitted to the American League today the proposed amendment and received the league's answer through President Johnson that the league refused to concur.

President Johnson proposed this compromise:

That the drafting price be $1,000 for class AA and A, $750 for class B, and $500 for class C and all other classes. The proposed compromise involved an agreement that only two men should be drafted from either class AA, class A or class B or any other class.

Griffith, who had power to act for the National Association, decided to accept the compromise. Johnson then said the American Association would agree to act under his proposed compromise scale of prices for one year, and then, if the experiment was not satisfactory, pay the prices proposed by the amendment. Griffiths, in behalf of the National Association, flatly declined to accept the proposition.

The joint committee on rules of the two major leagues met today and readopted the 1904 rules. Absolutely no change was made. The foul strike rule was discussed but the joint committee was unanimous in its opinion that the rule should stand. The conditions for the world's championship series of games between the respective winners of the National and American Leagues were made known today. There will be seven games, the location of the first three to be decided by lot. The deciding game will be played in a neutral city to be designated by the national commission.

All the old officers of the New York National baseball organization, including President John T. Brush and Secretary and Treasurer Frederick M. Knowles, were reelected today.

The American League was in session for a brief period tonight and adjourned after formally adopting the playing schedule.

Like the National, the American League season will open April 14 with Chicago playing at St. Louis, Detroit at Cleveland, New York at Washington and Boston at Philadelphia.

Tourist Car Line Discontinuued.

The Atlanta and San Francisco Tourist Car Line, leaving on Mondays via the West Point route has been withdrawn.

This does not change the through tourist cars leaving by this line on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, on the same fast schedule via the Louisville and Nashville and Sunset route. The Washington and Southwestern Limited trains, leaving Atlanta at 4:20 p. m., via the West Point route, and handling these cars, has made a great record with its Dining Car Service, Palace Sleeping Cars and the remarkable schedule of only four days to the Pacific coast. Ticket Office, Fourth National Bank building.

OPPOSITION TO DANCE HALLS.

Council Will Probably Receive Two Reports About Negro Dance Halls.

Council will probably receive a majority and a minority report upon two petitions to open negro dance halls in the city. The matter came before the police committee yesterday morning in the shape of petitions for negro dance halls at 12½ Piedmont avenue and 4½ South Broad street.

The majority report which favors granting the petitions will be signed by Alderman Hirsch and Councilman Holland and the minority report will probably be signed by Councilman Oldknow. The three members constitute the committee.

The petitioners were represented by Attorneys Malvern Hill and Harvey Hill, who spoke in favor of the petitions. Opposed to the grant was Rev. H. H. Proctor, pastor of the colored Congregational church.

Some time ago there was opposition to negro dance halls and in addressing the committee yesterday Dr. Proctor declared that the best people of his race did not want the halls opened. He said the white people of Atlanta agreed with him in the belief that such places open the way for vice and crime.

Both sides will probably be heard at the meeting of council when the committee's report is made.

Pistol II Won Waterloo Cup.

London, February 17.—The annual coursing race for the Waterloo cup at Altcar today, W. H. Pawson's Pistol II won, defeating Prince Plausible in the final. Altogether 128 dogs were entered. Pistol II was considered to be an outsider. The betting last night in the draw for heats was 100 to 1 against Pistol II.

Crawford Goes to Chicaago.

New Orleans, February 17.—O. W. Crawford, wanted in Chicago on charges of embezzlement, who has been resisting requisition, was turned over to a Chicago detective today and will leave here tomorrow.

TECH GYMNASTS TRY FOR PRIZE

Splendid Athletic Contest Will Be Held at the Grand Tonight.

One of the most interesting athletic exhibitions of the season will take place at the Grand opera house tonight, when the big Tech athletic contest is held.

Every year this contest is looked forward to with interest by the entire student body of the Tech and by the many friends of the boys and of the institution in the city.

These exhibitions are held in order to encourage the gymnastic training of the boys and to make them work harder to develop themselves physically.

Each year a trophy is offered by the Atlanta Athletic Club for the winner of this event. The man who makes the greatest number of points is the one to win the contest. Every man who is seen on the stage, however, is not a contestant for the prize, as a large number of participants are trying for the novice prize, an innovation recently introduced, and given in order to bring out the members of the lower classes who believe themselves outclassed by the higher classmen but are more than willing to contest among themselves for the leadership.

An excellent athletic programme has been arranged for tonight and everybody who attends is sure to be repaid for being present.

Jockey Wennick Fatally Hurt.

Hot Springs, Ark., February 17.—Jockey Eddie Wenrick, who rode Colonel Simpson in the fifth race at Aaklawn today, fell with his mount and was run over by Juvenal Maxim. The boy sustained a fractured skull and it is feared he will not recover.

AT ASCOT

BOOKMAKERS MADE UP FOR THURSDAY'S LOSSES

Los Angeles, Cal., February 17.—The books at Ascot today more than made good their losses of yesterday. Metlakatla and Del Coronado were the only popular winners. Third choices and outsiders took the remaining events:

FIRST RACE—Steeplechase, handicap, short course: Casador, 140 (Tully), 5 to 1, won; Decimo, 162 (Hughes), 8½ to 1, second; Flea, 167 (Sullivan), 6 to 1, third. Time 3:10. Suave, Marylander and Jim Bozeman ran.

SECOND RACE—Five furlongs: Gondelus, 107 (Fuller), 3 to 1, won; Kity Roark, 100 (Perrine), 5 to 1, second; General Hanlon, 107 (Walsh), 5 to 1, third. Time 1:04. Leonada, William Parrish, Venicia, Brookdale, Vindicate, Formita, Alma C., Massacre, Spring Leaf, Lookaway and Birdie R ran.

THIRD RACE—Slausen course, purse: Confessor, 105 (Miller), 3 to 1, won; Tramator, 109 (Fuller), 10 to 1, second; West Brookfield, 105 (Lynch), 3 to 1, third. Time 1:12. Invader, Pacific, The Gadfly, Handy Bill, Tyrolean ran.

FOURTH RACE—Brooks' course: Cincinnatus, 105 (McDaniel), 3 to 1, won; Iras, 102 (E. Walsh), 9 to 5, second; Position, 107 (Washington), 3 to 1, third. Time 2:08. Invictus, Needful and Ericula ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs: Metlakatla, 110 (E. Walsh), 9 to 5, won; Winifreda, 105 (Perrine), 12 to 1, second; Dorice, 105 (Dillon), 5 to 1, third. Time 1:17. Nellie May, Lady Ask, Dora I, McJetta, Merces and Montoleo ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile: Del Coronado, 97 (Miller), even, won; Lou Welsea, 105 (Lynch), 20 to 1, second; Aminte, 105 (J. Booker), 10 to 1, third. Time 1:45 1-4. Henry, Clay, Jingler, Exapo, Miss May Bowdish and Pygmalion ran.

Ascot Entries for Today.

First Race—Mile, purse: Glennevils, 119; Padua, 114; Borghesi, 109; Sinner Simon, 101; Lookaway, 91; Carlisle, 94.

Second Race—Half mile, purse: Father Catcham, 119; Daisy Brouck, 105; Silver Wedding, 113; Expression, 113; Libertinius, 106; LaChata, Kisbrook, Rosario, 103; Senator Boggs, Charina, Raincloud, 97.

Third Race—Six furlongs: E. M. Brattain, 117; Elfin King, 112; Edinborough, 107; Dod Anderson, 108; Ben Lear, 107; Lurene, 105; Alice Carey, McGregor, 104; Susie Christian, 101; Dora I, 100; Azelina, 98; Dorice, 97; King Thorpe, 95; Sportsman, 92.

Fourth Race—Ascot Derby, $2,000 added, the Brooks course: Oxford, 127; Pasadena, Cigarlighter, Dr. Leggo, 122; Big Beach, Invader, Kehallan, Girdlestone, 117; Sandstone, Skeptic, 108.

Fifth Race—Mile and sixteenth: Martinmas, 111; Sais, 103; Borghesi, 95; Ishtar, Brarthorpe, 92; M. A. Powell, 90.

Sixth Race—Mile and seventy yards: Arabo, 109; Sheriff Bell, 108; The Bugaboo, Oro Va, 104; Ripher, 99; Cincinnatus, Bronzewing, 96; Free Sias, 95; Mammon, 91; Metlakatla, 96; Durbar, Aniad, 94.

AT CITY PARK,

APRIL SHOWER, IN FOURTH, ONLY FAVORITE TO WIN

New Orleans, February 17.—There was a good attendance at the New Orleans Jockey Club track today. The weather was ideal for racing. The track, though still slow, is drying out. April Shower, who won the fourth race, was the only winning favorite. Jockey Nicol was in great form; out of six mounts, he landed three winners, two seconds and one third.

FIRST RACE—Maiden fillies, three and four year olds, six furlongs: Brushton, 102 (Nicol), 7 to 1, won; Roxell, 102 (Romanelli), 7 to 1, second; Miss Nannie L, 102 (Jost), 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:18 1-5. Pinkie, Pearl S, Makaina and Nellie Rod ran.

SECOND RACE—Selling, seven furlongs: Green Gown, 104 (Nicol), 3 to 1, won; Norwood Ohio, 107 (D. Austin), 3 to 2, second; James H. Reed, 108 (J. Foy), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:35 3-5. Weberfields, Midnight Minstrel, Lucius and Herman Doyle ran.

THIRD RACE—Two-years-olds, three and half furlongs: Mathis, 98 (Newman), 5 to 2, won; Carthage, 98 (McLaughlin), 7 to 1, second; Judge Parker, 101 (Nicol), 9 to 10, third. Time, :42 3-5. Pavo, Dick Brown and Sam Howard ran.

FOURTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up, five and half furlongs: April Showers, 106 (C. Connell), 13 to 5, won; Mary McCafferty, 102 (Nicol), 8 to 1, second; Nervator, 113 (Troxler), 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:10 1-5. Death Mary Worth, Little Giant Julma, Lady Alza, Twemlow and Governor Sayers ran. Bon Mot left at post.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, mile: Ernest Perham, 112 (Nicol), 6 to 1, won; Moderator, 109 (Shea), 5 to 1, second; Easy Trade, 104 (Foy), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:46 4-5. Ornor, Domis, Tulare II, Our Sallie, Spring Fox and Elghor ran.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, mile: Hoodwink, 107 (Romanelli), 3 to 1, won; Sea Shark, 106 (Nciol), 5 to 1, second; Lida Lieb, 102 (D. Austin), 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:46 1-5. Ed Tierney, Richtful, Bradley Bill, Sid Silver, Spring Brook and Eliza Dillon ran.

Ordinary Barron Injured.

Carrollton, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Ordinary J. H. Barron, of this county, is confined to his room, as the result of a fall received at Banning. His injuries are not serious.

JEFFRIES WEARY OF HIS HONORS

Champion Heavy Weight Pugilist Will Retire After One Year.

Says He Is Tired of Being Pointed at as a Bruiser and of Having Small Boys Follow Him as a Curiosity About the Streets.

Savannah, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—Jim Jeffries, champion heavy weight boxer of the world, who appeared here tonight in his play, said that Frank Gotch, champion wrestler, who, some profess to believe, can beat Jeffries in the squared circle, must be in a hurry to win the boxing championship and get it within a year, or he will get it after that time by default.

"I am tired of the life of a boxer," said Jim; "I am tired of being pointed at as the champion bruiser and I am tired of having bunches of urchins following me about the streets in wide-eyed wonder. The simple life for mine.

"I have had about enough of the strenuous life and one year longer is all I will give Gotch or any others who may want to wrest my honors from me. If within that time neither Gotch nor any one else is ready to contest the championship with me, its me to California to run my ranch and my vineyard. That will leave it for somebody else to wear the championship belt."

AT HOT SPRINGS

THREE FAVORITES CASHED FOR BACKERS

Hot Springs, Ark., February 17.—The racing at Oaklawn was unmarked by any special feature. Name Oki and Kingraine, quoted at 6 to 5, ran first and second in the sixth race. Silver Skin and Rose Ben were the other winning favorites the last named being at such a prohibitive price, however, that the form players did not realize much on his victory. Summaries:

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs: Voltage, 96 (H. Dickson), 6 to 1, won; Bone Brake, 95 (Sperling), 9 to 5, second, Simon Kent, 100 (Macey), 5 to 1, third. Time 1:05 3-5. Fergus, Mexicana, Butwell, Cash Boy, Willie Collier, Cropple, James Warren and Ontonagon ran.

SECOND RACE — Three furlongs: George Shell, 110 (Feight), 4 to 1, won; Donora, 102 (Sperling), 4 to 5, second; Galameda, 107 (Fischer), 8 to 1, third. Time :38 3-5. Massum, Ina Gray, Negaunee, Jacks Hope and Walter Douglas ran.

THIRD RACE—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Rose Ben, 98 (Smithson), 1 to 3, won; Incense, 91 (Goodchild), 5 to 1, second; Granade, 98 (F. Green), 8 to 1, third. Time 1:11 1-5. Port Arthur and Locket ran.

FOURTH RACE—Five furlongs: Silverskin, 107 (Henry), even, won; Lone Wolf, 100 (Lindsey), 4 to 1, second; Harfang, 103 (J. J. Walsh), 6 to 1, third. Time 1:05. Borak Bullman, Golden Age, Mordella and Mutual Benefit ran.

FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs: Our Lille, 98 (Lewell), 5 to 1, won; Thisbe, 102 (Goodchild), 6 to 1, second; Erema, 107 (Feicht), 3 1-2 to 1, third. Time 1:06 4-5. Martius, Henry Lyons, Colonel Simpson, St. Florence, Tribes, Juvenal, Maxim, Clovis and Poco Wa No ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth: Name Oki, 110 (Wonderly), 6 to 5, won; Kingraine, 111 (J. J. Walsh), 6 to 5, second; Nuptials, 103 (Sperling), 6 to 1, third. Time 1:56. Compass, Rath Bride, Major Daniels, Nannan and Falkland ran.

Hot Springs Entries for Today.

First Race—Six furlongs, selling: I. Samelson, 109; Foxy, 94; Prinzessin, 97; Ethel Davis, 99; Little Buttercup, 89; Maggie Leeber, 96; Pentaur, 112; Nepenthe, 84; Orchestra, 84.

Second Race—Three and a half furlongs: Sago, Agnolo, 108; Port Worth, 112; Eva Jean, 97; J. R. Grist, 105; Dr. Gardner, 108; Peter the Great, 102; Strategem, 108; Jacks Queen, 102.

Third Race—Mile: Gus Heldorn, 106; Locket, 92; Never Such, 102; Far West, 96; Bill Curtis, 108; King Ellsworth, 101; Toscan, 122; Possession, 104; Proceeds, 95.

Fourth Race—Six and a half furlongs: Right and True, 108; Divon's Test, 97; Crown Prince, 105; Albertola, 100; Ali Scarlet, 89; Chemist, 101.

Fifth Race—Six and a half furlongs, selling: The Cure, 106; Jigger, 108; Black Art, 105; Van Ness, 114; Ingol Thrift, 105; Massa, 96.

Sixth Race—Mile and 70 yards, selling: Locket, 105; Annie Chapman, 85; Imboden, 100; Scottsman, 107; Turrando, 112; Tete Noir, 85.

DR. CALISCH TO SPEAK HERE.

Will Fill Dr. Marx's Place at the Temple Sunday Morning.

Dr. E. N. Calisch, the eminent rabbi of Richmond, Va., will occupy Dr. Marx's pulpit at the Temple on South Pryor street Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. An invitation to attend has been extended to the public.

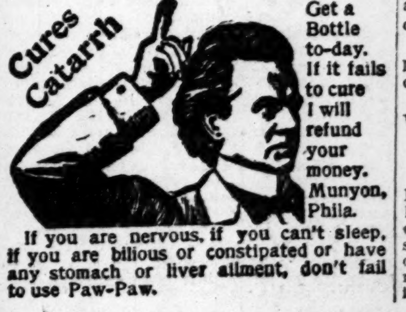
Dr. Calish is well known in Atlanta as an eloquent speaker. He is regarded as a leader among his people and large gatherings hear him wherever he speaks. The indications are that Sunday will not be an exception to the rule.

LANDSLIDE ON A RAILROAD.

Louisville and Nashville Trains Are Somewhat Delayed.

Birmingham, Ala., February 17.—A landslide occurred yesterday on the main line of the Louisville and Nashville between Graces and Tacoa, necessitating the running of a number of through southbound Louisville and Nashville trains via Bessemer. The distance around the loop is about seventy-five miles, while the gap cut out by the slide was only 10 miles.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW



Get a Bottle to-day. If it fails to cure I will refund your money. Munyon, Phila.

If you are nervous, if you can't sleep, if you are bilious or constipated or have any stomach or liver ailment, don't fail to use Paw-Paw.

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DUNLAP HATS

Spring Styles, Opening Day

Saturday Feb'y 18th

Sole Agents

LAW BROS. CO.

10 Whitehall.

COME OUT To FLORAL PARK THIS AFTERNOON



and let me show you those lots I am selling for $10 cash or $12 on time, terms 25c down and 25c weekly. Take College Park electric cars, get off at Harvard st. at College Park, and walk west for ten minutes and you will arrive at Floral Park — (Follow the red flags) but you need not walk, for wagonettes meet all cars and will take you to and from Floral Park (free of all charge). Come out and see the site of Atlanta's new pleasure park, and ideal residence and industrial suburb, or send for illustrated descriptive circular (free for the asking).

RICHARD RESPESS
708 Prudential Bldg.
Bell Phone 3806

P. S.—If good.

THEATERS.

Richard Mansfield presented "Ivan the Terrible," Count Alexis Tolstoi's tragedy, to a magnificent audience at the Grand last night.

Of course, every one understands that Mr. Mansfield has risen to that height upon the stage which causes him to completely overshadow every member of his company, and this was accentuated last evening to a marked degree by the vehicle chosen by him for this season. It was distinctly a one-man performance, and Mr. Mansfield, as Ivan the Terrible, was the man. The minute he left the stage the performance dragged, principally because there was no story to maintain the interest, but also because other members of the company than Mr. Mansfield had neither lines nor situations to compel attention.

The performance was artistic from beginning to end. Mr. Mansfield may be relied upon to bring out the artistic in everything and he did so last evening. His renditions of his lines when the ambassador of King Stephen threw the glove at the foot of the throne, at the close of the fourth act, when he called upon God to witness his atonement for his sins and his portrayal of the death of Ivan were simply magnificent. The last mentioned was especially so and resulted in something that rarely happens in Atlanta—a curtain call after the close of a performance.

It is undeniable, however, that Mr. Mansfield was not as well received last evening as he was when he came as Beaucaire or even as Brutus. Every one realized that he was presenting something splendid, but the enthusiasm was lacking. There were no thrills. It was more of a study than an entertainment.

That Mr. Mansfield realizes this is stated upon the programme. After a signed article in which the actor explains the character of Ivan the Terrible, this is added:

"In offering 'Ivan the Terrible' to the public, Mr. Mansfield fully realizes that he is not presenting what is commonly called a play. It is no more of a play than Shakespeare's 'Henry V' or the two parts of 'Henry VI,' but Mr. Mansfield ventures to think that as a picture of the time of Ivan the Terrible in Russia, it is well worth presenting not only pictorially, but because the incidents here recited are absolutely true; i. e., historically correct. Mr. Mansfield also ventures to suggest that there is upon the stage room for instructive work and for the creation and depiction of the outward and inward man, and that the theater need not be devoted entirely to plays with a pretty story."

Howbeit, it is certain that Mr. Mansfield has presented the most artistic performance of the season at the Grand as he has done for several seasons past.

The advance sale for the Drury Lane spectacle, "The Sleeping Beauty and the Beast," which will be the attraction all next week at the Grand, opened yesterday morning at the box office of the Grand. A line of first-nighters were on hand to secure their favorite seats, and throughout the day the box office force force was kept busy answering the 'phone and taking care of the out-of-town mail orders. Indications are exceedingly bright for the week's engagement, and judging from the success of the performance in other cities, the Grand will have a very prosperous week.

At the Bijou next week, Henri Gressitt will present the talented romantic actor, William Bramwell, in "Captain Barrington." Mr. Bramwell has created a splendid reputation in such roles as Macbeth, Romeo, John Storm in "The Christian," Iago, etc., and is well adapted for the romantic dual role of Fielding and Barrington in this revolutionary war drama.

The play has twenty-eight speaking parts, and the company is said to be composed of excellent players.

Matinees will be given on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Lieutenant Day Resigns.

Fitzgerald, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) Lieutenant James A. Day has resigned his commission as commanding officer of company M, Fourth regiment Georgia state troops, and will probably be succeeded by Charles Johnson. Mr. Day's resignatioin was made necessary by his intention to remove to St. George.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, February 17.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Georgia—Fair Saturday and Sunday, diminishing west winds.

Virginia—Fair and colder Saturday; Sunday fair, fresh west winds.

North Carolina—Fair Saturday and Sunday, colder in northeast portion Saturday, fresh west winds.

South Carolina—Fair Saturday and Sunday, diminishing west winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, Western Florida and Louisiana—Occasional rains Saturday and Sunday, light to fresh northeast winds.

Local Temperatures.

Highest temperature	45
Lowest temperature	31
Mean temperature	38
Normal temperature	50
Precipitation in last 24 hours	T.
Deficiency since 1st of month	.37
Deficiency since January 1	2.14

From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather	Temp'ature 7 p.m.	Temp'ature High	Rain 12 hrs Inch's
Atlanta, clear	40	44	T.
Abilene, snow	28	34	.02
Augusta, clear	46	54	.00
Buffalo, snow	18	24	.06
Charleston, clear	52	58	.00
Charlotte, clear	40	48	.00
Chattanooga, clear	38	46	.00
Chicago, clear	18	22	.00
Cincinnati, clear	26	34	T.
Detroit, cloudy	16	28	T.
Dodge City, cloudy	28	30	.00
Jacksonville, p. cloudy	56	66	.00
Kansas City, clear	28	32	.00
Knoxville, clear	36	42	.00
Memphis, p. cloudy	40	42	.00
New York, clear	30	34	T.
North Platte, clear	22	28	.00
Norfolk, clear	42	44	.00
Omaha, clear	24	28	.00
Raleigh, clear	42	50	.00
Rapid City, p. cloudy	22	34	.00
Savannah, cloudy	54	58	.00
St. Louis, clear	26	28	.00
St. Paul, clear	18	20	.00
Vicksburg, cloudy	48	54	.00
Wilmington, cloudy	48	54	.00
Boston, cloudy	34	38	.00
Portland, Me., cloudy	28	32	.02
Huron, clear	18	26	.00
Seattle, cloudy	52	54	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecaster.

The best kind of medicine

for many ailments, because of its known quality and purity is

Old Barbee Whiskey

Bottled in Bond

Made of the best grain and purest water in Kentucky, the home of good whiskey. Fully guaranteed by the U. S. Government as to quantity (full quarts), quality, purity, strength and age.

Ask for Old Barbee.

You'll know you're getting it, if government stamp is over cork.

Jno. T. Barbee & Co., Louisville, Ky.

MARCH SHORTS ARE NERVOUS

Spinners Calling for Delivery of Contracts.

Advices from Southern Spot Markets Continue Bullish—Trade in Futures More Active with the Closing 2 to 13 Points Net Higher.

New York, February 17.—The cotton market reflected the nervousness of March shorts over the approach of the first notice day for that position, and at times ruled rather excited, with the near spring months commanding a premium over May and July for the first time this season. At the best point of the session prices ranged from 76 to 108 points over the lowest level of the season with March showing the greatest gain. The opening was firm at an advance of 3@7 points in response to firm cables, continued bullish advices from the southern spot markets, and the prospects for another bad spell of weather held out by the official forecast. It soon became evident that March shorts were apprehensive, and before midday that month had been advanced to 7.60 or a net advance of 19 points, while May sold no higher than 7.56, or net 11 points higher, and later positions ranged from 8 to 10 points higher. All sorts of theories were circulated as to the cause of the special demand for March. Some rumors went so far as to say that southern bull leaders were planning a squeeze of that position in the southern markets. Others that the standing of long interest locally was in the hands of spot interests short of actual cotton and who would demand deliveries on contract, while the more reasonable explanation appeared to be that as maturity approached smaller bears were unwilling to remain short at prices below a parity with southern spot markets when there seemed to be some demand from spinners for the stocks already at their ports, and the outlook for any immediate bulge in the movement seemed poor. At the advance caused by this covering offerings increased. Southern wire houses had selling orders and some conservative longs seemed to be taking profits. There was little aggressive bear pressure, however, and the market was finally steady at a net advance of 2@13 points. Sales were estimated at 400,000 bales.

The New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, February 17.—Spot cotton in good demand at full prices; offerings moderate. Sales 5,650 bales, including 1,450 to arrive. Quotations advanced ⅛c in response to the improvement in Liverpool and New York.

The future market opened steady, with prices from 1 point lower to 2 points higher than the closing of yesterday. Liverpool was much better than expected, showing an advance of 8 points at the time of the opening of the local market. New York came in firm at an advance of from 4 to 8 points. Shorts were made nervous by bullish Liverpool cables reporting a good demand for spots and strong cloth and yarn markets in Manchester. Cables also said that the advance in the Liverpool future market today was caused partly by spinners calling for the delivery of cotton on contracts held by them. Regarding the oversold March position some of the largest exporters here said today that they held large blocks of March contracts on which they would demand deliveries. The weekend statistics were bullish. In the trading March opened unchanged at 7.37 and after frequent narrow fluctuations, sold up to 7.47 and finally receded to 7.39. The market closed quiet. Net changes 1 point down to 2 points up.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, February 17.—A better feeling is evident in the dry goods market. Increased independence is noted on the part of sellers, who have done so much in export orders that they have been influenced to hold more firmly in other grades of goods which are bound to be affected. Jobbers continue to be busy with the outlook for a longer season of activity than usual.

Comparative Cotton Movement.

Following table shows receipts, exports and stock at all ports yesterday:

	Receipts 1905	Receipts 1904	Exports 1905	Exports 1904	Stocks 1905	Stocks 1904
Saturday..	10436	14566	8917	21911	748934	718409
Monday...	18337	20464	9476	28985	739873	705976
Tuesday..	13978	15543	2595	12892	752678	709049
Wednesd'y	11780	11068	11405	12276	749384	705526
Thursday.	43197	7917	47963	24118	718447	678141
Friday....	15086	16826	7240	26506	718547	675828
Total....	72492	86874	87786	126678	.. ..	....

The Liverpool Cotton Market.

Liverpool, February 17, 12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, demand fair with prices firm; middling uplands 4.23; sales 10,000 bales: American 9,400; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 5,000; American 4,200.

Futures opened firm.

	Opening Range.	Close.
February	4.08-4.06	4.08
February-March	4.08	4.08
March-April	4.10-4.08	4.12
April-May	4.12-4.11	4.12
May-June	4.12-4.10	4.12
June-July	4.13	4.13
July-August	4.14-4.12	4.14
August-September	4.15-4.13	4.14
September-October	4.15-4.14	4.15

Futures closed very steady.

Yesterday's Port Receipts.

The following table shows receipts at the ports yesterday, compared with the same day last year:

	1905.	1904.
Galveston	2,473	6,137
New Orleans	3,603	6,155
Mobile	248	285
Savannah	2,091	1,557
Charleston	848	160
Wilmington	372	35
Norfolk	1,076	75
Baltimore	705	463
New York	77	......
Boston	123	......
Philadelphia	25	......
Newport News	189	1,353
Brunswick	1,183	......
Jacksonville	13	......
Port Arthur and Sabine Pass	2,060	......
Totals	15,086	16,219

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston	1,799	4,612
Augusta	206	243
Memphis	391	1,363
St. Louis	200	......
Cincinnati	246	1,092
Louisville	70	76
Totals	2,912	7,386

ESTIMATED TOMORROW.

New Orleans expects 3,400 to 4,200 bales, against 5,149 actual last year; Galveston 4,000 to 4,300, against 3,351 actual last year; Houston 3,000 to 4,0.., against 2,972 actual last year.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.

COTTON—From the buying of March today it was inferred that the short interest had become uneasy at the daily buying of spot cotton from our stock by northern spinners. Realizing the loss which would be incurred by bringing cotton here from the south to increase the stock, they have bought March to a sharp premium over May for the purpose of retaining the stock here as a protection against their forward sales. This buying brought out some long March, which were sold on distant deliveries, causing the market to lose a part of the advance. Reports were freely circulated that the south was offering spots more freely, and that the receipts would soon be very heavy. These served to induce the trade to sell, as they fear at all times that the south will sell heavily. The dry goods market shows more demand, and Manchester is well engaged ahead. Heavy selling during the last five minutes closed the market at about the opening prices, except on March. That the short interest should have found it necessary to buy March at a premium is accepted as indicating how excessive this interest is in the other deliveries, as such an operation involves a heavy loss. Liverpool is expected to be lower. The spot market was steady at 10 points advance.

THE SPOT COTTON MARKETS IN DETAIL

MARKET—	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross Receipts.	Sales.	Stock.	Great Britain.	France.	Continent.	C'stwise.	Japan.	Mexico.
Atlanta	Steady	7⅝	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,844
Galveston	Steady	7 11-16	2,473	2,473	1,247	138,055	......	......	......	......	......	......
New Orleans	Steady	7⅝	3,603	3,603	5,650	315,465	1,500	......	600	2,028	......	......
Mobile	Firm	7 7-16	248	248	200	41,864	......	......	......	......	......	......
Savannah	Steady	7 9-16	2,091	2,091	505	66,645	......	......	......	1,264	......	......
Charleston	Steady	7⅝	848	848	......	19,691	......	......	......	328	......	......
Wilmington	Steady	7¼	372	372	34	9,429	28	......	......	......	......	......
Norfolk	Firm	7⅝	1,076	1,076	231	30,805	......	......	......	1,425	......	......
Baltimore	Nominal	7⅞	705	705	......	5,456	451	......	......	......	......	......
New York	Steady	7.90	77	1,203	625	73,053	519	......	......	......	......	......
Boston	Quiet	7.90	123	1,542	......	......	266	......	......	......	......	......
Philadelphia	Steady	8.15	25	625	......	1,527	......	......	......	......	......	......
Brunswick		......	1,183	1,183	......	16,402	......	......	......	216	......	......
Jacksonville		......	13	13	......	......	......	......	......	13	......	......
Newport News		......	189	189	......	155	......	......	......	71	......	......
Port Arthur-Sabine Pass		......	2,060	2,060	......	......	2,060	......	......	......	......	......
Totals today			15,086	......	......	718,547	4,796	......	600	......	......	1,844
do. for week			72,492	......	......	......	32,147	29,139	19,288	......	4,678	2,330
do. since September 1			6,878,729	......	......	......	2,568,510	588,285	2,110,977	......	98,123	21,544

Wilmington—Deduct 189 bales from net receipts this week.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross Receipts.	Shipments.	Sales.	Stock.
Houston	Steady	7 11-16	1,799	1,799	3,590	1,802	53,624
Augusta	Steady	7⅝	206	206	1,709	596	75,341
Memphis	Steady	7⅝	391	1,224	1,604	2,000	101,409
St. Louis	Steady	7⅝	200	1,076	937	227	44,000
Cincinnati		......	246	246	312	......	4,551
Louisville	Firm	7⅝	70	70	30	42	55
Totals today			2,912	4,621	8,182	4,667	278,980

THE RANGE FOR COTTON OPTIONS

RANGE IN NEW YORK.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Previous Close.
February	....	....	....	....	7.53-55	7.40-42
March	7.48	7.60	7.47	7.54	7.54-55	7.41-42
April	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.48-52	7.42-44
May	7.51	7.56	7.47	7.48	7.48-49	7.44-45
June	7.51	7.51	7.51	7.51	7.50-52	7.46-48
July	7.54	7.59	7.51	7.53	7.53-54	7.49-50
August	7.55	7.60	7.55	7.58	7.56-57	7.52-53
September	7.62	7.62	7.62	7.62	7.57-59	7.55-57
October	7.63	7.67	7.60	7.60	7.60-62	7.58-59

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Previous Close.
February	....	....	....	....	7.38-40	7.38-40
March	7.37	7.47	7.37	7.40	7.39-40	7.37-38
April	....	....	....	....	7.38-40	7.36-38
May	7.40	7.47	7.37	7.39	7.38-39	7.37-38
June	7.45	7.45	7.44	7.44	7.39-41	7.39-41
July	7.42	7.50	7.41	7.41	7.41-42	7.42-43
August	7.45	7.49	7.45	7.49	7.44-46	7.45-47
September	....	....	....	....	7.46-48	7.47-49
October	7.51	7.51	7.50	7.50	7.48-49	7.49-51

Closed steady

OFFICIAL RANGE AND SALES OF STOCKS

Railway Stocks.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close Today.	Close Yes'day.
Atchison	11,100	87⅝	87¼	87¼	87⅞
do. preferred	2,500	102⅝	101⅞	101⅞	102¼
Atlantic Coast Line	100	122	122	121¼	121½
Baltimore and Ohio	11,800	104¼	103⅛	103⅛	103⅝
do. preferred	300	97¼	97	97	97¼
Canadian Pacific	9,900	137⅞	137	137	137⅝
Central of New Jersey	400	198¼	198	198	198
Chesapeake and Ohio	4,200	50⅞	50⅝	50½	50¾
Chicago and Alton	200	42	42	41½	42
do. preferred	100	82	82	80	82
Chicago Great Western	23,100	23¾	22½	23⅛	22½
Chicago and Northwest	800	238⅞	238	237½	239
Chicago, M. and St. P.	9,900	176⅜	175⅝	175⅞	175¾
Chicago Term and Trans	3,300	19½	19	18¾	19
do. preferred	5,600	35½	34¼	34¾	34¾
C., C., C. and St. Louis	700	96	95½	95	94½
Colorado and Southern	1,900	26⅛	25⅝	25¾	25¾
do. 1st preferred	......	......	......	63⅞	63¾
do. 2d preferred	400	38	37	37⅝	37¼
Delaware and Hudson	500	192¼	191½	191½	191¼
Dela., Lack. and West.	......	......	......	355	355
Denver and Rio Grande	......	......	......	32½	32½
do. preferred	......	......	......	87⅞	87¾
Erie	53,500	44⅝	44	44	43¾
do. 1st preferred	4,400	80¼	79⅞	79⅜	79¾
do. 2d preferred	2,100	65⅝	64⅝	64¾	64½
Hocking Valley	200	92¼	91½	91¼	91
do. preferred	100	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜	91½
Illinois Central	3,000	158	157¼	157¼	157½
Iowa Central	100	30	30	29¾	30
do. preferred	......	......	......	56	56
Kansas City Southern	2,500	32⅝	32	32⅝	32⅞
do. preferred	3,800	68⅛	67⅝	67½	68¼
Louisville and Nashville	4,200	138⅞	137¾	137¾	138¾
Manhattan L.	1,300	173¼	172⅝	172⅝	138⅝
Metropolitan Securities	3,600	82⅜	81⅛	81	81⅜
Metropolitan St. Ry.	7,600	122⅝	121½	121⅜	121¼
Mexican Central	2,500	23⅛	22⅛	22⅝	22¾
Minneapolis and St. L.	......	......	......	58	60
Minn., St. P. and S. S. M.	800	105½	105⅛	105	105½
do. prefered	......	......	......	160	160½
Missouri Pacific	4,800	107⅝	106⅜	106⅞	106⅞
Missouri, Kan. and Tex.	1,200	31⅜	31½	31⅜	31⅞
do. preferred	1,700	65⅜	65	64½	65
Nat. R. R. of Mex. pfd	200	42	42	41½	42
New York Central	4,300	148¼	147⅝	147¾	148¼
N. Y., Ont. and West.	27,700	51⅜	50⅝	51	50⅞
Norfolk and Western	4,300	83⅛	83	83	83
do. preferred	......	......	......	92½	92½
Pennsylvania	38,200	140¼	139½	139½	139¾
Pitts., C. C. and St. L.	100	82½	82½	81½	81½
Reading	58,300	94¼	93½	94¼	93⅝
do. 1st preferred	300	94	94	93¼	93½
do. 2d preferred	100	90	90	89⅞	90
Rock Island Co.	10,900	35¼	34¾	34¾	34¾
do preferred	700	81⅞	81½	81½	81½
St. L. and S. F. 2d pfd	200	71	71	70¼	71
St. Louis Southwestern	400	26	26	25½	26
do. preferred	1,600	63⅞	63	62⅞	63⅞
Southern Pacific	24,300	67⅜	66⅞	67	67⅜
do. preferred	2,400	120½	119¾	119¾	120¼
Southern Railway	6,900	34⅝	34¼	34⅛	34⅝
do. preferred	100	97⅞	97⅞	97½	97¼
Texas and Pacific	300	36⅝	36	36¼	36⅝
Toledo, St. L. and West	1,000	36⅞	36½	36⅝	36½
Union Pacific	172,400	126¼	124	125⅝	124⅛
do. preferred	......	......	......	99	98¾
Wabash	800	23⅜	22½	22¾	22¾
do. preferred	2,300	47	46¼	46⅝	46⅝
Wheeling and Lake Erie	600	19½	19	19⅛	19
Wisconsin Central	3,900	24⅞	24⅜	24⅛	24⅝
do. prefered	5,900	54¼	53⅛	53½	53⅛

Express Companies.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close Today.	Close Yes'day.
Adams	......	......	......	245	245
American	......	......	......	228	230
United States	......	......	......	129	130
Wells-Fargo	......	......	......	245	249

Miscellaneous.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close Today.	Close Yes'day.
Amalgamated Copper	70,200	74⅞	73¾	74	74¼
Amer. Car and Foundry	2,900	34⅞	34⅛	34⅜	34½
do. preferred	500	94	93⅞	93⅞	93⅝
American Cotton Oil	200	34⅞	34¾	34½	34
do. preferred	......	......	......	95	95
American Ice	600	6	6	6	6
do. preferred	400	40	39⅞	39⅞	39¾
American Linseed Oil	300	16	16	16¼	16
do. preferred	200	37½	37	38	......
American Locomotive	9,600	41½	40¼	40	40¼
do. preferred	......	......	......	110¾	110
Amre. Smelt. and Rfng.	27,100	87⅞	85¾	87⅝	85½
do. preferred	800	118½	117¼	117¾	117¼
Amer. Sugar Refining	4,000	144¾	143¼	143¾	144⅛
Amer. Tob., pfd. certif.	2,000	98⅜	98⅛	98¼	98¼
Anaconda Mining Co.	1,000	106¼	106	105¾	106¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit.	3,700	62¾	62¼	62⅜	62½
Colorado Fuel and Iron.	1,300	51⅜	50½	50½	50⅝
Consolidated Gas	4,900	206⅞	204¼	204¾	206¼
Corn Products	200	20⅞	20⅝	20½	20⅞
do. preferred	200	78⅜	77½	77½	77¾
Distillers' Securities	2,400	38⅞	38½	38¼	38⅛
General Electric	900	187½	187	186½	187⅛
International Paper	200	22⅛	22	21⅞	21⅞
do. preferred	500	77⅜	77⅛	77¼	77
International Pump	......	......	......	38	38⅜
do. preferred	300	87	86¾	85½	86½
National Lead	11,000	34½	33⅞	34	33⅜
North American	500	103¾	102¾	103	103¼
Pacific Mail	800	46¾	46	46½	45
People's Gas	1,300	107½	107¼	107	107⅜
Pressed Steel Car	1,700	37⅝	37¼	37¼	37⅛
Pullman Palace Car	......	......	......	237	240
Republic Steel	2,600	18¼	18	18	18
do. preferred	1,700	77⅛	76	76	75¾
Rubber Goods	5,700	27¼	25⅛	26¼	25⅛
do. preferred	......	......	......	96½	95½
Tennessee Coal and Iron	7,100	82¼	81	81½	81⅝
United States Leather	600	12⅞	12⅜	12¾	12¼
do. preferred	2,600	106¼	105¼	105⅝	105½
United States Realty	500	90	89½	88½	89¼
United States Rubber	15,200	44	40¼	42½	40
do. preferred	11,100	114½	110	114¼	109¾
United States Steel	56,100	32½	32	32	32¼
do. preferred	15,700	95	94½	94½	94½
Va.-Carolina Chemical	1,900	39	38⅝	38½	38⅝
do. preferred	700	109¼	108¾	107⅞	108
Westinghouse Electric	......	......	......	180	178⅛
Western Union	500	93½	93¼	93¼	93¼
Seaboard Air Line	......	......	......	17¼	17¼

Total sales for the day, 833,700 shares.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

U. S. refunding 2s, registered	104¾
do, coupon	104¾
U. S. 3s, registered	103¼
do, coupon	103¾
U. S. New 4s, registered	131½
do, coupon	130
U. S. old 4s, registered	105½
do, coupon	105½
American Tobacco 4s, certificates	76
American Tobacco 6s, certificates	117
Atchison general 4s	104⅜
Atchison adjustment 4s	97¼
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	103½
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	105½
Baltimore and Ohio 3½s	95½
Central of Georgia 5s	115⅝
do, 1st inc	92¼
do, 2d inc	70
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	109¾
Chicago and Alton 3½s	82¼
Chicago, B. and Quincy new 4s	100⅛
C, R. I. and Pacific railroad 4s	82⅜
C., C., C. and St Louis gen 4s	103¾
Chicago Terminal 4s	97
Colorado Midland 4s	25¼
Colorado and Southern 4s	93
Cuba 5s, certificates	107⅛
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	101½
Distillers' Securities 5s	79½
Erie proir lien 4s	101½
Erie General 4s	92⅝
Ft. Worth and Denver City 1st	110
Hocking Valley 4½s	111⅝
Japan 6s, certificates	100¼
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	102¾
Manhattan consol gold 4s	106¼
Mexican Central 4s	75
do, 1st inc	23
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	98
Missouri, K. and Texas 4s	101¼
do, 2ds	85¾
National Railroad of Mex. consol 4s	82⅝
New York Central gen. 3½s	99¾
New Jersey Central gen. 5s	135¼
Northern Pacific 4s	106
do, 3s	77
Norfolk and Western cons. 4s	104
Oregon Short Line rfdg. 4s	97⅞
Penn. conv. 3½s	104⅝
Reading General 4s	102⅞
St. L. and Iron Mountain cons. 5s	117⅞
St. Louis and San Francisco fg. 4s	92
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	82⅛
Seaboard Air Line 4s	89⅝
Southern Pacific 4s	96½
Southern railway 5s	119¾
Texas and Pacific 1sts	122⅛
Toledo, St. L. and Western 4s	84½
Union Pacific 4s	106
Union Pacific conv. 4s	125⅝
U. S. Steel 2d 5s	94⅞
Wabash 1sts	118½
Wabash Deb. B	70½
Western Md. 4s	93½
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	95
Wisconsin Central 4s	94

Weekly Interior Cotton Towns.

Towns.	Rects.	Shpmts.	Sales.	Stock.
Albany	89	160	......	7,909
Athens	943	559	60	22,959
Atlanta	32	476	......	10,053
Brenham	453	413	......	3,013
Charlotte	37	37	......	......
Columbia	876	876	......	......
Columbus, Ga.	377	248	......	21,841
Columbus, Miss.	1,245	473	473	6,489
Dallas	371	762	......	6,518
Eufaula	286	565	......	6,250
Greenville	230	1,071	......	4,648
Greenwood, S. C.	94	72	22	5,345
Helena	323	2,114	......	5,718
Little Rock	3,794	4,534	......	28,203
Macon	400	499	......	17,919
Meridian	598	1,033	......	26,659
Montgomery	1,065	3,757	3,757	34,854
Nashville	299	287	287	626
Natchez	1,305	1,719	1,509	14,423
Newberry	22	22	......	......
Raleigh	46	225	......	1,167
Rome	235	281	......	......
Selma	628	2,605	......	22,156
Shreveport	3,506	3,569	1,391	35,500
Vicksburg	184	1,537	......	22,501
Yazoo City	705	1,627	......	18,210

Sea Island Cotton.

Savannah, February 17.—Sea island cotton active for poor grades; quiet for better grades. Fancy Floridas 19@20; extra choice do. 17 1-2@18; choice do. 16; extra fancy Georgias 18@18 1-2; extra choice do. 16 1-2@17; choice do. 15; extra fine Georgias and Floridas 14; fine do. 12; common do. 11.

Charleston, February 17.—Sea island cotton: Receipts this week 259; exports to continent via New York 178; domestic mills via New York 50; sales 370; stock 3,169. Market quiet; sales principally crop lots, 25@31c; fine 21; fully fine 23 to 24; extra fine 25; stained 17@20.

Receipts at U. S. Ports.

New York, February 17.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1:

Galveston	1,916,817
New Orleans	1,836,714
Mobile	236,614
Savannah	1,293,961
Charleston	178,026
Wilmington	284,680
Norfolk	490,747
Baltimore	38,248
New York	21,562
Boston	45,792
Newport News	4,189
Philadelphia	9,305
Brunswick	153,364
Jacksonville	16,722
Pensacola	118,888
Port Arthur-Sabine Pass	99,314
Port Townsend	41,244
San Francisco	57,239
Portland, Oreg.	8,931
El Paso	3,125
Eagle Pass	6,194
Laredo	12,815
Minor ports	4,248
Total	6,878,729

Southern Exchange.

COTTON—With a better Liverpool this morning 7 to 8 points above last night's close, spots 6 points up and sales 10,000 bales, the local market opened with an improvement of 7 to 10 points over yesterday, and with active intermediate flashes from Liverpool up to 4 o'clock showing a further upward tendency, reflected additional strength in the American market. The higher prices of the day were recorded about noon with March at 9.60, May 7.56, July 7.59 and October 7.57. With the midday dullness, however, and general lack of support the market underwent a recession of 5 to 6 points, and with little or no activity seemed to drift into a rut. While the influence of the Southern Cotton Association is unquestionably having some effect, it must be borne in mind that conservatism cannot be dispensed with, and that while its organization may be perfectly complete in every detail, it should also be remembered that all enthusiasm attains its highest level always on the first flush, and while the common verdict everywhere is that 10, or even 8 1-2c cotton, could produce an element of health in all branches of trade impossible otherwise, some consideration should be given to the other side of the question. Somebody is turning cotton loose at the rate of 12,000 to 18,000 bales per day with no guarantee that the volume will not be increased.

World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans, February 17.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton made up from special cable advices compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before.

It shows a decrease for the week just closed of 149,303, against a decrease of 96,569 last year and a decrease of 5,204 year before last.

The total visible is 4,236,992, against 4,386,295 last week, 3,833,920 last year and 3,976,495 year before last.

Of this the total of American cotton is 3,273,992, against 3,440,295 last week, 2,797,920 last year and 2,929,495 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 963,000, against 946,000 last week, 1,036,000 last year and 1,047,000 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton, as above, shows a decrease compared with last week of 149,303, an increase compared with last year of 403,072, and an increase compared with year before last of 260,497.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton, as above, there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 2,223,000, against 2,171,000 last year and 2,028,000 year before last; in Egypt 197,000, against 244,000 last year and 181,000 year before last; in India 491,000, against 361,000 last year and 528,000 year before last, and in the United States 1,326,000, against 1,058,000 last year and 1,239,000 year before last.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, February 17.—Today's treasury balances, exclusive of the gold reserve, show: Available cash balances $139,254,003; gold $49,904,729.

ON REALIZING WHEAT DECLINED

Estimated Sales of Long Wheat Near 5,000,000 Bushels.

Market Was Extremely Nervous the Entire Session—At the Close May Was 1 3-4c Lower and July 5-8 to 3-4c Down.

Chicago, February 17.—Under heavy realizing sales today, the price of wheat for May delivery broke 2 1-8@2 1-2c. A partial recovery was made on buying by shorts, but the market closed weak, with May off 1 3-4c. July wheat is down 5-8@3-4c. Corn is off 3-8c. Oats show a loss of 1-4@3-8c. Provisions are down 2 1-2@5c.

The wheat market was weak from the start. With the opening of the trading, a large line of long wheat was placed on sale. The idea was general that the offerings were made for the account of a leader of the bull crowd. In consequence, initial quotations showed wide fluctuations, May being off 3-8@1 3-8 at $1.20@1.21. July was down 1-4@3-8c to 1-2@5-8c at $1.01 3-4@1.02. While shorts and commission houses were liberal purchasers, offerings were of such magnitude as to cause further recession in prices. Before the end of the first hour, May had sold off to $1.18 3-4@1.18 7-8 and July to 1.01 3-8. Estimates of the quantity of long wheat disposed of while the selling pressure lasted put the amount in the neighborhood of 5,000,000 bushels. While the general market was influenced mainly by the action of the May delivery, the extreme weakness was due in part to bearish news. Receipts in the northwest today were larger than for the corresponding day last week or a year ago. Total primary receipts were only a trifle less than last year. A St. Louis trade journal made claims that a greater area of fall sown wheat is protected by snow than for many years. The market was extremely nervous the entire session. May rallied materially on covering by shorts, but distant deliveries were inclined to drag. At the close the market was weak, with May at $1.19 5-8. July closed at $1.01 5-8. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 20,100 bushels.

Exports for the week, as shown by Bradstreets, were equal to 537,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 387,100 bushels, compared with 409,400 a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 272 cars, against 216 last week and 254 a year ago.

Influenced by the slump in wheat the corn market was subjected to heavy selling pressure, several prominent longs being active on the right side of the market. Fear of greatly increased receipts resulting from milder weather throughout the west was again a potent factor. The principal demand came from shorts. The market was weak throughout the entire session. May opened ⅛c to ⅜@½c lower at 46¼@46⅜c to 46⅝c, sold off to 46¼c and closed at 46⅜c. Local receipts were 65 cars, none of contract grade.

Oats were steady at a slight decline from the previous close. Liquidation of long lines, owing to the weakness of other grains, was the cause of an early decline. A fair demand from commission houses steadied the market. May opened a shade to ⅛@¼c lower at 31⅛@31¼c, sold off to 30⅞c and closed at 31c. Receipts 46 cars.

Provisions were a trifle easier as a result of increased receipts of live hogs. Weakness of corn had some effect. Trading was largely in ribs, which brought demand coming from shorts. At the close May pork and ribs were each off 2½@5c at $6.80@6.82½. Lard was down 2½c at $6.90@6.92½.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat 6 cars; corn 65 cars; oats 24 cars; hogs 35,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
May	1.20	1.21	1.18¾	1.19⅝
July	1.01⅜	1.02	1.01⅜	1.01⅝
Sept.	93⅓	93⅝	93	93¼
CORN—				
Feby.	.....	.....	.....	43⅝
May	46¼	46⅝	46¼	46⅜
July	47	47¼	47	47⅛
Sept.	47½	47½	47¼	47⅜
OATS—				
Feby.	.....	.....	.....	30⅝
May	31⅛	31¼	30⅞	31
July	31	31	30¾	30⅞
Sept.	29⅛	29¼	29	29⅛
MESS PORK—				
Feby.	.....	.....	.....	12.60
May	12.80	12.82½	12.80	12.82½
July	.....	.....	.....	12.92½
LARD—				
Feby.	6.72½	.....	.....	.....
May	6.92½	6.92½	6.90	6.92½
July	.....	.....	.....	7.05
SHORT RIBS—				
Feby.	6.62½	.....	.....	6.62½
May	6.80	6.82½	6.80	6.82½
July	6.95	6.97½	6.95	6.95

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	11,900	30,500
Wheat, bushels	21,000	21,400
Corn, bushels	108,100	183,600
Oats, bushels	94,100	103,300
Rye, bushels	2,000	4,000
Barley, bushels	16,500	28,400

Ware & Leland.

WHEAT—The offerings at the start were very heavy, especially in May, a great deal of which was sold by brokers, thought to represent Wall street holdings, although there was an impression that Armour was a liberal seller, while Cudahy brokers also sold. There were many resting orders to buy, while shorts covered, the market being more nervous, however, than has been witnessed for some time, with fluctuations very erratic and the trade considerably worked up. The Modern Miller report was construed as bearish, however, treating but little effect on July and September, which we would favor purchases of on depressions, and, as regards May, it would appear as if strong support would be extended when encountering bear attacks and will do to buy on weak spots, although in the event of extremely sharp advances we would still favor the acceptances of profits.

CORN—Arrivals very small, with condition satisfactory. Receipts here very light and country acceptances not large. Liberal receipts are not expected here for ten to fifteen days, and there is a fairly good cash demand, with low grades a shade lower. Prices were worked off in sympathy with wheat, considerable appearing, with selling by the bear crowd, but offerings were well taken, and we favor purchases on soft spots.

OATS receipts very light, with feed dealers best buyers. There was some selling on the last reduction in freight rates, but we do not look for a large movement for some time to come, and in the belief that declines can extend very much further we would favor purchases of May and July.

PROVISIONS—Hogs were in larger supply and decidedly lower with shipments larger than last year, but meats under Trade is very light with selling by local operators and a little buying in the way of covering by shorts. We can hardly look for more than a scalping market.

STOCKS—Though generally unexpected, the stock market, after opening weak, quickly recovered on good supporting orders from insiders. London quotations came over below our last night's closing, followed by heavy selling orders from there. Traders were surprised at the strength displayed in our list, and considerable short covering was noted. The advance in Northern Securities on the curb and the strength of Union Pacific were the main factors during the forenoon, Reading recovering sharply on what appeared to be covering by shorts. The banks reported a loss from all sources for the week of $4,600. Call money ranged between 2@2½ per cent. London sold about 50,000 shares in our market, later advices from there reporting conditions somewhat unsettled on assassination of Grand Duke Sergius at Moscow. In the early afternoon, the market became dull and narrow, but stength was apparent throughout the list. Inside interests continue bullish on the outlook. Union Pacific and United States Steel issues being favored. We recommend the purchase of the standard issues on any recession.

L. J. Anderson & Co.

COTTON—Liverpool cables showed an advance on the opening this morning of 7 to 10 points. In response the New York market opened up 2 to 7 points, and very strong, the advance being general throughout the list. The feature, however, was March delivery. This is in keeping with the indications previously mentioned regarding this month. It is unquestionable that short interests are very much worried over delivery for this month. Large quantities of cotton have been sold on the board for delivery in March at lower figures, and receipts continue to run light, showing the tenacity of the southern holder. Shorts are unable to get the cotton for delivery at present prices, and with the time for settlement approaching general uneasiness is being felt, causing large covering for this option. The situation shows no material change. Foreign advices continue to show strength. Each day that passes under present conditions strengthens the bull position, and the situation is simply a question as to how long the present holding movement will last. If it is continued, as the general indications point to, it is only a question of a few weeks before the active months will be selling at 8 cents or better. For investment purposes the market now, undoubtedly, presents good opportunities for substantial gains.

GRAIN—The wheat market showed a weaker tendency today, after the great strength of yesterday. While it is freely predicted that this cereal will advance to $1.25, we would not advise the purchase except on sharp declines. While the conditions in favor of strength are many, there is undoubtedly a large short interest and prices have certainly been manipulated. At present prices it is safest to go cautiously in wheat. Corn and oats remained steady in spite of the weakness of wheat. Receipts were light and the demand fair. The market in both of these commodities presents a strong front, and it is probable that gradual advances will be made.

STOCKS—After a weak opening in the stock market this morning better support developed, and after the first hour prices advanced throughout the list. Trading, however, was rather listless, with no special features. There is no special change in conditions at this time, foreign buying being fair and money money on call at 2¼ per cent. It is well, however, to go slow on the long side at present prices, purchasing only on good declines, as some weakness is being exhibited.

Rogers-Fowler Co.

COTTON—Opening prices in the local cotton future market were at an advance of 4@6 points, and after a decline of 2@3 points throughout the list, the market turned strong and advanced 5@6 points above the opening level. The March option was in good demand, and not a few shorts covered at the advance today. On the higher levels there was moderate liquidating sales, and prices lost a half dozen points on this account. The tone of the market, however, remained firm, and there was some buying by conservative traders. Port receipts for the day were 15,086, as against 16,564 last year. The advices from Liverpool showed an advance of 6@7 points at the opening, and the closing there was 8@9 points higher than last night's close. The spot market in Liverpool was especially encouraging to the longs today, reporting sales of 10,000 bales, with American middling excited, and all offerings taken. We think cotton is a good purchase on these little breaks, and predict a material advance before March goes out.

Takings of American Cotton by the Spinners of the World.

New Orleans, February 17.—Secretary Hester gives the taking of American cotton spinners throughout the world as follows, in round numbers:

This week 279,000 this year, against 270,000 last year and 294,000 year before last.

Total since September 1 this year 6,496,000, against 6,217,000 last year and 6,382,000 the year before.

Of this northern spinners and Canada took 1,448,000 bales this year, against 1,632,000 last year and 1,538,000 the year before; southern spinners 1,245,000, against 1,161,000 last year and 1,138,000 the year before; and foreign spinners 3,803,000, against 3,424,000 last year and 3,706,000 the year before.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, February 17.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at an advance of 5@10 points, following a good set of European cables and rather smaller Brazilian receipts. There was no snap to the demand, however, and when later cables from the French market reported the loss of most of the early gain prices here worked lower under a renewal of liquidation and the hasty realizing of buyers at the recent low point; closed steady at unchanged prices on all positions except September, which was 5 points higher; sales 91,000 bags; March 6.90@7.00; May 7.15@7.25; July 7.40@7.45; September 7.60@7.70; October 7.75@7.80; November 7.70; December 7.80@7.90; January 7.95. Coffee, spot steady.

Sugar, raw firm; refined steady.

New Orleans, February 16.—Sugar quiet; open kettle 3¾@4¼; open kettle centrifugal 4¼@4¾; centrifugal white 5⅝; yellows 4¾@5⅜; seconds 3¼@4½. Molasses quiet; open kettle 13@26; centrifugal 6@15. Sirup steady at 20@25.

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WANTED—Suits and overcoats to be cleaned and pressed by new process, 50c. Repair work a specialty. Crawford Pressing Club, 14 N. Forsyth. Bell 'phone 4138.

WE CAN PLACE a number of good stenographers and combination bookkeepers and stenographers. Do not apply unless your record will stand investigation. No registration fee charged. Employes' Register Company, 426 Empire Bldg.

YOUNG MAN as permanent Atlanta representative for Correspondence school; solicitor, collector and office manager. Experience as solicitor or salesman necessary. Part time only required. Lucrative proposition to right man. Address immediately Box 1553, Denver, Colo.

WANTED AT ONCE—Private secretaries, bookkeepers; buyers; managers; local and traveling salesmen; stenographers; saleslandies; matrons; mechanical and technical men; and applicants for all kinds of positions to list with us. WE CAN PLACE YOU PROMPTLY. NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT ASS'N., 1022-23 Century bldg. The Pioneer Agency.

WANTED—All round good appearing, talkative hustler (man or woman) for some special high class, big paying work. Call 708 Prudential bldg.

WANTED—Men and boys to learn plumbing trade. Coyne Bros. Co.'s School of Practical Plumbing. Send for catalogue. Address 4973-75 Easton ave., St. Louis, Mo.

MOLDERS—Nonunion molders on machinery and general jobbing work. Good pay; steady work guaranteed. Apply, giving full particulars of former employment, Lock Box 235, Detroit, Mich.

NON-UNION job and cylinder pressmen and feeders wanted to fill positions in Atlanta. Address N. U., care Constitution.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A position as bookkeeper and office man by man with 20 years' experience. Address L. M. S., 251 Crew st.

A FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper and cashier desires a position. Best of references. Address Box 74, Pinehurst, N. C.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—Young lady for general office work, experience not necessary. Call 821 Empire Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WIDOW with two small daughters desires position as housekeeper. Address K., care Constitution.

WOMAN STENOGRAPHER, having experience, best references, would like either permanent or temporary position. 81, care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED law and court stenographer wants position; law office preferred. Some experience in court work. C. L. N., care Constitution.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

SALESMAN WANTED—By large Cincinnati wholesale liquor house of reputation, a first-class experienced salesman, with good, established trade of his own. Highest salary and expenses to the right party (others need not apply). State territory. Address, with reference, P. O. box 612, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—City salesmen for first class business. Liberal commissions, steady employment. Address City Salesman, care Constitution.

TRAVELING salesmen, on commission, to carry three samples of a man's shoe to retail at $1.50; state territory and experience, reference, etc.; ready sellers everywhere. The $1.50 Shoe Factory, Baltimore, Md.

"KENT LIGTHS."

REDUCE your gas bill Get the finest light for reading. The new "Kent Light" is the cheapest and best. 91 Peachtree. 'Phone 4848.

HOTEL TRINITY.

BEST ROOMS in the city for the money. Cafe attached. Everything new. 108½ South Forsyth street. Bell phone 1039; Standard 701.

COAL.

COAL—Best Jellico coal $5.50 per ton. Henry Meinert. Both 'phones 1787. 516 Marietta st.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS on salary or commission. The greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X-46, La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—Twenty reliable hustlers to solicit business in Georgia, Fla., and Ala. Those having some knowledge of music preferred. Call on or address International Conservatory of Music, No. 122 Peachtree st., Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WHEN you need anything for the house, get it at the City Furniture Company, 64 Peachtree street.

'PHONE 10 for a white messenger; prompt bicycle repairing a specialty. 63 S. Pryor street.

WANTED—Partner with $400 or $500; office work strictly. Business established and will bear close inspection. Good proposition to right party. "Conservative," care Constitution.

McKINLEY COMPANY, all kinds of signs and house painting. 27 1-2 East Alabama street, 'phone 2008. Out of town orders receive prompt attention.

CHAS. HOLT, Tailor and Draper, 53 N. Pryor st., Equitable bldg. Repairing, altering and pressing. Bell 'phone 616.

$800 will buy one of the nicest Cigar Stands, centrally located, clearing $150 per month. Best proposition in the city for the money. Call and let me show you this. Business Opportunity Co., 821 Empire Bldg.

WANTED—A good physician to locate at Trilby, Ga., seven miles south of Milledgeville, Ga. Reference. Dr. T. M. Hall, Milledgeville, Ga.

THE greatest chance for big paying investment, for small and large investors, in the entire world today. For full particulars, send name and address to Will H. Gros-Cup, Rooms 301-2-3 Colorado building, Washington, D. C. 2-15-6t

HOTEL—One thousand cash will buy furnishings and long lease of finest small hotel business in Georgia; 22 rooms; all year heavy transient trade; parties without money don't answer. Address "Cash Hotel," care Constitution.

PERSONAL.

RENOVATING—Mattresses of all descriptions made good as new. Call Hollingsworth Mattress Co., 269-71 Decatur st. Bell 'phone 2562; Standard 1175

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR PRICE FIREPROOF STARCH.

DON'T put it off! Order your coal from J. W. Wills & Co., 'phones 356. Best coal; cheapest prices; good service.

THE CITY FURNITURE COMPANY, 64 Peachtree street, is the place to buy your furniture.

THE ATLANTA BARRETT RANGE took the blue ribbon at the Georgia State Fair in Macon.

WANTED—You to call or send for catalogue of DRAUGHON'S BUS. COLLEGE, 122 Peachtree street, Piedmont hotel block, and be convinced that it is THE BEST. NIGHT and DAY sessions. POSITIONS SECURED or money REFUNDED.

WE DO STRICTLY high grade commercial printing, and if you wish that kind of work we know we can please you. Our experience and facilities are such as enable us to do a high class of work at a low price. W. R. Bean & Co., 12½ North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

SIGNET RINGS and fobs, first-class goods at moderate prices. 'Phone me about your clock. Standard 822. Boley, the Peachtree Jeweler, No. 99.

FINEST ARTISTIC PHOTOS at reasonable rates. Call and see our innovation—photographs on handkerchiefs. Simenhoff's Photo Studio, 28½ Whitehall street.

NAMES AND ADDRESSES—We can furnish classified lists of farmers, doctors, lawyers, merchants, county officials, ministers, newly-married couples, babies, new business houses, names of people building houses, electric light plants, water works, bridges or barns. Press clippings of every conceivable nature from all the weekly and daily newspapers. Send for prices. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.

LARGEST wholesale and retail bicycle supply house in the south. Alexander-Elyea Company, Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIALS.

SPECIAL advantages at the Atlanta Dental College during the holidays. Artificial teeth at the cost of the material, as good as can be made. Edgewood avenue and Ivy st.

"WE SELL LOTS" of furnaces; our prices are reasonable, our work the best, our furnaces the most economical. We repair furnaces. Moncrief Furnace Co., 103 S. Forsyth st. Bell 'phone 285.

TRY the City Furniture Company, 64 Peachtree street, for your furniture.

THE LACE HOUSE.

For bargains in Laces,
Embroideries, Handkerchiefs,
And Ladies' Neckwear,
Just around the corner from Keely's.
16 EAST HUNTER STREET.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING

BELLINGRATH PLUMBING CO., 28 South Pryor. Bell 'phone 1192, Atlanta 784. All new work guaranteed one year.

WALL PAPERS.

FROM the cheapest to the finest made. We have it hung by expert decorators (not cigarette smokers). We do painting, graining, floor staining and wall tinting. Burnett & Willis, 54 N. Broad.

PALMISTRY.

SWANHILD, world - famed scientific Palmist; exponent of the occult forces of nature; mystified are they who call on this gifted woman; no matter what trouble you have, come; she will guide you; everything private and confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. 26 E. Ellis street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

RAILROAD watch repairing and adjusting. Fine line of high grade adjusted watches. J. W. Boone, 260 Marietta st.

TAILORS—HABERDASHERS.

LET us make your suit or trousers; latest styles; cheap prices; cleaning, pressing. Southern Tailoring Co., 14 N. Forsyth.

POULTRY, EGGS, ETC.

FIFTY S. C. Leghorn hens and twenty Warhorse hens, all thoroughbred, for sale at one dollar each; also four female Berkshire pigs, farrowed October 28 last, can be registered; price f. o. b. Clarkesville, Ga., four dollars each, or I will register and sell for five dollars each. Write to C. C. Spence, Demorest, Ga.

FOR SALE—DOGS.

FOR SALE—Toy poodles. Can be seen Saturday in window of Elkin-Watson Drug Company.

Do the Want Columns of The Constitution bring results?

The people who advertise in them, and that's nearly everybody, say they do.

Send your copy in early today for tomorrow's paper.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Everything in wire fencing; fences erected; satisfaction guaranteed. Tilly Fence Co., 58 S. Forsyth street.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR PRICE FIREPROOF STARCH.

FOR SALE—Gas stoves, in perfect condition; guaranteed to do good work. Come and see. M. H. Abbott, 150 Marietta st.

DELAVAL Cream Separators given away on condition. If interested, write I. A. Madden, 137 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

WONDERFUL new red Raspberry "Phenomenal, large as a peach. Delicious flavor, 50c. each, $3.50 dozen. Mark W. Johnson Seed Co.

FOR SALE—We are here and here to stay, with our low prices and good printing. Terry Printing Co., 2 1-2 E. Alabama st.

FOR SALE—Twelve sirup Tuffts' marble soda fount, complete; in good condition. City Drug Co., LaGrange, Ga.

FOR SALE—Set of bank fixtures, lot of wire caging, enough for six cages, half dozen standing desks and tables, lot of bank teller's desks and various other articles; cheap for cash. Union Savings bank, Gould bldg.

FOR SALE—A merry-go-round, in fine condition; has large tent; now located at Thomson; will sell for one-third of actual value; terms cash. Apply to Gibson Drug Co., Thomson, Ga.

VENETIAN BLINDS, FLY SCREENS. Order fly screens and Venetian blinds now. Pay later. We also sell hardwood flooring, school desks, opera chairs, church furniture. Venetian Blind, Screen and School Supply House, 821 Empire bldg., Atlanta, Ga. 'Phone 1196.

'PHONE 1920—56 N. Broad street—if you want furniture, musical instruments or household goods packed and shipped, or refinishing or repaired. P. H. Snook.

LATEST Smiths, Remingtons, Williams, Underwoods, etc., at sacrifice prices. We save you $10 to $40 on them. Hardin Co., 3 Edgewood ave.

FOR SALE—Elberta fruit trees, 50,000 2-year-old Elberta fruit trees in lots of 10,000 at $6 per thousand. Address J. N. Scott, Canton, Ga.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BETTER WORK of all descriptions done in the operatory of the Atlanta Dental College than can be had at cheap offices, and for the bare cost of the material. Corner Edgewood ave. and Ivy st.

"COLD WEATHER COAL!" Best quality. Cheapest prices. Prompt delivery. J. W. Wills & Co., 'phones 356.

A SPLENDID line of rockers at the City Furniture Company, 64 Peachtree st.

GO TO CLARK'S, 84 Broad, 'Phone 3207 Bell, Standard 366. Fish, oysters, game, poultry, turkeys and chickens and the season's delicacies.

OUR engraving plant is complete. We are specially fitted for making halftones of the finest quality. The product of our factory is as fine as can be turned out in the east or west. For prices and particulars, address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga., second floor Constitution building.

E. P. BURNS.
Insurance Expert and Counsellor, 710-712 Gould Bldg. Bell 'Phone 2783.
In all matters of insurance, new policies, renewal of policies, claims, loans, etc., I can profitably serve you. A trial will convince you.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

SAUNDERS & MORRIS, successors to Girardeau & Saunders, No. 5 S. Broad st. Get our weekly rent bulletin and sale list. Tenants moved free; see contract.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of the city. Call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 89 North Forsyth street.

GET our weekly rent bulletin giving descriptions of everything to rent. We move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, renting agent, 50 North Broad street.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—To rent or buy modern 8-room house, north side. Immediate possession. Phone 93 west, or address Tenant, 265 Gordon street.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE.

JNO. D. CLAYTON, real estate and loans, 228-229 Prudential bldg.

MEDICAL.

OPIUM, whisky, morphine; cure guaranteed in one to three weeks, at the Nova Cura Sanitorium, 591 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. Write for particulars. C. R. Giles, M.D., Manager.

EDUCATIONAL.

LADIES and gentlemen desiring to learn German thoroughly from a competent native teacher may send their names at once to F. O. B., care Constitution.

LOST.

LOST—Yesterday afternoon, bunch of keys at postoffice or between there and Empire bldg. Return to 815 Empire and receive reward.

BARBER SUPPLIES.

WE handle up-to-date barber supplies, do expert grinding, old razors made new; out-of-town mail orders given prompt attention. Healey & Finger, 174 Peachtree st.

CASH REGISTERS.

IF YOU HAVE AN IDEA that there is no other cash register but the National, call at our sales room and get wise. Southern Cash Register Company, 1216 Fourth National Bank building.

SEWING MACHINES RENTED.

WE RENT new machines with complete set of attachments for $2 per month. Bell 'Phone 1893. Singer Sewing Machine Co., 79 Whitehall st.

LADIES' COLUMN.

$2 PER MONTH rent only for the light-running, noiseless No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson. Bell 'phone 480. Office 71 Whitehall.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR PRICE FIREPROOF STARCH.

YOUR house fitted from top to bottom at the City Furniture Company, 64 Peachtree street.

GOLD FILLINGS, gold crowns, gold bridges, for the cost of the material, as good as can be made, at the Atlanta Dental College, corner Edgewood ave., and Ivy st.

OAK and pine blocks for hot stuff stoves! Quick fires, good heat, cheap fuel. J. W. Wills & Co., 'phones 356.

NEW and second-hand sewing machines, parts, supplies, all makes repaired. Roberts Bros., 160 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 4588.

THE No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson is rapid, light running and noiseless; one-third faster than any other. Office 71 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 480.

MRS. M. SUGARMAN, dealer in hair goods, 40½ Whitehall st.

CLAYTON & ZAHN, plain facial and eectric facial massage a specialty. 73½ Whitehall.

CEMETERY LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Twenty choice lots in Hollywood cemetery. Would exchange for city property or Westview cemetery lots. 'Phone 516. J. K. Shippey & Bro. Stock Yards.

DENTISTRY.

THE spring session of the Southern Dental College, Butler street, opposite Grady hospital, is now open. All work done under the direction of skilled demonstrators. Prompt and courteous attention at all times given patients.

TEETH—Best work for least money at the European Dental Rooms, 132 1-2 Whitehall street. Have your teeth examined free. Bell 'phone 4865.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

BUSSY cleans and reshapes Panamas and other old hats, 26 years in the business in Atlanta. 28 1-2 Whitehall street.

SOUTHERN DYE AND CLEANING WORKS, main office 38 North Forsyth street. Skillful, prompt and reliable.

ACME HATTERS removed to 6½ Whitehall; old hats made new. 35c up. Out-of-town orders given prompt attention.

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE.

WINTON 1904 model five passenger, canopy top, glass front, $1,500. Haynes Apperson, 1904 model, run only two months, canopy top, gas lamp; a gentleman auto. Price, $1,700. Stevens Duryea, two or four passengers, leather top; cost $1,300. Price $650. Pope Hartford tonneau, used only for demonstrating; a $1,200 car for $750. Model A Caddillac, fine order, with tonneau, $600. Mobel B. Caddillac, first-class shape; cost $950; fitted with lamps; a bargain at $700. 1903 Olds Runabout in fine shape. Price $335. Searchmont, five passenger car; good condition. Price $450. Yale, five passenger car; just rebuilt and in good shape; a bargain for some one. Price $433. Autos on hand for rent, sale and exchange at all times. Southern Automobile Co., 103 North Pryor st.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

NEATLY furnished room in private family, close in, at $2.80 per week. Good warm beds, A. G. B., care Constitution.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

TO GENTLEMEN, or couple without children, two unfurnished rooms, first floor, adjoining, separately or together. Reference required. Address Residence, 71 Forrest ave.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY to loan at 5, 6 and 7 per cent interest; according to security offered, small expense and prompt attention. Only on real estate in and near Atlanta. S. B. Turman.

THE ATLANTA DISCOUNT CO.,
A RESPONSIBLE CONCERN MAKING LOANS WITHOUT REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
817-818 CENTURY BUILDING.

MONEY loaned on real estate, 3 to 5 years, 6 per cent. Houses and lots: easy payments. John Carey, 18 East Alabama street.

$10,000 TO LOAN for client on central Atlanta business or residence property. Hamilton Douglas, Lawyer, Century building.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS to lend: any amount, 4 1-2, 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call S. W. Carson, 24 South Broad.

$20,000 TO loan at 5 and 5½ per cent on city, surburban or farm property. Harvey Hatcher, Attorney, 1102 Century building.

MONEY ADVANCED SALARIED PEOPLE; ALSO OTHERS WITH GOOD ENDORSEMENT. AMERICAN INVEST. CO., 726 EMPIRE BLDG. 'PHONE 1915.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business, forty-eight principal cities. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

THE UNION SAVINGS BANK, Gould building, lends money on real estate, buys purchase money notes, discounts good paper, and makes loans for building purposes. All investments confined to Atlanta.

CHEAP local and eastern money for quick loans. Edwin P. Ansley, 6-8-10 East Alabama street.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 827 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

$20,000 IN HAND for quick loans on real estate at 6 per cent. James T. White, 315 Century building.

WANTED—MONEY.

WANTED—Private loan of $7,000, 3 or 5 years on choice, improved city property. Address X. L. 50, care Constitution.

STORAGE.

MORRIS Storage and Transfer Co. pack, store and move h. h. goods, pianos, 5 S. Broad st. 'Phone 164 Bell.

GOLD MEDAL COFFEE.

THE OLD FAZENDA COFFEE CO. caters to the best trade of the city. Nohing but the best coffee grown is sold, and every pound guaranteed. The gold medal was awarded them at the St. Louis exposition on account of its purity.

CASH REGISTERS.

MANY A CASH SALE was born to "blush unseen" without a cash register to look after it. See the new "Hallwood." Southern Cash Register Company, 1216 Fourth National Bank building.

FOR EXCHANGE.

REAL ESTATE exchanges—See Chas. P. Glover & Co., 716 Prudential bldg.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

JNO. D. CLAYTON, real estate and loans. 228-229 Prudential Bldg.

REAL ESTATE of all kinds bought and sold. Chas. E. Thompson, 240 Equitable building.

FOR SALE—In the country that is making Stamford famous: Lands, improved or not, in any size tracts and terms to suit. HANNA & WILKINSON, Stamford, Jones Co., Texas.

A. GRAVES, real estate and loans, 26½ South Pryor st., Bell 2791, makes a specialty of selling and loaning on all classes of city property.

BRAND NEW 6-room cottage, Hill st., near Georgia avenue, hot and cold water, porcelain bath, etc., lot 50x150, $2,500; very good terms if you want them. Ford & Wilkinson, Fourth Natl. Bank bldg. 'Phone 1480.

YOU CAN buy one or more lots in Atlanta for $35 each, easy payments, guaranteed to double in value. Write or call on Eady-Hardin Investment Company, 3 Edgewood ave., Atlanta.

E. P. GREEN REAL ESTATE CO., Marietta, Georgia. Farms, suburban, trolley and city property.

A. J. WEST & CO., Peachtree lot, 100x700, $6,500.
A. J. West & Co. offer best proposition in Atlanta on Marietta street. This is good as wheat at the mill. Call for particulars. Phone 1754.

HOME NEAR PEACHTREE, within two hundred feet of Peachtree, choice location. We can suit you in a new, up-to-date, two-story 10-room residence, steam heat, electric lights, gas logs, large, fine porcelain bath; first class in every way; stable and carriage house; large oaks in front yard. $8,000. A. J. West & Co., Century building. Phone 1754.

PRINTING, STATIONERY, ETC.

WE ARE specialists in the job printing business, and do that high-class of work at the least possible cost, that few, if any other, printers do in the southern states. Call and see us or write for samples. W. R. Bean & Co., 12½ North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE BY
C. H. GIRARDEAU & CO.,
305 Fourth National Bank Building.

$5,500 will buy good ten-room house on Boulevard. Must be seen to be appreciated.

$3,500 will buy two-story eight-room house Central avenue, north of Georgia avenue. It is now rented and will show a good income on amount asked for property.

$5,000 spot cash will buy a good eight-room house on Washington street.

$3,600 will buy a well built two-story nine-room residence Pryor street near Ormond. House alone worth the money. Must sell next week.

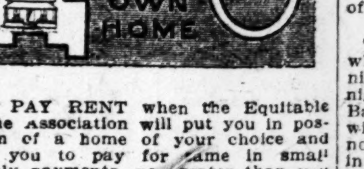
$2,750—Choice corner on Pryor street, 50x160; prettiest lot on the street. Small house on rear of lot renting for $9. Just the place to build flats or stores.

$1,350 will buy a handsome Washington street lot 50x200, between Ormond and Atlanta avenue.

$1,050 spot cash will buy an elevated Central avenue lot beyond Bass street. Must be sold by Monday.

CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids addressed to the mayor and general council will be received at the city clerk's office until 3 p. m., Monday, March 6, for the following work for the year 1905.
Furnishing and setting curbing and furnishing material and laying brick sidewalks.
Constructing lateral sewers.
Furnishing cement, vitrified pipe and castings for sewer work.
Specifications can be seen at the office of the city engineer.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
R. M. CLAYTON,
City Engineer.



WHY PAY RENT when the Equitable Home Association will put you in possession of a home of your choice and allow you to pay for same in small monthly payments, no greater than you now pay as rent. For particulars, address Equitable Home Association, 1410 Fourth National Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

MOZLEY'S
LEMON HOT DROPS
Cures immediately, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and Bronchitis. 25 cents at Druggists.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

THE COLUMBUS WATER WORKS case was argued before Judge Newman in the United States court yesterday, Attorney Olin J. Wimberly, of Macon, having returned to the city. It will require several days yet to complete the case.

J. R. BLALOCK, OF ATLANTA, telegraph operator by occupation, yesterday filed in the United States court clerk's office a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. The schedule submitted shows liabilities amounting to $536.89, with assets aggregating $123.

THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER people, those tributary to Atlanta, headquarters for the southern branch, will convene in the Piedmont assembly hall next Tuesday. In addition to the officers of the company from Dayton, Ohio, every worker in the south will be present, some fifty or sixty in number.

THE BODY OF MRS. T. H. JOHNSON, of Huntsville, Ala., passed through Atlanta yesterday afternoon en route home from Greenville, S. C., where she died Wednesday last while visiting relatives. The body was accompanied by a brother, who was with her when she died.

THE NAVAL RECRUITING STATION, which has been at work on the third floor of the federal building for a month past, finished packing its belongings yesterday and this morning Lieutenant Steel and his force of assistants will start for Detroit, where the station will be opened for enlisting men for the navy.

BERTHA POLLARD, A NEGRO girl, was arrested yesterday afternoon by the police. At the time of her arrest she was dressed in male attire and attracted some little attention when she appeared at the police station.

JULIUS WYNNE, A LITTLE NEGRO boy of 12 years, was arrested yesterday afternoon by the police charged with having hit a white boy, Jim Calloway, on the head with a rock. At the time that the rock throwing occurred there were two white boys together, Jim Calloway and Bernard Dinson, according to the statement of the negro boy. At first it was telephoned to the police station that the white boy had been seriously injured by the rock, but the officers who made the case stated he was not badly hurt.

POLICE SERGEANT CASPER BRENNING, well-known and well liked in Atlanta, is very sick at his home, 93 Baker street. His condition is reported to be extremely serious.

BLANCHE HEARD, WHO HAS been a servant in the homes of Mrs. Raoul, on Peachtree street, and Mrs. Arthur Van Dyke, on Juniper street, was arrested and bound over yesterday by Recorder Broyles on the charge of larceny from the house. The woman is charged with having taken a number of articles, such as furs and household linens from the home of both families. Her attorney waived preliminary trial. She was bound over to the higher courts in $200 bond in two cases.

A SMALL GRAY TELESCOPE CASE, containing four black books and some pamphlets, was lost or stolen from Olin J. Wimberly, of Macon, yesterday. The case was left on the sidewalk just below the baggage window at the depot about 7:30 o'clock. When the owner went back to look for it it had disappeared. Mr. Wimberly has offered a reward of $10 for the recovery of the case and its contents and $25 for the arrest and conviction of the thief, if it was stolen.

THE SOCIALISTS OF ATLANTA have issued the following notice of a socialist protest meeting: "In view of the recent action by the mayor and other city officials egarding the sentence and 'pardon' of J. L. Fitts, the socialists of Atlanta have arranged for a mass meeting to be held next Sunday at 3 p. m., at their hall in the Kiser building. The attitude of Mayor Woodward, etc., will be discussed by Mr. Fitts and others. All lovers of liberty and freedom of speech, all genuine democrats to whom petty official tyranny is abhorrent, are cordially invited to be present and learn the true cause of the 'pardon.' No admission is charged."

THE BOARD OF HEALTH AT A meeting held yesterday afternoon voted to make the first payment, $9,000, on the new crematory plant erected by the Decarie Manufacturing Company. It was expressly stated in this action that the payment was not to be regarded as an acceptance of the plant. The board visited the plant a day or two ago, however, and was so well pleased with it that the acceptance will no doubt be unopposed when the sixty-day test period of the contract expires.

DR. D. S. ARNOLD, WHO HAS FOR several weeks been ill of pneumonia, has so far recovered as to be out again and able to resume his practice.

EDWARD JOYNER, AGED 29 years, after a long illness, died at 12:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The body will be taken to Austell, Ga., at 7:40 o'clock this morning for funeral and interment.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER A. P. Richardson, son of John B. Richardson, who died at 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon, were conducted at 10 o'clock yesterday morning at Sardis church. The interment was in the church yard. The deceased was the son of John B. Richardson. He was a man of excellent character, and he leaves a host of friends.

MRS. T. N. WOOLEY, AGED 40 years, died early yesterday morning at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Julia Lovington, 97 North Humphries street. She is survived by her husband. Funeral services will be conducted at 11 o'clock this morning at the residence, 97 North Humphries street, and the interment will be in Westview.

DR. A. G. KNAPP, CLERK TO THE adjutant general of the department of the gulf, after a long illness, died at a private sanitarium yesterday afternoon. The body is held at the parlors of Barclay & Brandon awaiting word from relatives in New York.

DR. JAMES H. WEAVER, A WELL known citizen of Newton county for more than fifty years, died of rheumatism about 11:15 o'clock yesterday morning at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. T. Corley, 336 East Linden street. The body was taken to the parlors of Barclay & Brandon. It will be taken to Covington, Ga., and the funeral will be held there at 10 o'clock this morning.

THERE WERE TWO FIRES YESTERDAY, neither of which did much damage. The first was at the Capital City bakery, 134 Marietta street, at 4:25 o'clock in the afternoon. The second was at 7:10 o'clock at night in the rear of 54 East Harris street.

THE BODY OF MRS. A. K. SEAGO, who died in New Orleans Thursday night, arrived here at 11:45 o'clock last night, and was taken to the parlors of Barclay & Brandon. Funeral services will be conducted at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the First Baptist church. The interment will be in Oakland.

SERGEANT C. J. BRENNING, WHO has been ill for the past four weeks with grip at this home on East Baker street, is still confined to his bed. He is now suffering from a complication of diseases, and the indications are that he will not be able to attend his duties on the police force soon. Sergeant Brenning is one of the most popular members of the force, and general regret is expressed around the barracks on account of his continued illness, as well as by his hundreds of friends throughout the city.

W. M. BROWN, A FLAGMAN OF the Southern railway, was found dead in bed yesterday morning at his boarding house, 93 South Pryor street. Death is supposed to have been caused by heart failure. The former home of the deceased was in Hudson, Mich. He was a young man, and, though he had been in this city but a short while, had made a host of friends. No inquest was deemed necessary. The body was taken to the parlors of H. M. Patterson, undertaker, and it will be held there awaiting word from relatives at his former home. The surviving member of the family is his mother, Mrs. E. M. Brown. The deceased was a member of the Brotherhood of Trainmen.

PETER MILLER, AGED 62 YEARS, died at 12:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the St. Joseph infirmary. Lagrippe was the cause of death. The body was taken to Roanoke, Va., at 11:45 o'clock last night for funeral and interment.

GAVE SCREAM AND DIED.

William Owings, Well-Known Young Man, Was Found Dead in Bed.

An agonized scream was heard in the room of William Owings, a young man who lives at 51 Ponders avenue, late Thursday night. His mother went to the room and found her son dead in bed.

Mr. Owings was 20 years of age. He was in the best of health previous to his sudden attack. Heart failure is supposed to have been the cause of death.

Funeral services were conducted at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence. The interment was in Oakland. The deceased was a young man of brilliant intellect and sterling character, and a host of friends are filled with grief at his untimely end.

OHIO RIVER RISES A FOOT.

Hoped That Damage to Shipping Will Be Reduced.

Cincinnati, February 17.—A slight rise in the Ohio river today led to a hope that the losses may be less than heretofore anticipated when the ice goes out. One more foot of water will put nearly every vessel that had been pushed out on the bank once more afloat. Several vessels which were partly aground yesterday were afloat today and a strip of water between them and shore was gradually rotting the ice and reducing the possibility of danger. The work with dynamite has continued and now that milder weather has come to the help of the river men they are hopeful for clearing their vessels from the grip of the ice.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Sanders McDaniel, Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL,
Attorneys at Law.
Offices 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209 and 210 Kiser building. Long distance Telephone 570. Atlanta, Ga.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

Showing the arrival and departure of passenger trains of the following roads, union depot, Atlanta, Ga.:

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Nashville	7 30 am	Nashville	8 35 am
Marietta	8 35 am	Marietta	12 10 pm
Chicago	10 24 am	Chattanooga	4 30 pm
Chattanooga	11 45 am	Marietta	5 30 pm
Marietta	2 40 pm	Chicago	7 13 pm
Nashville	7 30 pm	Nashville	8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
LaGrange	8 15 am	*Montgomery	5 30 am
*Selma	11 40 am	*Montgomery	12 35 pm
Montgomery	3 20 pm	*Selma	4 20 pm
*Selma	11 35 pm	LaGrange	5 30 pm
*Montgomery	7 30 pm	*Montgomery	11 15 pm
Suburban Trains—		Suburban Trains—	
Red Oak	8 00 am	Red Oak	6 00 am
College Park	10 00 am	College Park	8 30 am
Red Oak	7 40 pm	Red Oak	12 15 pm
College Park	5 50 pm	College Park	4 45 pm
Red Oak	7 50 pm	Red Oak	6 05 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Norfolk	7 40 am	Norfolk	8 00 pm
New York	3 55 pm	New York	12 00 n'n
Clinton, S. C.	8 20 pm	Clinton, S. C.	7 40 am
Pell City	5 45 pm	Pell City	9 15 am

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Augusta	5 00 am	*Augusta	7 55 am
Conyers	6 45 am	Pell City	9 15 am
Covington	7 45 am	Lithonia	10 05 am
*Augusta	12 30 pm	*Augusta	3 30 pm
Lithonia	3 25 pm	Conyers	5 00 pm
Pell City	5 45 pm	Covington	6 10 pm
*Augusta	8 15 pm	*Augusta	11 45 pm

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE R. R.

Arrive From— (Via W. & A. R. R.)		Depart To— (Via W. & A. R. R.)	
Knoxville	7 30 am	Knoxville	8 25 am
Knoxville	7 30 pm	Murphy	8 25 am
Murphy	7 30 pm	Knoxville	8 30 pm

Southern Railway

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 13 DAILY, "CHICAGO AND CINCINNATI LIMITED." A solid vestibuled train, Atlanta to Cincinnati without change. Sleeping car service to Chicago, composed of vestibuled day coaches and Pullman drawing room sleeping cars; arrives Rome 7:30 a. m.; Chattanooga 9:45 a. m.; Cincinnati 7:30 p. m.; Louisville 8:15 p. m.; Chicago, 7:23 a. m. Cafe car service. All meals between Atlanta and Cincinnati.

5.40 A. M.—NO. 30 DAILY to Griffin and Columbus; arrives Griffin 7:11 a. m.; Columbus 9:50 a. m.

5:55 A. M.—NO. 16 DAILY.—Local to Macon, Brunswick and Jacksonville. Makes all stops, arriving Macon 8:55 a. m.; Brunswick 4 p. m.; Jacksonville 7:40 p. m.

6:10 A. M.—NO. 35 DAILY.—Pullman to Birmingham, Memphis and Kansas City, arrives Kansas City 9:45 a. m.

7:50 A. M.—NO 12 DAILY.—Local to Charlotte Danville and Richmond.

7.55 A. M.—NO. 7 DAILY.—Chattanooga.

11:40 A. M.—NO. 6 DAILY, EXCEPT MONDAY, "CHICAGO AND FLORIDA SPECIAL." A solid vestibuled train Atlanta to St. Augustine, Fla., composed of sleeping cars, club car, dining car and observation car, arriving Macon 1:55 p. m.; Jacksonville 9:25 p. m.; St. Augustine 10:35 p. m. Dining car serves all meals.

12 NOON.—NO. 38 DAILY.—Washington and Southwestern limited. Sleeping, library, observation and club cars through without change. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrive Washington 6:42 a. m.; New York 12:43 p. m.

12:15 P. M.—NO. 8 DAILY.—Local to Macon, arrives McDonough 12:56 p. m.; Jackson 1:20 p. m.; Macon 2:30 p. m.

12:15 P. M.—NO. 40 DAILY.—New York Express. Day coaches between Atlanta and Washington. Sleepers between Atlanta, Charlotte, Richmond and Washington. Arrives Richmond 7 a. m.; Washington 10:15 a. m.; New York 3:15 p. m.

4:10 P. M.—NO 10 DAILY.—Macon and Hawkinsville.

4:15 P. M.—NO. 37 DAILY.—Pullman sleeping car and day coaches to Birmingham and Memphis; arrives Memphis 7:15 a. m.

4:30 P. M.—NO. 28 DAILY.—Local to Fayetteville and Fort Valley.

4:40 P. M.—NO. 22 DAILY.—Griffin and Columbus. Pullman palace sleeping car and day coaches.

4:30 P. M.—NO 18 DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.—"Air Line Belle." To Toccoa.

4:50 P. M.—NO. 15 DAILY.—Through drawing room and sleeping cars to Cincinnati. Arrive Rome 7:20 p. m.; Dalton 8:36 p. m.; Chattanooga 10:15 p. m.; Memphis 8:20 a. m.; Louisville 8:50 a. m. St. Louis 5 p. m.; Cincinnati 8:10 a. m. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville.

5:15 P. M.—NO. 25 DAILY.—Makes all stops. Local to Anniston; arrives Anniston 10:30 p. m.

6:05 P. M.—NO. 5 DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, "CHICAGO AND FLORIDA SPECIAL," with through sleepers Atlanta to Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Columbus and Indianapolis, arriving at Cincinnati 7:55 a. m.; Louisville 10:35 a. m.; Chicago 4:30 p. m.; Cleveland 4:30 p. m.; Detroit 4:20 p. m.; Columbus 11:35 a. m. and Indianapolis 11:30 a. m. Dining cars serve all meals.

11:35 P. M.—NO. 97, NIGHT TRAIN TO BIRMINGHAM. Pullman sleeper and day coaches. Sleeper open 10 p. m. Arrives Birmingham 5:20 a. m.

11:50 P. M.—NO. 14 DAILY.—Florida limited. Through sleepers to Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Brunswick. Arrives Jacksonville 9:35 a. m. and Brunswick 8:20 a. m. Cafe car Jesup to Jacksonville serves breakfast.

12 NIGHT.—NO. 36 DAILY.—United States Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping to New York, Richmond. Coaches to Washington. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 9:30 p. m.; New York 6:23 a. m.

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28 PEACHTREE ST.

TRADE DECREASED TO SOME EXTENT

A Number of the Less Prominent Stocks Moved More Widely.

Mass of Securities Which Usually Make Up the Market Were Sluggish—Late Reaction in Union Pacific Closed the Market Heavy.

New York, February 17.—The dimensions of the market diminished today to some extent, both in the volume of transactions and in the size of the fluctuations. A number of the less prominent stocks moved widely, but the mass of the securities which usually make up the market were sluggish. Union Pacific reasserted its leadership in the market, and the strength which it developed seemed to hold prices elsewhere after a rather distinct selling tendency had become manifest. The early movement upward was fairly general, although it lacked the lately prevalent demand for London account, operations for that center shifting to the selling side today. The movement was generally attributed to a covering up of short contracts put out late yesterday, largely under the apprehension that the dispute in Equitable Life Assurance Society would prove incapable of being healed. The policy of reconciliation which prevailed at the afternoon's meeting of the directors was hailed with decided relief in Wall street, where a considerable but vague dread was felt of the ulterior consequences of the quarrel. This influence in stocks was short-lived, but it was followed by the lively upward movement in a number of industrial stocks, which are rarely conspicuous in the market. News to account for these movements was not forthcoming, but they were quite generally attributed to conditions in the particular trade with which the properties were connected and to a growth in earnings, giving rise to suppositions of dividend benefits to be either begun or increased. Movements in this class of stocks are not of strong sympathetic effect of the general list, and they spent their force rather quickly to be succeeded by reactions. The two points rise in Union Pacific to a new high level was of more effect and arrested the downward tendency in prices. The large size of the individual blocks of this stock, which were dealt in, were testimony to the large resources enjoyed by the operators in it. The movement had its customary accompaniment in Northern Securities on the curb. The latter stock, on a volume of trading unusual in the curb market, rose buoyantly several points above its previous record price to the neighborhood of 160. Great Northern preferred on the stock exchange jumped 10 points on very late dealings.

Further deep cuts in the rates on grain for export had a disturbing effect on sentiment and witnessed to the growing seriousness of the war for that traffic. Talk of a strike of the New Haven firemen was also of some effect. The forecast of the week's currency movement gave promise of a weak bank statement, and the rate for call money ruled slightly higher in consequence. The regular movement with the interior is still slightly in favor of New York, and the indicated loss of over $5,000,000 cash is altogether up to the gold outgo. But the gain on balance from the interior has fallen to almost normal proportions, indicating the approach of the turn of the tide. With the late reaction in Union Pacific prices elsewhere fell back again and the closing was heavy.

Bonds were firm. Total sales, par value, $4,415,000.

United States 2s advanced 1-4 per cent on call.

Money on call easy at 2@2 1-2, closing bid 2 1-4; offered at 2 1-2; time loans, 60 and 90 days 3 per cent; six months 3 1-4 per cent; prime mercantile paper 3 3-4@4 1-4 per cent.

Sterling exchange quiet with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.55@4.87.60 for demand and at $4.85.30@4.85.35 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.86@4.86 1-2 and $4.88 1-2; commercial bills $4.85 1-4@4.85 3-4.

Bar silver 61 1-8c.

Mexican dollars 47 1-2c.

Government bonds firm.

Railroad bonds firm.

The Week's Bank Clearings.

New York, February 17.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at the cities named for the week ended February 16, with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year. Totals include clearings of fifty-two other cities. Canadian totals include clearings of seven other cities in Canada.

		P. C. Inc.	P. C. Dec.
New York	$1,475,965,372	50.2	.....
Chicago	167,995,067	10.0	.....
Boston	130,216,009	12.3	.....
Philadelphia	110,227,179	27.4	.....
St. Louis	54,260,519	1.6	.....
Pittsburg	44,805,499	47.1	.....
Baltimore	20,855,147	20..8	.....
San Francisco	31,645,855	8.9	.....
Cincinnati	19,229,950	.....	.....
Kansas City	18,067,862	.....	.....
New Orleans	17,373,456	.....	.....
Louisville	13,150,113	8.5	.....
Savannah	3,099,991	3.1	.....
Denver	5,311,840	.....	35.2
Richmond	4,409,402	.....	3.3
Memphis	3,983,865	.....	32.0
Washington	4,104,070	11.7	.....
Fort Worth	4,950,016	6.3	.....
Atlanta	3,152,627	.....	7
Norfolk	1,570,080	5.2	.....
Augusta	1,037,696	.....	15.8
Nashville	2,630,593	1.0	.....
Birmingham	1,236,148	.....	1.5
Macon	426,251	.....	46.2
Little Rock	828,410	.....	22.2
Knoxville	1,199,255	24.1	.....
Lexington	760,162	24.1	.....
Chattanooga	796,798	11.3	.....
Jacksonville	1,113,932	38.1	.....
*Galveston	7,731,000	.....	6.4
*Houston	10,504,107	.....	25.1
Charleston	1,033,294	.....	16.0
Totals U. S.	$2,296,234,233	32.4	.....
Totals outside of New York	820,268,861	9.1	.....
DOMINION OF CANADA.			
Montreal	20,976,205	35.4	.....
Totals	$53,366,092	33.1	.....

*Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

Secretary Hester's Weekly Crop Statement.

New Orleans, February 17.—Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans cotton exchange statement, issued before the close of business today, shows a decrease in the movement into sight compared with the seven days ending this date last year in round figures of 55,000, a decrease under the same days year before last of 122,000 and a decrease under the same time in 1902 of 79,000.

For the seventeen days of February the totals show a decrease under last year of 166,000, a decrease under the same period year before last of 226,000, and a decrease under the same time in 1902 of 69,000.

For the one hundred and seventy days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is ahead of the one hundred and seventy days of last year, 803,000 ahead the same days year before last of 768,000, and ahead of 1902 by 878,000.

The amount brought into sight during the past week has been 113,399 bales, against 168,260 for the seven days ending this date last year, 235,848 year before last and 192,524 same time in 1902, and, for the seventeen days of February it has been 322,738, against 488,953 last year, 548,328 year before last and 391,892 same time in 1902.

The movement since September 1st shows receipts at all United States ports 6,878,729, against 6,311,314 last year, 6,302,137 year before last and 6,190,222 same time in 1902; overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers to northern mills and Canada 663,558, against 722,538 last year, 815,716 year before last and 831,392 same time in 1902; interior stocks in excess of those held at the close of the commercial year 532,152, against 324,010 last year, 295,578 year before last and 401,894 same time in 1902; southern mills takings 1,227,000, against 1,140,713 last year, 1,119,783 year before last, and 999,629 same time in 1902.

These make the total movement for the one hundred and seventy days of the season from September 1st to date 9,301,439, against 8,498,575 last year, 8,533,214 year before last, and 8,423,137 same time in 1902.

Foreign exports for the week have been 85,835, against 99,011 last year, making the total thus far for the season 5,463,560, against 4,815,791 last year, an increase of 647,769.

Northern mills takings and Canada during the past seven days show a decrease of 53,692 as compared with the corresponding period last year, and their total takings since September 1st have decreased 183,497.

The total takings of American mills, north, south and Canada, thus far for the season have been 2,693,406, against 2,792,501 last year. These include 1,448,073 by northern spinners, against 1,631,570.

Stocks at the seaboard and the 29 leading southern interior centers have decreased during the week 46,955 bales, against a decrease during the corresponding period last season of 60,624, and are now 245,157 greater than at this date in 1904.

Including stocks left over at ports and interior towns from the last crop and the number of bales brought into sight thus far from the new crop, the supply to date is 9,463,406, against 8,666,374 for the same period last year.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, February 17.—Flour, Diamond patent 6.90; Postel's Elegant 7.40; fancy patent 6.40; fancy 4.15; first patent spring 7.00. No. 2 white corn 64c; No. 2 mixed corn 63c; new corn 62c; white clipped oats 48@50c; No. 2 white oats 46@48c; No. 2 mixed oats 43@45c No. 3 mixed oats 43c; pure wheat bran $1.20 per cwt.; mixed bran $1.10; brown shorts $1.35; white shorts $1.50; wheat middling $1.60. Victor feed $1.35; choice large baled hay $1.05 per cwt.; No. 1 small baled hay 90c; No. 2 small baled hay 85c; plain corn meal 68c per bushel; bolted meal 60c; pearl grits $1.50.

New York, February 17.—Flour firm. Wheat, spot irregular; No. 2 red 1.23 1-2 afloat; May closed 1 1-4c net lower; 3-4c loss elsewhere; May $1.17; July $1.05 3-8; September 96 1-4. Corn, spot irregular; No. 2, 56 elevator; options showed 1-4 to 3-8c net decline; May 51 5-8; July 52 5-8. Oats, spot firm, mixed 37@38.

St. Louis, February 17.—Flours business moderate. Wheat lower; No. 2 red cash and elevator $7.10; track $1.16; July 96 3-4; No. 2 hard $1.14@1.15. Corn lower; No. 2 cash 45; May 44 3-4; July 45 5-8. Oats lower; No. 2 cash 32; May 31 1-4; No. 2 white 34@34 1-2.

Kansas City, February 17.—Wheat, May $1.08¾; September 85@85½; cash No. 2 hard $1.09@1.11½; No. 2 red $1.11@1.14; No. 3 $1.07½@1.08½. Corn, May 44½@44⅝; July 44¼@44⅜; cash No. 2 white 47; No. 2 mixed 47; No. 3 47. Oats, No. 2 white 33; No. 2 mixed 32@33½.

Cincinnati, February 17.—Flour unsalable. Wheat a shade easier at $1.18@1.20. Corn about steady at 47. Oats steady at 33 1-4c.

Provisions.

Atlanta, February 17.—Regular ribs sides, boxed 7.35; half ribs 7.30; bellies, 20-pound average 7.85. Plates 5.90; Dove hams 12½c; California hams 7¾c; Silver leaf 7⅞; kettle rendered lard, shield brand, 7⅝c. Fat backs 6.40. Star hams 12½; snowdrift compound 5⅝.

Chicago, February 17.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat $1.15@1.20; No. 3, $1.08@1.13; No. 2 red $1.19@1.22. No. 2 corn 44 1-2; No. 2 yellow 44 3-4. No. 2 oats 30 3-4; No. 2 white 32 3-4@33; No. 3 white 31 3-4@32 1-2. No. 2 rye 75.

St. Louis, February 17.—Pork higher; jobbing $12.05. Lard unchanged; prime steam 6.40. Bacon unchanged; boxed extra shorts 7.50; clear ribs 7.50; short clear 7.75.

Chicago, February 17.—Mess pork 12.62 1-2@12.65. Lard 6.72 1-2@6.75. Short ribs sides, loose 6.67 1-2@6.75; short clear sides, boxed 6.75@6.87 1-2

New York, February 17.—Lard quiet; refined quiet. Pork quiet.

Cincinnati, February 17.—Provisions steady.

Groceries.

Atlanta, February 17.—Coffee, per 100 pounds: Arbuckle 14.30 Lion 14.30; Blue Ribbon 14.00; green coffee, choice 11¾; fair 11¼; prime 10¾. Sugar, standard graulated 6 3-8. Salt, dairy sacks $1 @1.50; barrel bulk $2.50; ice cream $1; common 85@60c. Cheese, fancy full cream, twins, 13½c; Soda, Arm and Hammer, $2.25. Crackers, soda 6c; cream 7c; table peaches, $2.70@3. Oysters, full weight, $2; light weight, $1 20. Fancy head rice 6c; head rice 5c. White fish 50-lb. keg, $2.75; white nsh, 100-lb. keg $4; macaroni 7c. lb. Sardines, oil, case, $3.75; sardines, mustard, $3.25. Salmon, case, $3.50@6.50. Catsup, pints, dozen, 85c. Mustard, dozen, 90c.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, February 17.—Eggs 25@26c. Country smoked bacon 9@10; hams 11@12½. Butter, Georgia fresh table, 22½ @25; Tennessee table 20@22; Jersey 25@27c; cooking butter 12½@25c, very dull. Live poultry hens 35@37½c; broilers 18@20; large fries 25@27½. Ducks puddle 18@20; Pekin 35@40. Dressed poultry hens 13@13½c per pound; fries 15@17 per pound; cocks 8@10c per pound; turkeys 15@20 per pound. Rabbits dressed 8@10; do. hair on 7c. Onions $1.20@1.25 bushel. Cabbage, $1@1.25. Sweet potatoes, new crop, 75@85c bu. Peas, lady, $1.75@2; stock $1.25@1.30. Dried fruit, Georgia apples, 4c. pound; do peaches 5@6c.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Atlanta, February 17.—Lemons, fancy, $3.25@3.50; tomatoes 75c@$2; eggplants $2.00@2.25 crate; lettuce $1.50@2 crate; celery $2.50@3.00 per crate, very active. Irish potatoes, bu. 65@70; pineapples $1.50@2; squash 75c@$1; okra $1@1.25. Beans $2@2.50. Cucumbers $3@3.50. Squash $1.25@1.50. Cauliflower 8@10c per pound.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, February 17.—Bananas, bunch culls 75c@$1.00; straight $1.25@1.50. Oranges, owing to size and quality, $2 to $2.25. Grape fruit $2.50 to $3; Tangerines $1.50 to $2.50. Nuts Peanuts Virginia, 4½@6c; Georgia 4½c; cocoanuts, 100, $3.75@4. Dates, 50 lbs, $6 @6.50; packages 7½c lb. Figs 10@13. Citron, 15c. Raisins, xx, $1.35 per box; xxx $1.50 per box. Prunes, small 4½@5c; large 5½@8c. Candy, common stick, 6½c lb.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, February 17.—Turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 179; shipments 60. Rosin firm; receipts 981; sales 955; shipments 438. Quote: A B C $2.65; D $2.70; E $2.75; F $2.82½; G $2.90; H $3.25; I $3.50; K $4.05; M $4.50; N $4.75; window glass $5; waterwhite $5.15.

Wilmington, February 17.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 13. Rosin firm at $2.45 bid; receipts 318. Tar firm at $1.60; receipts 199. Crude turpentine firm at $2.30@3.70; receipts 20.

Charleston, February 17.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, February 17.—Cattle—Receipts 13,000. Market 10@15c lower; good to prime steers $5.60@6.10; poor to medium $3.80@5.45; stockers and feeders $2.40@4.30; cows $1.25@4.80; heifers $2@3; canners $1.35@2.65; bulls $2@4; calves $3.50@6.50.

Hogs—Receipts 33,000. Market 10@15c lower; good to choice heavy $4.95@5.02½; rough heavy $4.65@4.75; light $4.65@4.85; bulk $4.80@4.90.

Sheep—Receipts 9,000. Market steady; good to choice wethers $5.65@6.10; fair to choice mixed $4.50@5.50; western sheep $4.70@6.10; native lambs $5.75@8.15; western lambs $5.75@8.15.

Kansas City, February 17.—Cattle—Receipts 3,900, including 600 southerns. Market 5@10c higher; choice export and dressed beef steers $5@5.75; fair to good $3.80@4.90; western fed steers $3.75@5.25; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.25; southern steers $3@4.50; southern cows $2.25@3.25; native cows $1.75@4; bulls $2.25@3.75; calves $3@7.

Hogs—Receipts 8,500. Market 5@10c lower; top $5; bulk $4.65@4.95; heavy $4 95@5; packers $4.75@4.95; pigs and lights $3.85@4.80.

Sheep—Receipts 4,000. Market steady; lambs 10@15c lower; native lambs $7@7.90; do. wethers $.25@5.60; do. fed ewes $4.90@5.50; western fed lambs $7@7.90; do. yearlings $6@6.90; do. sheep $4.90@5.80; stockers and feeders $3.50@5.50.

St. Louis, February 17.—Cattle—Receipts 2,500, including 100 Texans. Market steady; native shipping and export streets $4.50@5; dressed beef and butcher steers $3.25@5.50; steers under 1,000 pounds $3@3.75; stockers and feeders $2.75@4.10; cows and heifers $2@4.65; canners $1.75@2.45; bulls $2.65@3.75; calves $5.50@7.50; Texas and Indian steers $3@4.75; cows and heifers $2.50@3.65.

Hogs—Receipts 8,500. Market lower; pigs and lights $3.75@4.75; packers $4.85@5; butcher and best heavy $4.95@5.05.

Sheep—Receipts 1,000. Market steady; native muttons $4.50@6; lambs $6@8; culls and bucks $4@4.25.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, February 17.—Cotton seed oil about steady with a moderate trade; prime crude, f.o.b. mills, 18½@19c; summer yellow 25⅝@26¼; off summer yellow nominal; prime white 28@28½c; prime winter yellow 29@29½c.

Memphis, February 17.—Cotton seed oil. Car load lots, per gallon; prime crude 19c; prime summer yellow 21½c; choice summer yellow nominal. Meal and cake, per ton—Prime $20@20.50.

New Orleans, February 17.—Cotton seed oil quiet; prime refined in barrels 26c; off refined in barrels 25c; prime crude, loose, 20c.

Foreign Finances.

London, February 17.—Consols for money 90 3-16; do. for the account 90¾; Atchison 90⅝; do. preferred 112; Illinois Central 161½; Louisville and Nashville 141½.

Bar silver 28 1-16d.

Money 2½@3.

Short bills 2½; three months 2⅝@2½.

Bullion amounting to £65,000 was taken into the Bank of England today and £25,000 withdrawn.

Berlin, February 17.—Exchange on London 20 marks 48 pfennigs for checks. Short bills 1½ per cent; three months 2 per cent.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes: Cash in hand increase 37,400,000 marks; treasury notes increase 1,980,000; other securities decrease 25,630,000; notes in circulation decrease 45,540,000.

Paris, February 17.—Three per cent rentes 99 francs 92½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 22 centimes for checks.

The Metal Market.

New York, February 17.—Tin in London lower; spot £131 and futures £130. Locally tin quiet at 28.87½@29.25.

Copper higher at £68 1s 3d for spot and at £68 8s 9d for futures in London. Unchanged locally.

Spelter unchanged at 6.10@6.20 in the local market and also unchanged at £24 15s in London.

Iron closed 53s in Glasgow and at 47s 10½d in Middlesboro. Locally iron is firm; No. 1 foundry, northern, $17.50@17.95; No. 2 do. $17.50; No. 1 do. southern and No. 1 do. do. soft, $17.75@18.25.

St. Louis, February 17.—Lead steady. Spelter deak at $5.75.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, February 17.—Wheat, spot nominal; futures steady; March 7s 3-4d; May 6s 11 3-4d; July 6s 11 7-8d.

Corn, spot American mixed new firm at 6s 5d; do. old quiet at 4s 11d; futures quiet; March 4s 1 5-8d; May 4s 2 3-4d.

Tom Underwood Hanged.

Alexandria, La., February 17.—Tom Underwood, colored, aged 41, paid the extreme penalty of the law for the killing of Policeman B. G. Almond, while trying to arrest Underwood for killing a colored woman, Iretta Parker. The trap was sprung at 12:25 o'clock and Underwood's neck was broken.

New City Hall Probable.

Waycross, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) A new city hall will probably be one of the improvements for Waycross during the present year. A lot for the building was purchased by the city several years ago. The city hall when it is constructed will have the fire department headquarters on the first floor, and a council chamber and offices for the city officials on the second.

Morgan Drug Store Sold.

Brunswick, Ga., February 17.—(Special.)—The bankrupt stock of the Morgan drug store was sold by Referee A. J. Crovatt today at noon. It was bought by Lamar, Riley & Taylor, of Macon, for $5,350. The drug store was opened this afternoon with J. E. Morgan as manager. The sale was immediately confirmed by Referee Isaac.

Bronchial Troubles are often permanently cured by Piso's Cure for Consumption.

To Hold District Meetings.

Waycross, Ga., February 17.—(Special.) A uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, is to be organized in this city early next month. J. A. Jones, grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Georgia, is arranging for the holding of district conventions throughout the state in March and April. The state will be divided into eleven divisions, each congressional district forming a division. These meetings were recently started by the Odd Fellows of Georgia.

Good Savings

For Parents on

Boys' Clothing



Boys' Suits in all ages of this season's newest styles, in fancy mixtures, blues and blacks—Boys' Overcoats in all the latest styles and in all ages, reduced.

$2.50 Suits, now	$1.90
3.00 Suits, now	2.25
3.50 Suits, now	2.65
4.00 Suits and Overcoats	3.00
5.00 Suits and Overcoats	3.75
6.00 Suits and Overcoats	4.50
7.00 Suits and Overcoats	5.25
8.00 Suits and Overcoats	6.00

This Lot Suits and Overcoats at Half-Price.



About two hundred Boys' Suits and Overcoats in fancy mixtures, blues and blacks, excellently made of good all wool materials, but a little off in style, at just half-price. You should not let this opportunity slip if you have boys to clothe. Overcoats in sizes 3 to 6 and 9 to 16—Suits in sizes 13, 14, 15 and 16.

Men's Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats 1-4 to 1-2 Off.

Men's Odd Trousers 1-4 Off.

M. R. Emmons Co.

39 and 41 WHITEHALL.

A Gordon Street House.

We have for sale an 8 room house on Gordon Street at $2,850 cash.

This handsome and substantially built home occupies a lot 58x210. The price we quote is inviting, and ought to result in a quick sale.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR.

OF COURSE, ONE HAS TO EAT AND WEAR CLOTHES, AND PAY RENT AND TAXES, AND ONE MUST DO BUSINESS TO MAKE MONEY FOR THESE THINGS, BUT AFTER ALL, IT'S THE DOING ONE'S BEST THAT IS THE CHIEF END OF LIFE AND ITS JOY—AND WE FIND THAT THE LAW OF COMPENSATION TAKES CARE OF THE INCIDENTALS. OUR PATRONS DON'T CALL IT THAT, BUT THEY SAY "IT PAYS" AND THEY KNOW—THEY TAKE PAINS TO.

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THE TRADE SITUATION.

New York, February 17.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

"Weather conditions still dominate the trade situation. Low temperature and deep snow have interfered with traffic and checked the revival of business that was well under way in most sections of the country. Retail distribution is not maintained. Prices of staple commodities at the exchanges are advanced by the restricted receipts at primary markets. There is a partial offset in the largely increased demand for heavy weight wearing apparel and other winter goods. Meanwhile there is evidence that confidence in the spring and summer remains unshaken. Jobbing trade in dry goods is on a liberal scale. Railway earnings thus far reported for February were 1.9 per cent smaller than a year ago, probably another result of bad weather. Foreign commerce at this port for the last week made a remarkable record for imports, exceeding in value those of the corresponding week last year by $4,376,517. Exports decreased $1,804,888.

"Dispatches from leading iron and steel centers indicate no check to progress except the temporary interruption to output and delivery caused by weather conditions. Quotations are firm, with fluctuation, although in several departments it is possible that higher prices will soon be asked.

"In the textile industries the most significant event of the week was the revival of export buying of cotton goods for China.

"Accumulation of packer native hides caused a fractional decline in price, but the market is not actually higher.

"Failures this week numbered 258 in the United States, against 287 last year and 32 in Canada, compared with 20 a year ago."

Bradstreet's Review.

New York, February 17.—Bradstreets' tomorrow will say:

"Cold, stormy weather, the most severe and widely distributed in some respects of the winter, has had a depressing effect on the trade at wholesale and retail and has disorganized railroad transportation in some sections and thereby interfered with various lines of industry. Relatively the worst effects on opening spring trade are noted in the northwest and west, but the southwest and south have suffered severely, and the east and northeast have felt the effect only in a slighter degree.

"Despite this drawback, however, some favorable features come to light upon examination. The iron and steel situation is, if anything, rather stronger. Heavy sales of southern pig iron are reported north and south, some large sales of rails are announced at the west and advances are noted in a number of lines of finished products. Railway earnings for January, though reflecting stormy weather and grain rate troubles, show a gain of 6 per cent.

"An encouraging feature in the dry goods trade at the east is the increased inquiry for cotton goods for export to China and other countries. This has resulted in an actual scarcity of coarse cotton sheetings and drills for domestic use.

"Men's wear woolens are more active at New York. There is more ease in the market for foreign raw wools.

"Business failures in the United States for the week ending February 16 number 243, against 207 last week and 231 in 1904. In Canada failures for the week number 17, against 26 last week and 23 in this week a year ago.

"Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending February 16 are 536,540 bushels, against 987,775 last week and 1,657,510 this week last year. From July 1 to date the exports are 41,581,448 bushels, against 104,755,109 last year.

"Corn exports for the week are 2,882,720 bushels, against 2,448,456 last week and 1,291,846 a year ago. From July 1 to date the exports of corn are 38,474,872 bushels, against 36,762,796 in 1904."

Negro Hanged for Murder.

Owensboro, Ky., February 17.—Royal Green, a negro, met death on the scaffold today for the murder of James Coomes, a white man, at the fair grounds in Owensboro on July 31 last. After killing Coomes, Green drove a stake through his victim's neck, pinning him to the ground. He confessed the crime before death.

The Ideal Saddle Horse.

(From Country Life in America.)

The ideal saddle horse is from 15 to 16 hands high, short-backed and well coupled. It has thin, high withers, a long, well-arched neck and a long, keen ear well set on the head. The tail should be set high on the rump, and the rump itself should be somewhat sloping. The horse should have, besides, flat, sinewy bones in its legs and a medium-sized foot.

The Good Influence of Happiness.

(Robert Louis Stevenson.)

A happy man or woman is a better thing to find than a 5 pound note. He or she is a radiating force of good will, and their entrance into a room is as though another candle has been lighted. We need not care whether they could prove the forty-seventh proposition. They do a better thing than that. They practically demonstrate the great theorem of the livableness of life.

A Suggestion.

"I understand that you are going to adopt a campaign of education."

"Yes," answered the beef trust official. "Well, it will be a good thing. I suppose your idea is to educate us in vegetarianism."

Special Notices.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

KING—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. King, Mrs. Ed White, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Ed White, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. L. D. White are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. J. R. King at the residence in Marietta at 12 o'clock today. Interment at Oakland at 3 o'clock. Mr. A. C. Briscoe, George Westmoreland, Charles D. Montgomery, W. L. Moore, J. J. Akers and A. P. Stewart are requested to act as pallbearers and to meet at Barclay & Brandon's at 2:30 o'clock.

HUGHES—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Hughes, W. W. Hughes, S. W. Hughes, Miss Rosa Hughes and H. O. Hughes, Jr., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. H. O. Hughes at New Hope church Sunday, February 19, at 11 a. m. T. H. J. Miller, S. H. Livingston, J. P. T. Roper, George F. Barrett, Walter Robinson and Arthur Raine will act as pallbearers and meet at Hilburn & Poole's at 9:30 a. m. The members of Mohawk tribe No. 5, I. O. R. M.; Eufaula council No. 7, local union No. 439 C. and J. of A., will conduct services at cemetery.

WOOLET—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Wooley, Mrs. Ellen Gann, Mrs. Julia Lovinger, Mrs. Nancy Delaney, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Charley Minch and Messrs. William H. and David Gann are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. T. N. Wooley from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Julia Lovinger, 97 Humphries street, at 11 a. m. today. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and meet at Hilburn & Poole's at 10 o'clock: Walter Williamson, Charley Brown, John Grady, Robert Calhoun, Luther Pinion and Charley Minch. Interment at Westview.

SEAGO—The family and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Seago and family, of New Orleans; Mrs. L. L. Abbott and family, Mrs. W. L. Abbott and family and of Mr. Benjamin F. Abbott and family are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. A. K. Seago at the First Baptist church at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Interment at Oakland.

HOLBROOK—The friends of Mr. John M. Holbrook, Miss Lula M. Holbrook, Mr. W. T. Holbrook and Mr. Jesse C. Holbrook are invited to attend the funeral services of Mr. John M. Holbrook Sunday, February 19, at 2:30 p. m. from Trinity M. E. church. The following named gentlemen will act as pallbearers and meet at the office of H. M. Patterson, 96 N. Forsyth street, at 1:30 p. m.: Mr. E. W. Martin, Mr. I. S. Mitchell, Mr. R. A. Hemphill, Mr. Charles W. Smith, Mr. W. O. Jones, Mr. C. W. Dukes. Interment at Oakland cemetery.

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Evenings, $1.50, $1, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinees, $1, 75c, 50c and 25c.

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